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ISLAND LISTS OF WEST INDIAN AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES

Robert Powell and Robert W. Henderson, Editors

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ISLAND LISTS OF WEST INDIAN AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES

Robert Powell¹ and Robert W. Henderson², Editors

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INTRODUCTION

Robert Powell¹ and Robert W. Henderson²

We believe that monitoring and documenting changes in the composition and distribution of the West Indian herpetofauna is necessary and important. This vast complex of islands with disparate geological origins and biogeographic relationships with one another and the mainland Americas supports exceptionally abundant, diverse, and largely endemic populations of terrestrial amphibians and reptiles, and is ideally suited for studies that provide new insights into evolutionary and ecological relationships. In addition, we are motivated by increasingly critical conservation concerns in the region, which was identified as a biodiversity hotspot by Myers et al. (2000). A large majority of the islands are changing rapidly, resulting in dramatic alterations of habitats, nearly all of them mediated by human activities.

Thomas Barbour (1914, 1930, 1935, 1937) effectively initiated the documentation of the region's herpetofaunas by providing a series of increasingly comprehensive checklists. Although replete with inconsistencies reflecting the limited and localized research of those days, now outdated taxonomy, and data often based on anecdotal accounts, very short visits, and hastily formed impressions (Henderson & Powell 2005), they collectively constitute a baseline for comparisons with more modern efforts.

Thirty-seven years ago, Albert Schwartz and Richard Thomas (1975) provided the first scholarly effort to document amphibian and reptilian diversity in the West Indies when they published what has been hailed (Pregill & Crother 1999) as "the most valuable contribution to the biogeography of West Indian amphibians and reptiles in the past 50 years." This detailed, carefully researched checklist of the herpetofauna listed each species and the island(s) on which it occurred. Two years later, MacLean et al.

(1977), based largely on the Schwartz and Thomas checklist, published a paper wherein they listed the species of frogs, turtles, lizards, snakes, and crocodilians for each of the 627 islands then known to harbor amphibians and reptiles. Subsequently, Schwartz and Henderson (1988, 1991) provided an updated checklist and an overview of West Indian herpetology, and Powell et al. (1996) published an abbreviated list, each documenting substantive changes in our understanding of the diversity and distribution of the region's herpetofauna. Most recently, Powell and Henderson (1999, 2003) published two addenda to Powell et al. (1996) and S. Blair Hedges (2012) provided a regularly updated list of species with distribution maps (<http://caribherp.org>) — but no updated island-by-island list of West Indian amphibians and reptiles has appeared since the publication of MacLean et al. 35 years ago.

Although many of the documented changes reflect a better and more modern understanding of relationships among the islands' species and the resultant adjustments in taxonomy, many questions remain. For example, at least some widely distributed species almost certainly represent species complexes, with populations in different habitats on large islands or on different islands or island groups worthy of recognition as full species. For example, currently recognized Hispaniolan and Bahamian subspecies of *Anolis distichus* might well be distinct at the species level (e.g., Ng & Glor, 2011; Glor & Laport, in press), and Lesser Antillean populations of *Thecadactylus* probably represent several species-level taxa (Köhler & Vesely, 2011).

However, most documented changes illustrate the impact of human activities (e.g., Henderson & Powell 2001, 2009). The herpetofaunas of the

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West Indies are in flux; human population growth takes its toll on the environment as land that once sustained forests is cleared for homes, agriculture, and charcoal production. Humans bring with them cats and dogs that prey on reptiles, and goats, burros, and cattle that crop vegetation to bare soil, eliminating critical ground cover and food for a variety of amphibians and reptiles. The mongoose was introduced to many islands in the 19th century, putatively to control rodent populations that were having a deleterious effect on sugar production. The impact on ground-dwelling lizards, snakes, and birds has frequently been catastrophic.

With many island economies increasingly based on tourism, development is rampant; with development come radical modifications to the

environment and, ultimately, to the resources necessary to sustain many species of frogs and reptiles. In addition to the reduction or elimination of critical resources, development for the tourist industry often entails bringing supplies (e.g., lumber, decorative plants) largely from the United States, mainland South America, or other islands, and non-native herpetofaunal species sometimes arrive with them as stowaways (e.g., Kraus 2009; Powell et al. 2011). For example, in recent years, *Anolis carolinensis* (native to the U.S.) has arrived on Anguilla, *A. sagrei* (native to Cuba and the Bahamas but very common in most of Florida) has become established on Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Maarten, and *A. cristatellus* (native to the Puerto Rico Bank) has invaded the Dominican Republic

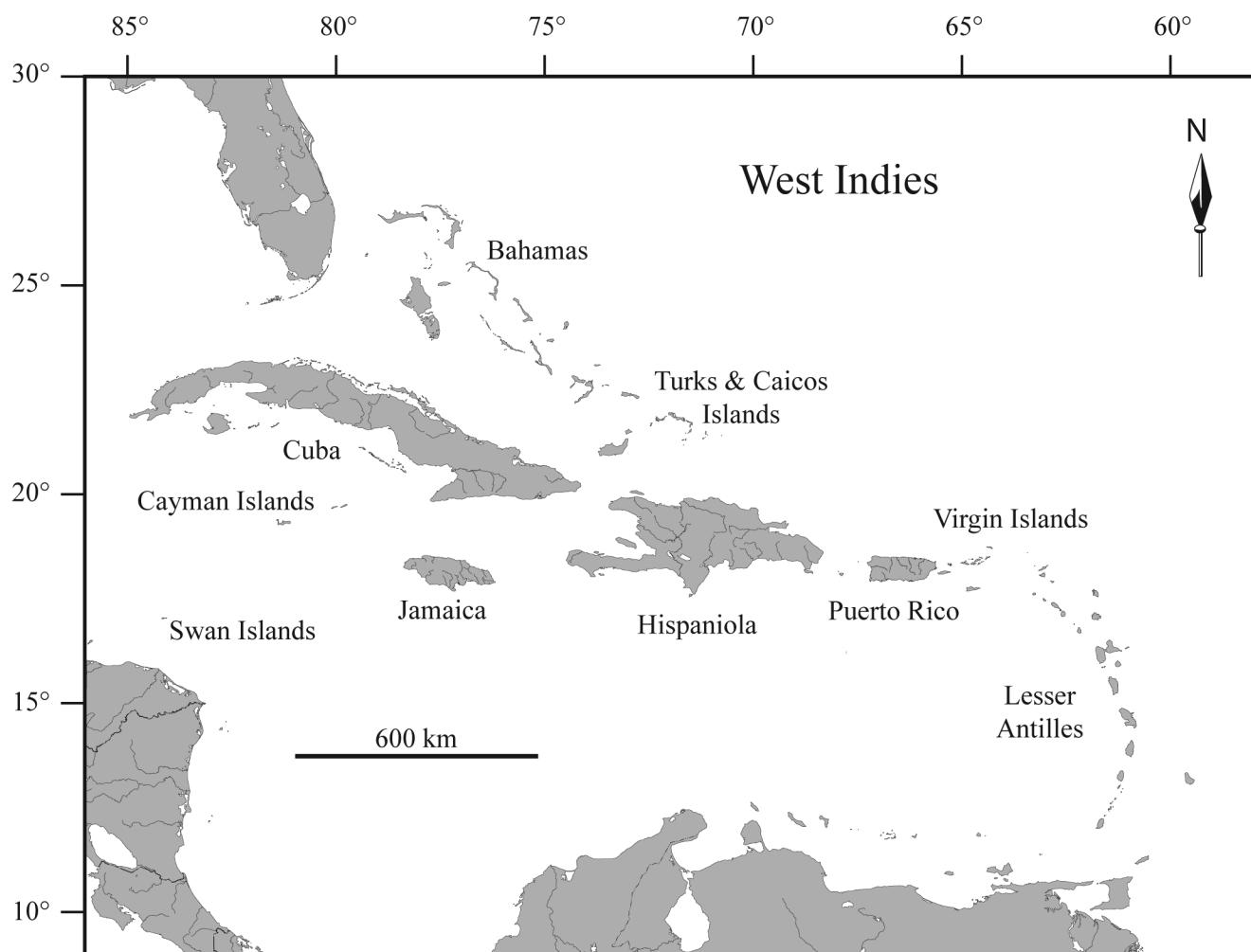


Figure 1. Major islands or island groups of the West Indies used in this study.

and Dominica, and has been reported from St. Maarten. Similarly, the large Cuban treefrog, *Osteopilus septentrionalis*, has become established in the Virgin Islands and Lesser Antilles, and the snake, *Pantherophis guttatus* (native to the eastern U.S.), has been captured in the Bahamian Archipelago, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and several islands in the Lesser Antilles.

In collaboration with experts most familiar with specific areas within the West Indies, we set out to generate new island-by-island lists. Our reasons for doing so are fivefold: Since 1977, (1) we have found the (now outdated) island list by MacLean et al. to be a useful tool; (2) a great deal of new information on the distribution of amphibians and reptiles on West Indian islands has accumulated; (3) many new species of West Indian frogs and reptiles have been described; (4) several extirpations (or possible extinctions) have occurred; and (5) a number of species (mostly from the U.S.) have been introduced to West Indian islands and might ultimately have a deleterious impact on the native herpetofauna.

THE LISTS

We have defined the West Indies to include the Swan Islands, Cayman Islands, Bahama Islands, Greater Antilles (Cuba, Jamaica, Hispaniola, and Greater Puerto Rico), and Lesser Antilles (extending from Sombrero in the north to Grenada in the south). The following lists document more than 700 species of amphibians and reptiles that occur on over 700 islands. They are organized first by major island (e.g., Cuba) or island group (e.g., Lesser Antilles), then by island bank (e.g., Grenada Bank in the Lesser Antilles). These are listed in a roughly west-to-east fashion for the Greater Antilles and north-to-south for the Lesser Antilles. This geographic approach is largely retained for major islands or island groups within an island bank (defined for our purposes as a contiguous emergent land mass during the Pleistocene glacial maxima regardless of how many individual islands are extant today). Satellites to each of the major islands or within island groups are listed alphabetically to facilitate finding them in what are frequently long lists,

although this sometimes places geographically proximate islands far apart in the lists. We provide latitude and longitude for most islands (although rounding decimal degrees to the nearest hundredth will provide only an approximate location for many small cays). We also include area for most islands, and maps that illustrate the geographic relationships of major islands. Except for Cayo Arenas (Cayos Siete Hermanos, Hispaniola, which we have surveyed), we exclude islands for which no records exist, although we cannot, in most instances, distinguish between islands that have been surveyed without finding any resident species (e.g., Cayo Arenas) and those that have not been surveyed.

Records are based on museum vouchers and localities cited in the literature supplemented by the authors' observations and a few sightings by reliable witnesses. We generally follow the taxonomy provided on CaribHerp (Hedges 2012). Two notable exceptions are the inclusion of currently recognized subspecies (in order to enhance the utility of this list in case some of these are elevated to species in the future) and the choice not to elevate Bahamian subspecies of *Cyclura* to full species. Although we are inclined to believe that elevation is appropriate, that decision must be based on detailed genetic data that are not yet available; consequently, we take a conservative approach. We denote species that have been introduced to an island with an "(I)." We do not distinguish between newly introduced taxa and presumed reintroductions, mainly because the historical presence of some populations cannot be confirmed. Furthermore, the origins of some species cannot be established. Consequently, our annotations frequently are accompanied by question marks. For example, populations of *Chelonoidis carbonaria*, *Iguana iguana*, and human commensals like *Hemidactylus mabouia* on many, especially Lesser Antillean islands, likely are comprised of descendants of animals that arrived by natural means, descendants of individuals transported to the islands by the Amerindians who first colonized these islands some 7,000 years ago, and animals recently transported to the islands, either inadvertently accompanying shipments

of goods or intentionally as pets (e.g., Iverson 1978; Censky 1988; Greene et al. 2002; Powell et al. 2011). For *I. iguana*, we believe that we can with some accuracy distinguish natural (endemic) populations from those that are introduced, and we have marked them accordingly. For *C. carbonaria* and *H. mabouia*, we consistently use “(I?)” (except for two populations of the former that are known to be introduced by human agency in the British Virgin Islands and one of the latter that was recently introduced in the Turks and Caicos Islands), although we are sure that some populations, especially in the southern Lesser Antilles, arrived naturally and many, especially in the Greater Antilles, are almost certainly introduced. Also, *Rhinella marina* was intentionally introduced onto many West Indian islands (e.g., Lever 2003; Powell et al. 2011), but populations on some of the southern Lesser Antilles might have arrived by natural over-water dispersal (Henderson & Powell 2009). We mark the latter with “(I?).” Complicating matters even further are species that have been documented from islands but are not known to have established breeding populations. We have designated these as waifs and annotated such listings with a “(W);” when we have data that suggest a population designated as a waif might be established, we mark these with a “(W?).”

Although documenting a negative is impossible, we have endeavored to identify populations that are believed to have been extirpated by marking them with a “(PX)” (= possibly or probably extirpated). Similarly, we have marked presumably extinct taxa with a “(PE)” (= possibly extinct). Taxa known from an island only from the fossil record are indicated with an “(F),” whereas extant taxa for which fossils are known are indicated with an “(F*).” We also considered attempts to document the conservation status of species (e.g., threatened or endangered), but ultimately chose not to do so, mainly because the status of many populations is uncertain and we did not want to imply that circumstances were less than critical by omitting annotations of status. For example, the status of most West Indian reptiles has not been assessed (e.g., Henderson & Powell 2009);

some species may have become extinct, some populations certainly have been extirpated, and many undoubtedly are threatened or endangered (e.g., Hedges 1999; Stuart et al. 2004; Henderson & Powell 2009; IUCN 2011) — but assessments on our part at this time would have to have been based almost entirely on circumstantial evidence, since detailed studies for most species are lacking.

Occasionally, records have been published about specimens or fossil remains (e.g., tortoises in the genus *Chelonoidis*) for which the species identity is unknown or uncertain. We have listed these accordingly (i.e., *Chelonoidis* sp.). Also, in a few instances, the assignment of a particular island population to species or (more commonly) subspecies is uncertain (e.g., *Celestus stenurus* ssp. on Île Grande Cayemite off Hispaniola) or an island population that is likely to represent a new species yet to be formally described (e.g., *Sphaerodactylus* sp. on Sombrero).

Until recently, the systematics of West Indian skinks has been problematic. Except for *Mabuya lineolatus* from Hispaniola and *M. macleani* from Carrot Rock, British Virgin Islands, relationships were poorly understood (e.g., Mayer & Lazell 2000). For most of the last century, all other island populations from the region had been assigned to *M. mabouya* (e.g., Dunn 1936; Schwartz & Henderson 1991). More recently, Henderson & Powell (2009) designated those populations as “*Mabuya* sp.” Herein we adopt the taxonomy of Hedges and Conn (2012), who recognized six genera (*Alinea*, *Capitellum*, *Copeoglossum*, *Mabuya*, *Marisora*, and *Spondylurus*) and 33 species in the West Indies, 16 of which are possibly extinct.

Certainly, like the ever-changing taxonomy, all of the data presented herein are inevitably subject to change as human populations continue to grow, habitats are increasingly altered, and new introductions of alien species occur — but also as new species are described and new populations are discovered. Much of the attraction for herpetologists working in the West Indies is the vast array of unanswered questions, the answers to many of which will undoubtedly elude us for generations to come.

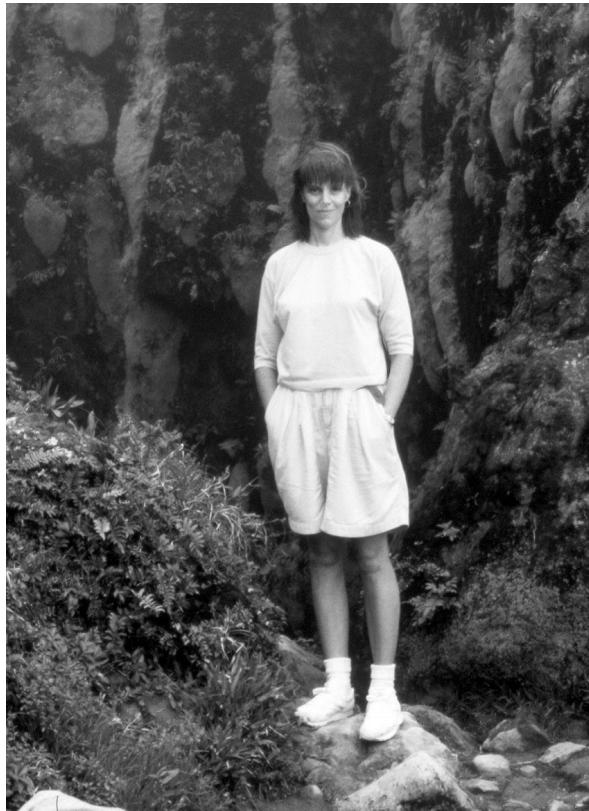
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In addition to the contributors to this effort, we thank John S. Parmerlee, Jr. for providing maps

and the reviewers for helpful comments. Lourdes Rodríguez Schettino, editor of seminal works on the Cuban herpetofauna (1999; 2003), went well beyond the call of duty for reviewers by providing island sizes and current information, much of it unpublished, on the distribution of Cuban amphibians and reptiles.

Rose Henderson (1945–2012) accompanied her husband RWH during his first trips to the Lesser Antilles. We dedicate this publication to her memory.



Rose Henderson during an ascent of La Soufrière on Guadeloupe in 1987.

SWAN ISLANDS

Robert Powell¹ and Robert W. Henderson²

The Swan Islands consist of three “major” islands (including Booby Cay [= El Cayo Pájaro Bobo], with an area of <0.01 km²) and several even smaller satellites. Herpetological records exist only for Great Swan and Little Swan islands. Nine species of reptiles have been documented, but the lack of recent surveys and the questionable nature of several records suggest that only six species are present. *Ameiva ameiva fuliginosa* has not been collected on Great Swan Island since 1884; Barbour (1914) reported that this population was extirpated and Schwartz and Henderson (1988) suggested that the original record might have been a locality error. Schwartz and Thomas (1975) and MacLean et al. (1977) listed *Cnemidophorus lemniscatus lemniscatus* from Great Swan Island, but we can find no other records of the species from the islands. *Cubophis brooksi* was described on the basis of two specimens (MCZ 7893) by Barbour (1914), and Kardong (1980) described the musculature of

a female (MCZ 11979) donated to the museum in 1916. We have deleted *Cnemidophorus lemniscatus* from our list (following Schwartz & Henderson 1988 and subsequent checklists), but tentatively retain *A. ameiva fuliginosa* and *Cubophis brooksi*. (formerly considered a subspecies of *Cubophis cantherigerus*.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Larry David Wilson, James R. McCranie, and Josiah Townsend provided valuable insights on an early draft of this list.

SWAN ISLAND BANK (= Islas del Cisne/Islas Santanilla)

GREAT SWAN ISLAND (= Cisne Grande/Isla Grande)
(17.41°–83.93°) (5.5 km²)

Ameiva ameiva fuliginosa (PX)
Anolis nelsoni
Aristelliger nelsoni

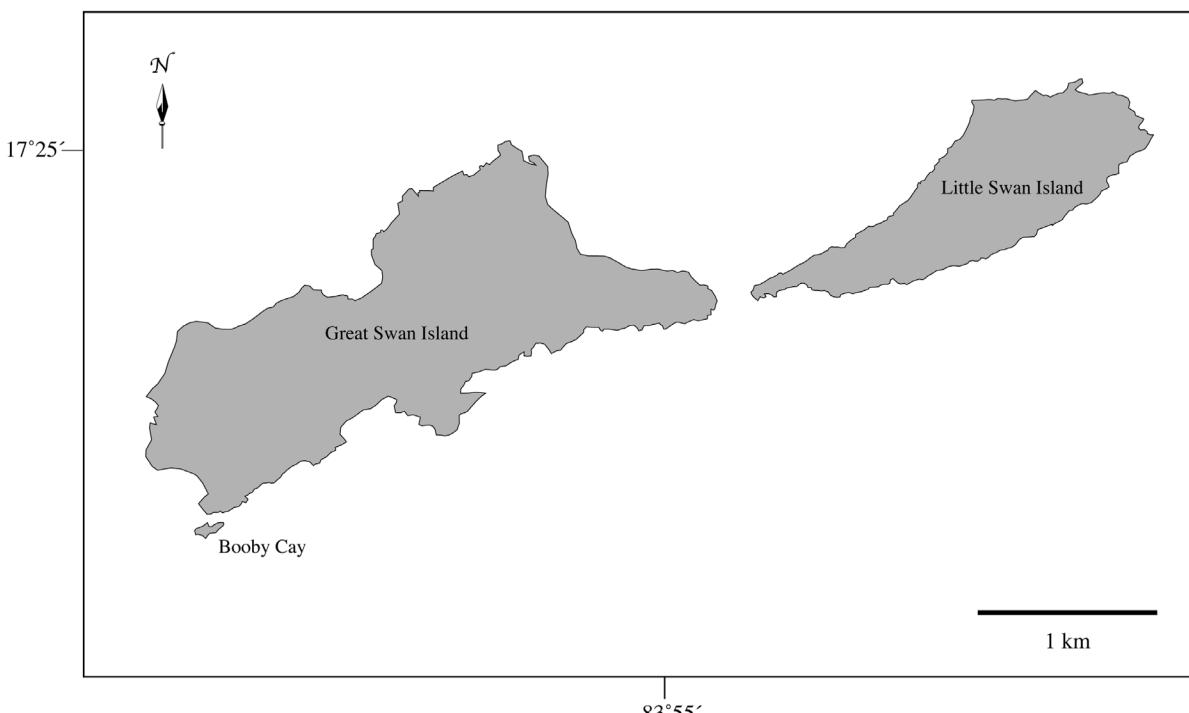


Figure 2. Map of the Swan Islands.

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Iguana iguana
Leiocephalus varius
Sphaerodactylus exsul
Epictia magnamaculata

LITTLE SWAN ISLAND (= Cisne Pequeño/Isla Pequeño)
(17.41°/-83.90°) (2.5 km²)

Anolis nelsoni
Aristelliger nelsoni
Iguana iguana
Leiocephalus varius
Sphaerodactylus exsul
Cubophis brooksi
Epictia magnamaculata

BAHAMA ISLANDS AND TURKS & CAICOS ISLANDS

Sandra D. Buckner¹, Richard Franz², and R. Graham Reynolds³

The Bahamian Archipelago lies in the North Atlantic, southeast of Florida and north of Cuba and Hispaniola (Fig. 3). The area consists of more than 2,700 oceanic islands, cays (pronounced “keys”), and rocks that are dispersed among 15 shallow-water carbonate banks. Mouchoir, Silver, and Navidad banks in the eastern Turks and Caicos area are completely inundated. The banks are separated by deep-water trenches and strong ocean currents. These banks and their associated islands extend between latitudes 20°N and 28°N and longitudes 71°W and 80°W. All of the banks are flooded with marine waters. The combined island land mass associated with this immense area comprises only about 11,000 km².

The Bahamian Archipelago is divided into two political identities. The Commonwealth of The Bahamas became fully independent from Britain in 1973, but currently maintains its membership in the Commonwealth of Nations. The smaller Turks and Caicos Islands remain part of the British Overseas Territories.

The majority of the Bahamian Archipelago lies above the Tropic of Cancer (at 23.43°N), where it is considered part of the subtropics. The climate is moderated by the Gulf Stream, resulting in mild temperatures (never freezing) with average highs and lows of 28.8 °C and 20.8 °C. Average annual precipitation is 138.9 cm, with the greatest amounts of rain in summer (May–October) and occasional

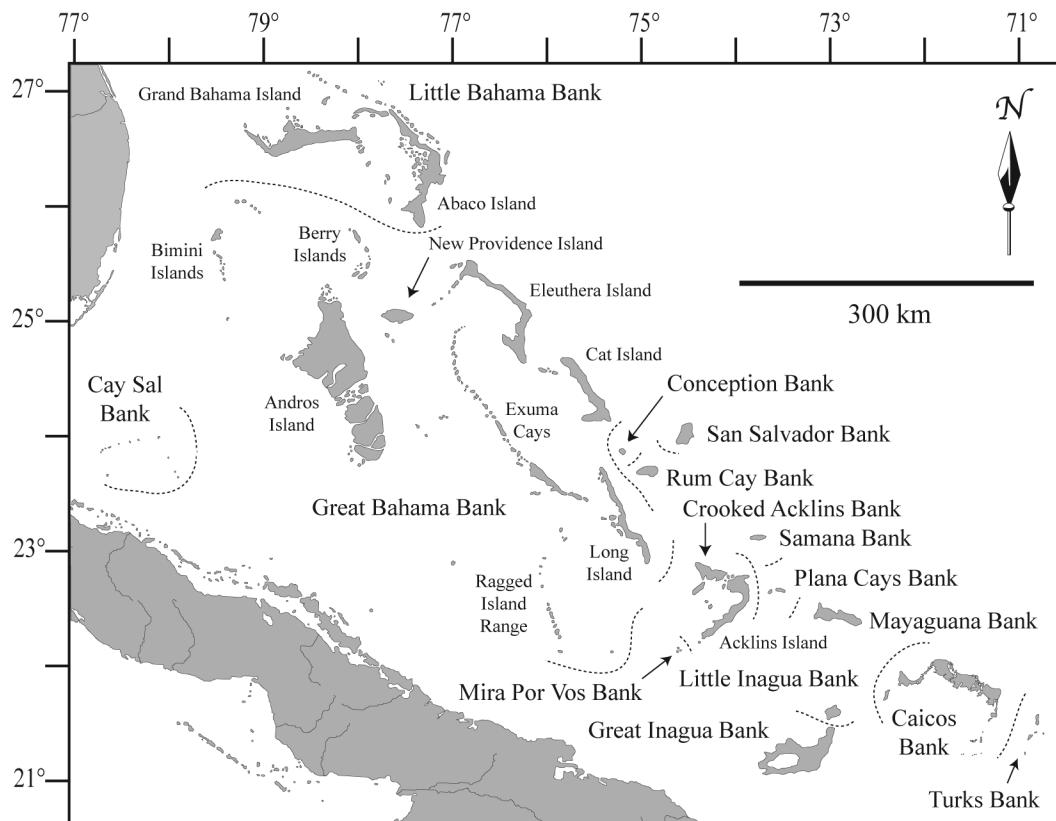


Figure 3. Map of the Bahama Islands and the Turks & Caicos Islands.

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hurricanes in summer and fall. Surface features are dominated by limestone karst features (eroded limestone surfaces, limestone hills, sinkholes, and caves). Soils are shallow, mostly alkaline, and water tables are close to the surface. Coppice (tropical hardwoods), brackish and salt ponds with mangroves, maritime marshes, and other coastal habitats are common throughout the islands. Pinelands dominate the vegetative communities on several of the larger islands (Carew & Mylroie 1997).

The herpetofauna of the Bahamian Archipelago consists of 48 native species: three amphibians, 30 lizards, 13 snakes, and two freshwater turtles. Also recorded are two crocodilians and fossil turtles and tortoises. We have listed more than 1,600 island occurrences of amphibians and reptiles from nearly 250 islands. These occurrences span all 15 banks with islands, with the greatest species richness on the largest islands and banks.

Tortoises (*Chelonoidis alburyorum* and other endemic species of *Chelonoidis*) are extinct in the Bahamian Archipelago and the West Indies; Cuban Crocodiles (*Crocodylus rhombifer*) are extirpated from the archipelago, but continue to survive in Cuba; and Bahamian Rock Iguanas (*Cyclura* spp.) disappeared from the Little Bahamas Bank, but continue to exist on other Bahamian banks. These extinction events apparently occurred in the late Holocene, but prior to the appearance of humans (Steadman et al. 2007; Franz & Franz 2009).

Cuba and Hispaniola are the common sources for most of the Bahamian herpetofauna. None of the native species occur naturally in North America. All of the native species have their affinities with the Neotropics, except for a gecko, which might have African ties (e.g., Franz et al. 1996). More than 20 additional species of frogs, lizards, snakes, and turtles have been reported as recent introductions, possibly gaining entry as released pets or with horticultural plants from plant nurseries, mostly in southern Florida. Some have become established. The list of introduced amphibians and reptiles will continue to expand as more agricultural products are exchanged between the two areas (Lee 2004).

Since 1992, two of us (SDB & RF), using MacLean et al. (1977) as a template, have updated

and maintained island lists for the Bahamian Archipelago. Information was gleaned from publications (e.g., Schwartz & Henderson 1988; Franz et al. 1993) and museum indices. Subsequent updates reflected information that became available from direct observations, communications from researchers in the field, and photographic vouchers and research reports. The most recent overview of Bahamian herpetology was Knapp et al. (2011), which emphasized conservation. In the following list, we record two additional introduced species: *Plestiodon* sp. on Grand Bahama (Johnson 2011) and *Ramphotyphlops braminus* on New Providence (A. Davis, pers. comm.). Also, whether an introduced species of anole on Grand Bahama is *Anolis carolinensis* or *A. smaragdinus* still has to be determined (Jonathon Losos, pers. comm.).

Island locations were verified using Bahamas Land & Surveys 1:25,000 (BLS Series) maps. Some locations are known or have been known by multiple names and these are indicated. The areas of the cays have been estimated using Google Earth®. Note that coordinates provide only a general location for some of the smaller cays. We will continue to maintain and update this list as new information is forthcoming. Cays on which *Anolis sagrei* and *Leiocephalus carinatus* have been translocated for experimental studies have not been identified or listed.

The most recent overviews of Turks and Caicos herpetology were Reynolds (2011a, 2011b), which emphasized conservation. Additional sources included Wing and Scudder (1983), Gerber (1998), Carlson (1999), Newsom and Wing (2004), Bryan et al. (2007), Reynolds and Niemiller (2009, 2010a, 2010b), Reynolds (2010, 2012), Reynolds et al. (2010, 2011, 2012), and data provided by G. Gerber and M. Welch. Coordinates for the Turks and Caicos were generated by using Google Earth® and verified in Geody®.

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CAY SAL BANK

CAY SAL (23.69° - 80.39°) (1.22 km^2)

Anolis fairchildi

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Anguilla Cays (23.57° - 79.59°) (0.62 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Cotton Cay (23.49° - 79.51°) (1.45 km^2)

Anolis fairchildi

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Double Headed Shot Cay (23.93° - 80.47°) (0.20 km^2)

Tropidophis curtus curtus

Elbow Cay (23.96° - 80.44°) (0.32 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda

Tropidophis curtus curtus

Typhlops biminiensis

CONCEPTION BANK

CONCEPTION ISLAND (23.83° - 75.12°) (8.17 km^2)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis sagrei ssp.

Anolis smaragdinus

Leiocephalus loxogrammus ssp.

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus

Epicrates striatus ssp.

Booby Cay (23.83° - 75.09°) (0.20 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ssp.

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus ssp.

Epicrates striatus ssp.

CROOKED-ACKLINS BANK

ACKLIN'S ISLAND (22.40° - 74.00°) (497 km^2)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Chelonoidis sp. (F)

Anolis brunneus

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

Cubophis vudii raineyi

Epicrates chrysogaster schwartzi

Crocodylus sp. (F)

Castle Cay (= Castle Island) (22.13° - 74.31°) (1.93 km^2)

Anolis brunneus

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

Cotton Cay (= Cotton Bay Cay) (22.31° - 74.18°) (0.43 km^2)

Anolis brunneus

South Cay (22.41° - 74.24°) (0.1 km^2)

Leiocephalus punctatus ssp.

CROOKED ISLAND (22.73° - 74.20°) (252 km^2)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis brunneus

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

Cubophis vudii raineyi

Epicrates chrysogaster schwartzi

Crocodylus sp. (F)

Bird Rock Cay (22.85° - 74.35°) (0.03 km^2)

Leiocephalus punctatus

Fish Cay (22.49° - 74.25°) (0.88 km^2)

Cyclura rileyi nuchalis

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

Fortune Island (= Long Cay) (22.61° - 74.33°) (24.7 km^2)

Anolis brunneus

Cyclura rileyi nuchalis (PX)

Leiocephalus punctatus

Goat Cay (22.68° - 74.29°) (0.19 km^2)

Leiocephalus punctatus

Guana Cays (four cays: 22.46° - 74.23° ; 22.45° - 74.22° ; 22.45° - 74.23° ; 22.45° - 74.23°) (0.30 km^2)

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

North Cay (22.52° - 74.29°) (0.95 km^2)

Cyclura rileyi nuchalis

Leiocephalus punctatus

Sphaerodactylus corticola campter

Rat Cay (22.67° - 74.28°) (0.06 km^2)

Leiocephalus punctatus

GREAT BAHAMA BANK**ANDROS ISLAND** (24.43° /- 77.98°) ($5,959 \text{ km}^2$)*Eleutherodactylus rogersi**Osteopilus septentrionalis**Lithobates grylio* (I)*Chelonoidis* sp. (F)*Trachemys terrapen**Ameiva auberi behringensis**Ameiva auberi kingi**Ameiva auberi sideroxyton**Ameiva auberi vultturnus**Anolis angusticeps oligaspis**Anolis distichus distichoides**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Anolis smaragdinus lernerii**Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus**Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Leiocephalus carinatus coryi**Sphaerodactylus copei cataplexus* (I)*Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda**Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus**Tarentola americana warreni**Cubophis vudii vudii**Epicrates striatus fowleri**Tropidophis curtus androsi**Typhlops biminiensis**Typhlops lumbricalis**Crocodylus* sp. (F)**MANGROVE CAY** (24.21° /- 77.74°) (225 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus rogersi**Osteopilus septentrionalis**Ameiva auberi kingi x vultturnus**Anolis angusticeps oligaspis**Anolis distichus distichoides**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Anolis smaragdinus* ssp.*Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda**Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus**Cubophis vudii vudii**Epicrates striatus fowleri**Tropidophis curtus androsi***SOUTH ANDROS** (23.95° /- 77.67°) ($1,160 \text{ km}^2$)*Ameiva auberi kingi**Anolis angusticeps* ssp.*Anolis distichus distichoides**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Anolis smaragdinus* ssp.*Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Leiocephalus carinatus* ssp.*Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus* ssp.*Sphaerodactylus notatus* ssp.*Cubophis vudii* ssp.*Typhlops* sp.**Alcorine Cay** (24.11° /- 77.78°) (214 km^2)*Anolis smaragdinus* ssp.*Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Leiocephalus carinatus**Cubophis vudii* ssp.**Beach Cay** (24.29° /- 77.82°) (0.85 km^2)*Cyclura cychlura cychlura***Bigwood Cay** (24.37° /- 77.75°) (61 km^2)*Ameiva auberi kingi**Leiocephalus carinatus coryi***Black Creek Cay** (24.33° /- 77.94°) (0.15 km^2)*Cyclura cychlura cychlura***Blue Hole Cay** (24.90° /- 77.91°) (0.06 km^2)*Anolis sagrei* ssp.**Booya Cay** (Middle Bight) (24.17° /- 77.87°) (59 km^2)*Cyclura cychlura cychlura***Calabash Cay** (24.90° /- 77.92°) (0.02 km^2)*Anolis distichus* ssp.*Anolis sagrei* ssp.*Anolis smaragdinus* ssp.*Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus* ssp.*Sphaerodactylus notatus* ssp.**Fever Cay** (Middle Bight) (24.32° /- 77.73°) (2.71 km^2)*Anolis distichus distichoides**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Leiocephalus carinatus coryi***Gibson Cay** (Middle Bight) (24.33° /- 77.68°) (0.35 km^2)*Ameiva auberi kingi**Anolis sagrei ordinatus***Gold Cay** (= Billy Island = Bill's Island) (24.66° /- 78.52°) (2.1 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus***High Cay** (24.65° /- 77.70°) (0.07 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus***High Ridge Cay** (Middle Bight) (24.28° /- 77.78°) (5.49 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis sagrei ordinatus***Hog Cay** (South Bight) (24.16° /- 77.66°) (4.0 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis smaragdinus* ssp.*Cyclura cychlura cychlura**Leiocephalus carinatus* ssp.**Iguana Island** (South Bight) (24.04° /- 77.74°) (0.008 km^2)*Cyclura cychlura cychlura***Linda Cay** (= Linder Cay) (24.19° /- 77.67°) (15.83 km^2)*Cyclura cychlura cychlura***Little Saddleback Cay** (24.93° /- 77.91°) (0.005 km^2)*Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus* ssp.*Anolis sagrei* ssp.

Little Sandy Cay (South Bight) (24.10° / -77.68°) (0.037 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura cychlura</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
Little Wood Cay (Middle Bight) (24.28° / -77.97°) (12.34 km^2)	Bond Cay (= Bond's Cay) (25.49° / -77.72°) (2.62 km^2)
<i>Cyclura cychlura cychlura</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
Long Cay (24.74° / -77.77°) (0.03 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Pigeon Cay (24.88° / -77.89°) (0.02 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>	Cat Cay (25.41° / -77.81°) (0.16 km^2)
Pit Stop Cay (South Bight) (24.04° / -77.73°) (0.05 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura cychlura</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	Chub Cay (25.41° / -77.89°) (1.85 km^2)
Pure Gold (?) = Pure Gold Point, South Andros (23.97° / -77.52°)	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
Rat Cay (24.98° / -77.93°) (0.007 km^2)	<i>Epicrates striatus fowleri</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	Cistern Cay (25.78° / -77.89°) (1.38 km^2)
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
Reid Cay (= Reids Cay, Middle Bight) (24.30° / -77.91°) (2.57 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	Devil's Cay (25.60° / -77.73°) (0.43 km^2)
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
Saddleback Cay (24.93° / -77.92°) (0.04 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	Frazier's Hog Cay (= Frazer's Hog Cay) (25.42° / -77.84°) (3.55 km^2)
<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
Sandy Cay (South Bight) (24.08° / -77.70°) (2.90 km^2)	<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura cychlura</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
Sheep Cay (25.22° / -78.23°) (0.10 km^2)	<i>Tropidophis curtus curtus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Typhlops biminiensis</i>
South Joulter Cay (25.29° / -78.12°) (3.94 km^2)	Goat Cay (25.81° / -77.90°) (0.09 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	Great Harbour Cay (25.77° / -77.87°) (25.9 km^2)
Steamer Cay (South Bight) (24.03° / -77.76°) (0.74 km^2)	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura cychlura</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
William Cay (= Williams Island) (24.66° / -78.46°) (14.69 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps</i> ssp.
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i>
BERRY ISLANDS (31 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Alder Cay (25.54° / -77.71°) (0.43 km^2)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Ctenosaura similis</i> (I)
	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>

<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	North Bimini (25.75° - 79.28°) (3.74 km^2)
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus fowleri</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
<i>Tropidophis curtus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>
<i>Alligator mississippiensis</i> (I, PX?)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
Great Stirrup Cay (25.82° - 77.91°) (1.01 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii picticeps</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Epicrates striatus fosteri</i>
<i>Ctenosaura similis</i> (I)	<i>Tropidophis curtus curtus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>	<i>Typhlops biminiensis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	North Cat Cay (= North Cat Island) (25.56° - 79.28°) (1.1 km^2)
Hoffman's Cay (= Holmes Cay) (25.63° - 77.74°) (1.66 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	South Bimini (25.70° - 79.27°) (8.31 km^2)
<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>	<i>Trachemys</i> sp. (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>
Lignum Vitae Cay (25.79° - 77.89°) (0.54 km^2)	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i>	<i>Anolis distichus biminiensis</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Little Harbour Cay (25.58° - 77.72°) (0.94 km^2)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi multilineata</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii picticeps</i>
Little Stirrup Cay (= Coco Cay) (25.82° - 77.94°) (0.39 km^2)	<i>Epicrates striatus fosteri</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Tropidophis curtus curtus</i>
Whale Cay (25.42° - 77.78°) (3.46 km^2)	<i>Typhlops biminiensis</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
BIMINI ISLANDS (23 km^2)	South Cat Cay (= South Cat Island) (25.53° - 79.26°) (0.31 km^2)
East Bimini (25.75° - 79.25°) (5.81 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	Tocas Cay (in Bimini Bay) (= Toktos Cay = Sandy Cay) (25.72° - 79.29°) (0.003 km^2)
<i>Cubophis vudii picticeps</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus fosteri</i>	CAT ISLAND (24.40° - 75.52°) (389 km^2)
Easter Cay (= Easter Island) (not identified)	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus coryi</i>	<i>Trachemys terrapen (felis)</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii picticeps</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi felis</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus fosteri</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
Gun Cay (25.58° - 79.29°) (0.16 km^2)	<i>Anolis distichus distichoides</i> x <i>A. d. dapsilis</i> x <i>A. d. ocior</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi richmondi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus lernerii</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus flavicauda</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i> ssp.
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Tropidophis curtus curtus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
	<i>Epicrates striatus ailurus</i>

<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
Alligator Cay (24.54°/-75.64°) (1.0 km ²)	<i>Tropidophis curtus curtus</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus ailurus</i>	Windemere Island (25.07°/-76.12°) (2.69 km ²)
CAY LOBOS (22.38°/-77.59°) (0.004 km ²)	<i>Ameiva auberi thoracica</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
CAY VERDE (22.03°/-75.20°) (0.16 km ²)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.
<i>Ameiva</i> sp.	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Anolis</i> sp.	
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>	EXUMA
<i>Cubophis</i> sp.	GREAT EXUMA ISLAND (23.50°/-75.77°) (215 km ²)
ELEUTHERA (25.20°/-76.24°) (518 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Trachemys</i> sp.
<i>Chelonoidis</i> sp. (F)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Trachemys terrapen</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi thoracica</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (W)
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus copei cataplexis</i> (I)	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus nigropunctatus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	LITTLE EXUMA ISLAND (23.43°/-75.59°) (34.58 km ²)
<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>	<i>Trachemys</i> sp.
<i>Crocodylus</i> sp. (F)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
Current Island (25.35°/-76.82°) (8.8 km ²)	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi thoracica</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus nigropunctatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>
Harbour Island (25.50°/-76.64°) (2.59 km ²)	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
<i>Anolis distichus</i> ssp.	
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	NORTHERN EXUMA CAYS
<i>Opheodrys aestivus</i> (I)	2nd Cay N of Leaf Cay (24.75°/-76.83°) (0.002 km ²)
North Eleuthera (25.50°/-76.72°) (105.5 km ²)	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	4th Cay N of Leaf Cay (24.76°/-76.83°) (0.006 km ²)
Pimlico Cays (= Pimlico Islands) (25.33°/-76.87°) (0.32 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	Allen Cay (= Allan's Cay) (24.75°/-76.84°) (0.065 km ²)
Royal Island (25.52°/-76.84°) (1.71 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>
<i>Anolis distichus dapsilis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	Alligator Cay (24.39°/-76.64°) (0.018 km ²)
	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i> (I)
	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>

<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	Leaf Cay (= Allen Cay) (24.75° / -76.84°) (0.044 km^2)
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
Barn Owl Cay (24.77° / -76.83°) (0.11 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus n. nigropunctatus x S. n. gibbus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>	Little Bell Island (= Little Bells Cay = Cambridge Cay) (24.30° / -76.56°) (1.41 km^2)
Bell Island (= Bells Cay) (24.30° / -76.56°) (1.41 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	Little Cistern Cay (24.46° / -76.74°) (0.15 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	Little Hawksbill Cay (24.46° / -76.76°) (0.16 km^2)
<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
Bush Hill Cay (24.57° / -76.79°) (0.03 km^2)	Little Norman's Cay (= Saddle Cay) (24.65° / -76.81) (0.22 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Cyclura rileyi nuchalis</i> (I)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus n. nigropunctatus x S. n. gibbus</i>
Flat Rock Reef Cay (24.76° / -76.83°) (0.044 km^2)	Little Wax Cay (24.56° / -76.79°) (0.19 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>	Long Cay (24.68° / -76.81°) (0.29 km^2)
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus</i> sp.	Long Rock Cay (= West Shroud Cay = Long Cay) (24.40° / -76.66°) (0.12 km^2)
Hall's Pond Cay (24.35° / -76.58°) (1.76 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Tropidophis curtus</i> ssp.
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Typhlops</i> sp.
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	
Hawksbill Cay (24.48° / -76.77°) (2.76 km^2)	Malabar Cays (24.37° / -76.63°) (0.024 km^2)
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	Marion Cay (24.37° / -76.60°) (0.022 km^2)
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	Narrow Water Cay (24.39° / -76.64°) (0.18 km^2)
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i> (I)
Hawksbill No. 1 Cay (24.46° / -76.76°) (0.017 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
Highborne Cay (= Hyburn Cay) (24.72° / -76.82°) (2.29 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
Hog Cay (24.37° / -76.61°) (0.06 km^2)	Noddy Cay (24.41° / -76.65°) (0.022 km^2)
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	

Norman's Cay (24.62°/-76.82°) (3.57 km ²)	SW Allen's Cay (= U-Cay = SW Allan's Cay) (24.74°/-76.84°) (0.039 km ²)
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
O'Brien Cay (= O'Brien's Cay) (24.32°/-76.55°) (0.54 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
Pasture Cay (24.32°/-76.56°) (0.043 km ²)	Waderick Wells Cay (= Waderick Wells) (24.39°/-76.62°) (1.32 km ²)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i> (I)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Rader's Rock (24.39°/-76.63°) (0.003 km ²)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i> (I, PX)
Richard's Rock (24.40°/-76.64°) (0.005 km ²)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
Roberts Cay (24.80°/-76.83°) (0.044 km ²)	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i> (I)	<i>Typhlops</i> sp.
Rocky Dundas Cay (24.28°/-76.54°) (0.045 km ²)	Wax Cay (24.58°/-76.80°) (0.48 km ²)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
Sandy Cay (24.34°/-76.59°) (0.036 km ²)	White Bay Cay (24.34°/76.60°) (0.10 km ²)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	
Ship Channel Cay (24.82°/-76.82°) (1.49 km ²)	CENTRAL EXUMA CAYS
<i>Ameiva auberi focalis</i>	Big Farmer's Cay (23.94°/-76.30°) (2.10 km ²)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus n. nigropunctatus x S. n. gibbus</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	Bitter Guana Cay (24.14°/-76.42°) (0.88 km ²)
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
Shroud Cay (24.53°/-76.78°) (7.74 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	Bock Cay (= Peace and Plenty Cay) (23.81°/-76.17°) (1.55 km ²)
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Soldier Cay (24.33°/-76.56°) (0.24 km ²)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>
Sooty Cay (24.41°/-76.64°) (0.036 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
South Halls Pond Cay (24.33°/-76.56°) (0.25 km ²)	
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	Cave Cay (23.91°/-76.27°) (1.10 km ²)
Southeastern Flat Rock Reef Cay (24.75°/-76.83°) (0.007 km ²)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
	Compass Cay (24.27°/-76.52°) (2.87 km ²)
	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>

<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	Musha Cay (= Moosha Cay) (23.89° / -76.26°) (0.47 km^2)
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>	
Darby Cay (= Darby Island) (23.85° / -76.22°) (2.18 km^2)	Noddy Cay (= Prickly Pear Cay = Guana Cay = Dildo Cay) (off Norman's Pond Cay) (23.80° / -76.14°) (0.07 km^2)
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>
<i>Trachemys</i> sp. (?)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	Norman's Pond Cay (23.78° / -76.13°) (2.18 km^2)
Galliot Cay (= Big Galliot Cay) (23.92° / -76.29°) (0.11 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
Gaulin Cay (= Gaulin Cay South) (24.12° / -76.40°) (0.17 km^2)	<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>	North Adderly Cay (= No Name Cay) (23.79° / -76.12°) (0.07 km^2)
Great Guana Cay (24.03° / -76.37°) (12.3 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi</i> ssp.
<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i> (PX)	Pipe Cay (24.24° / -76.52°) (1.33 km^2)
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
Joe Cay (24.25° / -76.50°) (0.53 km^2)	<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	
Kemp Cay (24.23° / -76.50°) (0.15 km^2)	Rudder Cut Cay (23.88° / -76.24°) (1.63 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
Leaf Cay (off Norman's Pond Cay) (23.79° / -76.13°) (0.13 km^2)	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
Lee Stocking Island (23.77° / -76.09°) (2.20 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	Sampson Cay (24.21° / -76.47°) (2.1 km^2)
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i> (PX)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Lignum Vitae Cay (off Norman's Pond Cay) (23.80° / -76.15°) (0.018 km^2)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i> (I)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.
Little Farmer's Cay (23.96° / -76.32°) (0.67 km^2)	
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	Staniel Cay (24.17° / -76.44°) (1.69 km^2)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>

Thomas Cay (24.23° / -76.49°) (0.46 km^2)	GREEN CAY (= Tongue of Ocean) (24.04° / -77.17°) (2.15 km^2)
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
White Bay Cay (off Norman's Pond Cay) (23.80° / -76.15°) (0.055 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi parvinsulae</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
William's Cay (23.76° / -76.08°) (0.75 km^2)	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	
SOUTHERN EXUMA CAYS	LITTLE SAN SALVADOR (= Half Moon Cay) (24.57° / -75.93°) (9.26 km^2)
Barraterre Cay (= Barataria) (23.69° / -76.05°) (11.15 km^2)	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>	<i>Chelonoidis</i> sp. (F)
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi thoracica</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus dapsilis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
Cluff's Cay (= Clovis Cay) (23.69° / -76.09°) (0.58 km^2)	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Cyclura cychlura inornata</i> (I)
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i> (I)	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
Duck Cay (23.45° / -76.04°) (0.087 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus</i> ssp.
Elizabeth Cay (= Elizabeth Island) (23.51° / -75.73°) (0.42 km^2)	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	Goat Cay (24.60° / -75.89°) (0.053 km^2)
Guana Cay (= cay SE of Jewfish Cay) (23.44° / -75.91°) (0.21 km^2)	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus</i> ssp.	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
<i>Cyclura cychlura figginsi</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus</i> ssp.	LONG ISLAND (23.25° / -75.12°) (596 km^2)
Hog Cay (23.39° / -75.48°) (2.91 km^2)	<i>Eleutherodactylus rogersi</i>
<i>Trachemys</i> sp.	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Trachemys</i> sp.
Jewfish Cay (= Hummingbird Cay) (23.46° / -75.94°) (0.96 km^2)	<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps oligaspis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Anolis distichus distichus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>
<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>	<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>
Pigeon Cay (23.47° / -75.62°) (0.088 km^2)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva auberi obsoleta</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus virescens</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus</i>
Stocking Island (= Stocky Cay?) (23.53° / -75.76°) (2.34 km^2)	<i>Tarentola americana warreni</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei ordinatus</i>	<i>Epicrates striatus strigilatus</i>
<i>Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus</i>	<i>Cubophis vudii vudii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus gibbus</i>	<i>Tropidophis curtus barbouri</i>
White Cay (= Sandy Cay) (23.40° / -75.44°) (0.14 km^2)	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp.	
<i>Cyclura rileyi cristata</i>	Iguana Cay (= Pinder's Cay) (23.31° / -75.10°) (0.024 km^2)
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
Violet Cay (= Long Island)	
	Salt Pond Cay (23.10° / -74.94°) (0.022 km^2)
	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni</i>
	New Providence Island (25.03° / -77.40°) (207 km^2)
	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>
	<i>Gastrophryne carolinensis</i> (I)
	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>

Lithobates grylio (I)
Chelonoidis sp. (F)
Trachemys decorata (I)
Trachemys terrapen x *T. stejnegeri* (I?)
Ameiva auberi thoracica
Anolis angusticeps oligaspis
Anolis distichus distichus
Anolis equestris ssp. (I)
Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Basiliscus sp. (W)
Cyclura sp. (PE)
Hemidactylus garnotii (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp. (F*, I)
Sphaerodactylus argus (I?)
Sphaerodactylus copei cataplexis (I)
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus nigropunctatus
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus
Cubophis vudii vudii
Epicrates striatus strigilatus
Pantherophis guttatus (I)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Thamnophis sauritus sackeni (W)
Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis (W)
Tropidophis curtus curtus
Typhlops biminiensis
Typhlops lumbricalis
Crocodylus sp. (PE)
Athol Island (25.08°/-77.27°) (0.45 km²)
Eleutherodactylus planirostris
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus
Hog Cay (= Hog Island = Paradise Island) (25.08°/-77.32°) (3.26 km²)
Osteopilus septentrionalis
Ameiva auberi thoracica
Anolis distichus distichus
Anolis equestris (I)
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Cubophis vudii vudii
Rose Island (25.10°/-77.16°) (3.33 km²)
Ameiva auberi thoracica
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus nigropunctatus
Epicrates striatus strigilatus
Salt Cay (25.10°/-77.28°) (0.35 km²)
Ameiva auberi ssp.
Anolis sagrei ssp.
Spruce Cay (25.08°/-77.27°) (0.019 km²)
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

RAGGED ISLAND RANGE

Great Ragged Island (22.20°/-75.73°) (12.0 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis
Anolis distichus distichus
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus
Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus porrasi
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus
Tarentola americana warreni
Tropidophis curtus barbouri
Typhlops lumbricalis

Little Ragged Island (22.16°/-75.71°) (2.89 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis
Anolis distichus distichus
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus
Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus porrasi
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus
Tarentola americana warreni
Cubophis vudii vudii
Epicrates striatus mccraniei
Typhlops biminiensis
Typhlops lumbricalis

RAGGED CAYS

Hog Cay (22.25°/-75.75°) (2.55 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis
Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus

Johnson Cay (22.34°/-75.78°) (0.25 km²)

Leiocephalus carinata hodsdoni

Knife Cay (22.49°/-75.84°) (0.04 km²)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus
Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni

Margaret Cay (22.30°/-75.78°) (1.53 km²)

Anolis sagrei ssp.
Epicrates striatus mccraniei

Maycock Cay (22.29°/-75.76°) (1.22 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus

Nurse Cay (22.47°/-75.84°) (1.95 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis
Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Raccoon Cay (22.37°/-75.81°) (4.54 km²)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis

South Channel Cay (22.50°/-75.85°) (0.07 km²)

Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni
Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus

JUMENTOS CAYS

Flamingo Cay (22.88° / -75.87°) (0.96 km^2)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis

Anolis distichus distichus

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus

Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus porrasi

Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus

Tarentola americana warreni

Cubophis vudii ssp.

Pear Cay (23.13° / -75.53°) (0.03 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus porrasi

Water Cay (23.01° / -75.72°) (0.51 km^2)

Ameiva auberi bilateralis

Anolis distichus distichus

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Anolis smaragdinus smaragdinus

Leiocephalus carinatus hodsdoni

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus porrasi

Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus

Tarentola americana warreni

GREAT INAGUA BANK

GREAT INAGUA (21.01° / -73.18°) ($1,552 \text{ km}^2$)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris (I?)

Osteopilus septentrionalis (I?)

Trachemys stejnegeri malonei (I?)

Ameiva maynardi maynardi

Ameiva maynardi uniformis

Anolis scriptus leucophaeus

Aristelliger barbouri

Leiocephalus inaguae

Sphaerodactylus inaguae

Sphaerodactylus notatus atactis (I?)

Cubophis vudii utowanae

Epicrates chrysogaster relicquus

Tropidophis canus

Typhlops paradoxus

Crocodylus sp. (W)

Sheep Island (= Sheep Cay) (21.13° / -73.59°) (0.25 km^2)

Ameiva maynardi maynardi

Aristelliger barbouri

Anolis scriptus leucophaeus

Sphaerodactylus inaguae

Cubophis vudii utowanae

Epicrates chrysogaster relicquus

LITTLE INAGUA BANK

LITTLE INAGUA (21.50° / -73.00°) (127 km^2)

Ameiva maynardi parvinaguae

Aristelliger barbouri

Anolis scriptus leucophaeus

Hypsirhynchus parvifrons (W?)

LITTLE BAHAMA BANK**ABACO**

Great Abaco (26.38° / -77.12°) ($1,681 \text{ km}^2$)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Chelonoidis alburyorum (F)

Trachemys sp. (I?)

Anolis distichus ssp. (I?)

Anolis smaragdinus (I)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus (F*)

Cyclura sp. (F)

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Cubophis sp. (F)

Cubophis vudii aterrimus

Epicrates exsul

Epicrates striatus (F)

Pantherophis alleghaniensis ssp. (I)

Typhlops lumbricalis

Typhlops sp. (F)

Crocodylus rhombifer (F)

Little Abaco Island (26.89° / -77.64°) (60 km^2)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Cubophis vudii aterrimus

Epicrates exsul

Typhlops lumbricalis

ABACO CAYS

Cave Cay (26.87° / -77.90°) (1.76 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Crab Cay (26.81° / -77.36°) (0.81 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Elbow Cay (26.52° / -76.97°) (4.51 km^2)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Epicrates exsul

Fiddle Cay (26.81° / -77.35°) (0.088 km^2)

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Fox's Island (not identified)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Great Guana Cay (26.67° / -77.11°) (4.83 km^2)

Anolis sagrei ordinatus

Leiocephalus carinatus armouri

Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes

Green Turtle Cay (26.77° / -77.33°) (4.16 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes**Epicrates exsul***Joe's Cay** (27.10° / -78.06°) (0.137 km^2)*Leiocephalus carinatus armouri***Little Sale Cay** (27.04° / -78.17°) (0.096 km^2)*Leiocephalus carinatus armouri***Mangrove Cay** (26.87° / -77.72°) (0.85 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***Manjack Cay** (= Nunjack Cay) (26.83° / -77.37°) (2.70 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***Man O'War Cay** (26.60° / -77.00°) (1.12 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Hemidactylus garnotii* (I)**Moraine Cay** (27.04° / -77.77°) (0.13 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus***Mores Island** (= Moore's Island) (26.30° / -77.56°) (16.4 km^2)*Chelonoidis* sp. (F)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***Pensacola Cays** (26.98° / -77.67°) (1.94 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***Powell Cay** (26.91° / -77.48°) (1.21 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri***Rocky Harbour Cay** (26.81° / -77.51°) (1.45 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri***Stranger Cay** (= Strangers Cay) (27.12° / -78.08°) (1.41 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***GRAND BAHAMA ISLAND** (26.65° / -78.50°) ($1,373 \text{ km}^2$)*Eleutherodactylus planirostris**Gastrophryne carolinensis* (I)*Hyla squirella* (I)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Lithobates clamitans* (W)*Lithobates sphenocephalus* (I)*Terrapene carolina* (W)*Trachemys scripta elegans* (I)*Trachemys* sp. (I)*Anolis carolinensis* or *A. smaragdinus* (I)*Anolis distichus* ssp. (I?)*Anolis equestris* (I)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Plestiodon* sp. (I)*Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes**Cubophis vudii aterrimus**Pantherophis guttatus* (I)*Epicrates exsul**Typhlops lumbrialis**Storeria dekayi* (I)*Crocodylus acutus* (PE)**Burrows Cay** (26.43° / -77.78°) (0.38 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri***Sweeting's Cay** (26.62° / -77.87°) (9.33 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis sagrei ordinatus***Water Cay** (26.44° / -77.77°) (0.18 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes**Typhlops lumbrialis***Wood Cay** (26.74° / -79.01°) (0.05 km^2)*Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus carinatus armouri**Sphaerodactylus notatus peltastes***MAYAGUANA BANK****MAYAGUANA ISLAND** (22.37° / -72.93°) (285 km^2)*Chelonoidis* sp. (F)*Anolis scriptus mariguanae**Sphaerodactylus mariguanae**Crocodylus* sp. (F)**Booby Cay** (22.32° / -72.72°) (0.51 km^2)*Anolis scriptus mariguanae**Cyclura carinata bartschi**Sphaerodactylus mariguanae***MIRA POR VOS BANK****South Cay** (22.09° / -74.53°) (0.58 km^2)*Leiocephalus punctatus* ssp.**RUM CAY BANK****Rum Cay** (23.67° / -74.87°) (78 km^2)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Anolis distichus ocior**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Leiocephalus loxogrammus loxogrammus**Sphaerodactylus corticola corticola**Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus decoratus**Sphaerodactylus notatus amaurus*

PLANA CAYS BANK**East Plana Cay** (22.61° /- 73.52°) (7.0 km^2)*Anolis brunneus**Anolis scriptus* ssp.*Leiocephalus greenwayi**Sphaerodactylus corticola apporox***West Plana Cay** (22.59° /- 73.61°) (9.0 km^2)*Anolis brunneus**Anolis scriptus sularum**Sphaerodactylus corticola apporox***SAMANA BANK****SAMANA CAY** (= Atwood's Cay) (23.08° /- 73.75°) (39 km^2)*Anolis scriptus sularum**Leiocephalus punctatus picinus**Sphaerodactylus corticola* ssp.**Small Cay** (= "Propeller" Cay) (off Samana Cay) $(23.06^{\circ}$ /- 73.74°) (0.08 km^2)*Anolis scriptus sularum***West Booby Cay** (23.09° /- 73.65°) (0.72 km^2)*Anolis scriptus sularum***SAN SALVADOR BANK****SAN SALVADOR ISLAND** (= Watling's Island) (24.00° /- 74.50°) (163 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus rogersi**Hyla squirella* (W)*Osteopilus septentrionalis**Chelonoidis* sp. (F)*Trachemys* sp. (PX)*Anolis distichus ocior**Anolis sagrei ordinatus**Cyclura rileyi rileyi**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Leiocephalus loxogrammus parnelli**Sphaerodactylus corticola soter**Epictia columbi**Crocodylus* sp. (F)**Barn Cay** (in Great Lake) (24.08° /- 74.50°) (0.17 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)**Guana Cay** (in Little Hermitage Lake) (24.09° /- 74.48°) (0.011 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi***Pidgeon Cay** (= Pigeon Cay) (in Great Lake) (24.02° /- 74.50°) (0.071 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi***SAN SALVADOR CAYS****Cato Cay** (= Catto Cay) (24.14° /- 74.47°) (0.013 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)*Sphaerodactylus corticola soter***Cut Cay** (in Rice Bay) (24.13° /- 74.46°) (0.028 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (I)**Goulding Cay** (24.05° /- 74.43°) (0.02 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi***Green Cay** (24.14° /- 74.51°) (0.04 km^2)*Anolis distichus ocior**Cyclura rileyi rileyi**Sphaerodactylus corticola soter***High Cay** (23.95° /- 74.48°) (0.13 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)**Little Green Cay** (= Gauntlet Cay = Gaulin Cay = Hawksnest Cay = Goulding Cay) (24.14° /- 74.47°) (0.011 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)*Epictia columbi***Low Cay** (23.93° /- 74.48°) (0.10 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi**Sphaerodactylus corticola soter***Man Head Cay** (24.12° /- 74.45°) (0.024 km^2)*Anolis distichus ocior**Cyclura rileyi rileyi**Sphaerodactylus corticola soter***Pokus Cay** (23.94° /- 74.48°) (0.018 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)**White Cay** (in Grahams Harbour) (24.16° /- 74.48°) (0.019 km^2)*Cyclura rileyi rileyi* (PX)**CAICOS BANK****WEST CAICOS** (21.65° /- 72.47°) (22.8 km^2)*Anolis scriptus scriptus**Cyclura carinata* (PX)*Leiocephalus psammodromus**Sphaerodactylus caicosensis**Spondylurus caicosae***French Cay** (21.51° /- 72.20°) (0.13 km^2)*Anolis scriptus scriptus**Aristelliger hechti**Cyclura carinata***PROVIDENCIALES** (21.78° /- 72.28°) (122.2 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus planirostris* (I)*Osteopilus septentrionalis* (I)*Rhinella marina* (W)*Trachemys scripta elegans* (W)*Anolis equestris* ssp. (W)*Anolis scriptus scriptus**Cyclura carinata* (in Chalk Sound)*Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana* (W)*Leiocephalus psammodromus**Sceloporus* sp. (W)*Sphaerodactylus caicosensis**Spondylurus caicosae**Varanus exanthematicus* (W)*Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster**Ramphotyphlops braminus* (I)

<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
<i>Typhlops c.f. platycephalus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Uromacer catesbyi</i> or <i>Opheodrys aestivus</i> (ID unclear) (W)	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
CAICOS CAYS	NORTH CAICOS (21.93° / -71.98°) (116 km^2)
Dellis Cay (21.89° / -72.07°) (2.10 km^2)	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i> (I)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (tail drags)	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Aristelliger hechti</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (W)
<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
Donna Cay (21.83° / -72.13°) (0.36 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
Fort George Cay (21.89° / -72.09°) (0.85 km^2)	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (PX)	<i>Typhlops c.f. platycephalus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	Bay Cay (21.93° / -71.89)
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
Little Water Cay (21.83° / -72.15°) (0.6 km^2)	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	East Bay (21.89° / -71.88)
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
Lizard, Bird, And Sinking Cays (21.84° / -72.13)	Major Hill Cay (21.94° / -71.91)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	MIDDLE CAICOS (= Grand Caicos Island) (21.78° / -71.72) (144 km^2)
Mangrove Cay (21.82° / -72.14°) (1.14 km^2)	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i> (I)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Chelonoidis</i> sp. (F)
Parrot Cay (21.92° / $-72.06W^{\circ}$) (5.6 km^2)	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>
<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>	<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>
Pine Cay (21.87° / -72.09°) (4.21 km^2)	<i>Typhlops c.f. platycephalus</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)	Iguana Cay (between Middle and East Caicos)
<i>Trachemys stejnegeri malonei</i> (I, E?)	(21.76° / -71.60°) (0.06 km^2)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	Joe Grant's Cay (between Middle and East Caicos)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	(21.76° / -71.61°) (5.1 km^2)
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (tail drags)
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>
<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>	Pelican Cay (21.83° / -71.72) ($< 0.1 \text{ km}^2$)
Stubbs Cay (21.88° / -72.08) ($\sim 0.9 \text{ km}^2$)	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	EAST CAICOS (21.71° / -71.51°) (90 km^2)
Water Cay (21.85° / -72.12°) (3.5 km^2)	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Aristelliger hechti</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>

<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>
<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>	Long Cay (S of South Caicos) (21.47° / -71.56°) (1.0 km^2)
<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Typhlops c.f. platycephalus</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (I)
Horse Cay (21.53° / -71.51°) (0.01 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
J.A.G.S. McCartney Cay (21.62° / -71.49°) (11.4 km^2)	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i> (PX)
Middle Creek Cay (21.60° / -71.49°) (0.47 km^2)	<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	Middleton Cay (21.48° / -71.58°) (0.05 km^2)
Plandon Cay (21.58° / -71.49°) (0.22 km^2)	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
Sail Rock (21.58° / -71.52°)	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>
SOUTH CAICOS (= Turks Island in late 19th Century)	Six Hills Cay (includes East and West cays) (21.46° / -71.63°)
(21.52° / -71.50°) (21.2 km^2)	(0.09 km^2)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (PX)	<i>Aristelliger hechti</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>
<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>	<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>
<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i> (PX)	White Cay (21.18° / -71.80°) (0.03 km^2)
<i>Tropidophis greenwayi lanthanus</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
Big Ambergris Cay (21.29° / -71.63°) (4.28 km^2)	TURKS BANK
<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i> (I)	GRAND TURK (= Turks Island) (21.46° / -71.13°) (17.39 km^2)
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (W)	<i>Chelonoidis</i> sp. (F)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Aristelliger hechti</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (PX, W)
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I)	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (W)
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i> (PX)
<i>Sphaerodactylus caicosensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus mariguanae</i> (I, PX?)
<i>Spondylurus caicosae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus underwoodi</i>
<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i>	<i>Spondylurus turksae</i> (PX)
<i>Tropidophis greenwayi greenwayi</i>	<i>Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster</i> (PX)
<i>Typhlops c.f. platycephalus</i>	<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (W)
Bush Cay (21.20° / -71.63°) (0.08 km^2)	<i>Ramphotyphlops braminus</i> (I)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	Big Sand Cay (21.19° / -71.25°) (0.58 km^2)
<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (I)	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
Fish Cays (21.37° / -71.62°) (0.1 km^2)	<i>Cyclura carinata</i>
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus underwoodi</i>
Indian Cay (21.19° / -71.79°) (0.05 km^2)	Cotton Cay (21.36° / -71.15°) (1.13 km^2)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Cyclura carinata</i> (PX)
Little Ambergris Cay (21.30° / -71.69°) (6.59 km^2)	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>	<i>Spondylurus turksae</i>
<i>Aristelliger hechti</i>	East Cay (= Martin Pinzon) (21.36° / -71.09°) (0.46 km^2)
<i>Cyclura carinata</i>	<i>Anolis scriptus scriptus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus psammmodromus</i>
	<i>Sphaerodactylus underwoodi</i>

Gibbs Cay (21.44°/-71.11°) (0.06 km²)

Anolis scriptus scriptus
Leiocephalus psammodromus
Sphaerodactylus underwoodi
Spondylurus turksae
Epicrates chrysogaster chrysogaster

Long Cay (21.41°/-71.10°) (0.23 km²)

Anolis scriptus scriptus
Cyclura carinata
Leiocephalus psammodromus
Sphaerodactylus underwoodi

Pear Cay (21.37°/-71.09°) (0.11 km²)

Leiocephalus psammodromus
Sphaerodactylus underwoodi
Typhlops c.f. platycephalus

Penniston Cay (21.38°/-71.12°) (0.03 km²)

Leiocephalus psammodromus

Round Cay (21.44°/-71.11°) (0.01 km²)

Leiocephalus psammodromus

Salt Cay (21.32°/-71.20°) (6.74 km²)

Anolis scriptus scriptus
Cyclura carinata
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Leiocephalus psammodromus (PX)
Sphaerodactylus underwoodi

CAYMAN ISLANDS

ARTHUR C. ECHTERNACHT¹

The Cayman Islands consist of four islands that support fully terrestrial vegetation: Grand Cayman (maximum elevation 18 m), Cayman Brac (43 m), Little Cayman (12 m), and Owen Island (~2 m). Owen Island is located inside the barrier reef at the western edge of South Hole Sound off the south coast of Little Cayman, from which it is separated by about 200 m of shallow water. Several small mangrove islands along the western and southwestern edges of North Sound on Grand Cayman are separated from one another or the extensive mainland mangrove forest by deep, narrow channels. Because the substrate in which the island mangroves are rooted is entirely submerged at high tide (F. J. Burton, pers. comm.) and faunal surveys have not been conducted on these islands, they are not included in the checklist.

Twenty-two native species of amphibians and reptiles have been documented for the Cayman Islands. One of these, *Crocodylus rhombifer*, is extinct. *Trachemys decussata angusta* is not included in the total because it is not known whether it is native or introduced. An additional 11 non-native (introduced) species have been reported on Grand Cayman and some of these have become established. In a few cases, species native to one of the islands have been introduced on another. The herpetofauna of the Caymans was reviewed in detail by Grant (1940) and updated by Seidel and Franz (1994) and Echternacht et al. (2011).

GRAND CAYMAN BANK

GRAND CAYMAN (19.32°/-81.26°) (197 km²)

Rhinella marina (W)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris

Gastrophryne carolinensis (I)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Trachemys decussata angusta (I?)

Trachemys scripta elegans (I)

Anolis carolinensis (W)

Anolis conspersus conspersus

Anolis equestris ssp. (W?)

Anolis garmani (W)

Anolis sagrei (I)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

Cyclura lewisi

Cyclura caymanensis (W?)

Gonatodes albogularis (W)

Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Iguana iguana (I)

Leiocephalus carinatus varius

Ophisaurus ventralis (W)

Sphaerodactylus argivus lewisi

Cubophis caymanus

Diadophis punctatus (W)

Pantherophis guttatus (I)

Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)

Tretanorhinus variabilis lewisi

Tropidophis caymanensis

Typhlops caymanensis

Crocodylus acutus (PX, W, F*)

Crocodylus acutus x *C. rhombifer* (W)

Crocodylus rhombifer (F*, E)

LITTLE CAYMAN BANK

LITTLE CAYMAN (19.69°/-80.05°) (28 km²)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis maynardii

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

Celestus maculatus

Cyclura caymanensis

Leiocephalus carinatus granti (I?)

Sphaerodactylus argivus bartschi

Cubophis ruttyi

Tropidophis parkeri

Crocodylus acutus (PX)

Owen Island (19.66°/-80.06°) (< 0.005 km²)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

Sphaerodactylus argivus bartschi

CAYMAN BRAC BANK

CAYMAN BRAC (19.72°/-79.80°) (38 km²)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Anolis conspersus lewisi

Anolis maynardii (I)

Anolis luteosignifer

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

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Celestus maculatus
Cyclura caymanensis
Leiocephalus carinatus granti
Sphaerodactylus argivus argivus

Cubophis fuscicauda
Tropidophis schwartzii
Typhlops epactius
Crocodylus acutus (PX)

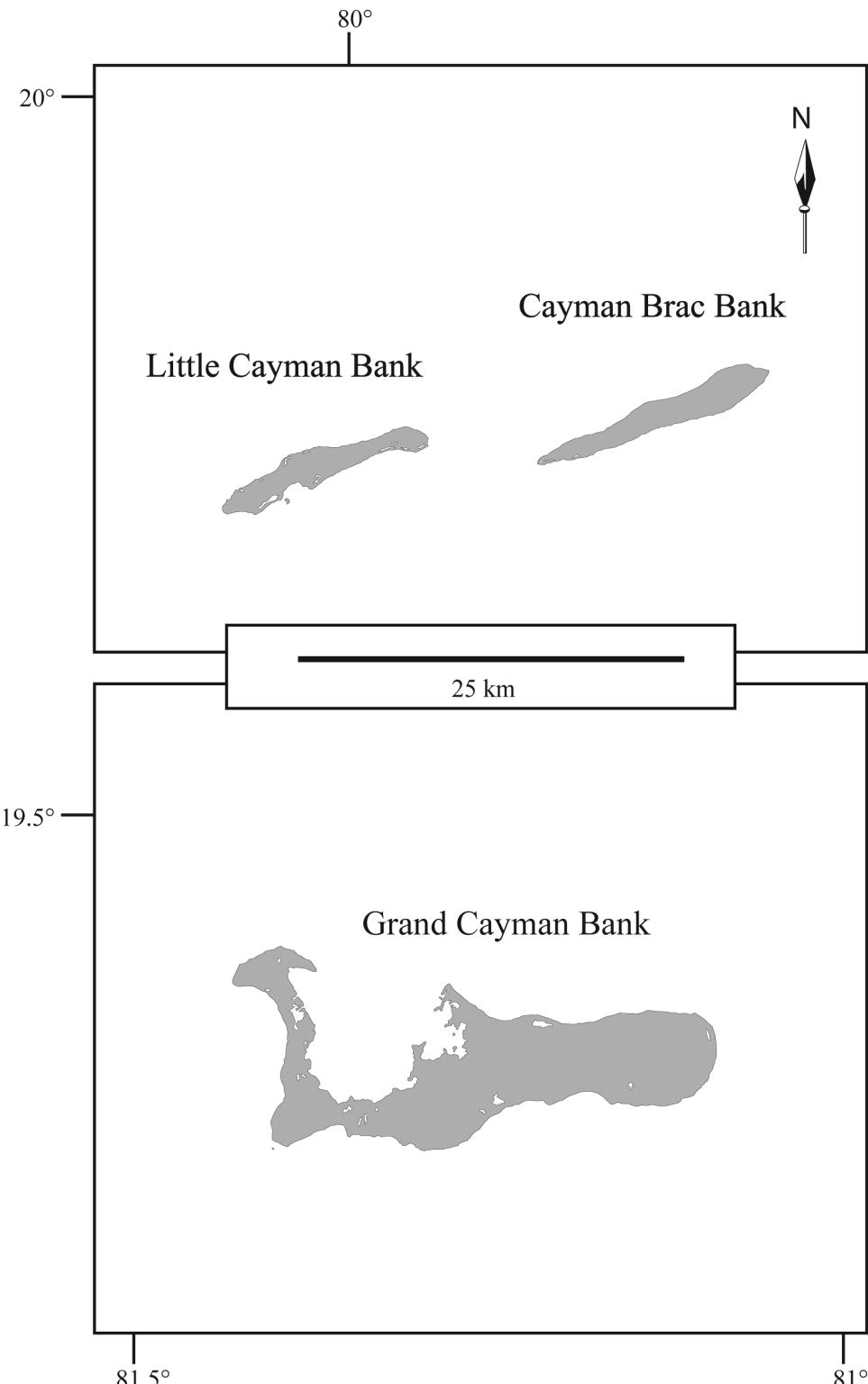


Figure 4. Map of the Cayman Islands. See Figure 5 for location of these islands relative to Cuba.

THE CUBAN ARCHIPELAGO

ALBERTO R. ESTRADA¹

The Cuban Archipelago, with a total area of approximately 110,900 km², contains the largest of the West Indian islands. In addition to the main island, the archipelago includes the Isle of Pines (Isla de la Juventud) and nearly 1,500 islets or keys (Fig. 5). Located at the entrance to the Gulf of Mexico, the entire archipelago is home to a rich fauna of over 220 species of amphibians and reptiles.

The first major compilation of the Cuban herpetofauna appeared in volumes IV and VIII of the overview by Ramón de la Sagra (1838–1861) of the physical, political, and natural history of Cuba. The herpetological sections, written by Jean-Théodore Cocteau and Gabriel Bibron, listed 34 species, of which 14 were new.

Since then, numerous contributions have documented the presence of frogs and reptiles in Cuba. Among the most important are Gundlach (1867, 1880), Barbour and Ramsden (1919), Alayo (1955), Jaume (1966), Bude (1967), Garrido (1973a, 1973b, 1976, 1980), Garrido and Jaume (1984), Garrido et al. (1986), Estrada (1992, 1993a, 1993b, 1994), Estrada and Novo (1984), Estrada and Rodríguez (1985), Estrada et al. (1987), and Novo et al. (1987). Many of these works addressed specific regions of the Cuban Archipelago, including many of the small satellite islands and archipelagos off the northern and southern coasts of the main island.

Among Cuban herpetologists, Orlando H. Garrido stands out, both for his descriptions of many species and his surveys of many satellite islands. Albert Schwartz, often in collaboration with Garrido, also made substantive contributions to Cuban herpetology. More recently, S. Blair Hedges, collaborating with Richard Thomas and several Cuban scientists, has described a number of new species. During the past few years, the work

of Cuban researchers Luis M. Díaz and Antonio Cádiz has shed new light on the amphibians of Cuba (Díaz & Cádiz, 2008).

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CUBA BANK

ISLA DE CUBA (22.00°/-78.90°) (105,806 km²)

- Eleutherodactylus acmonis*
- Eleutherodactylus adelus*
- Eleutherodactylus albipes*
- Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi*
- Eleutherodactylus atkinsi estradai*
- Eleutherodactylus auriculatus*
- Eleutherodactylus bartonsmithi*
- Eleutherodactylus blairhedgesi*
- Eleutherodactylus bresslerae*
- Eleutherodactylus casparii*
- Eleutherodactylus cubanus*
- Eleutherodactylus cuneatus*
- Eleutherodactylus dimidiatus*
- Eleutherodactylus eileenae*
- Eleutherodactylus emiliae*
- Eleutherodactylus erythrocrotus*
- Eleutherodactylus etheridgei*
- Eleutherodactylus feichtingeri*
- Eleutherodactylus glamyrus*
- Eleutherodactylus goini*
- Eleutherodactylus greyi*

¹Producciones Eleuth Inc., PMB 256-35 J. C. de Borbon, Ste. 67, Guaynabo, Puerto Rico 00969-5375, USA <solenodonare@gmail.com>

<i>Eleutherodactylus guanahacabibes</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus thomasi zayasi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus guantanamera</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus toa</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus gundlachi</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus tonyi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus iberia</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus turquinensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus intermedius</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus varians</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus ionthus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus varleyi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus jaumei</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus zeus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus klinikowskii</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus zugi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus leberi</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus limbatus</i>	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus maestrensis</i>	<i>Peltophryne cataulaciceps</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus mariposa</i>	<i>Peltophryne empusa</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus melacara</i>	<i>Peltophryne florentinoi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus michaelschmidti</i>	<i>Peltophryne fustiger</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus olibrus</i>	<i>Peltophryne gundlachi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus orientalis</i>	<i>Peltophryne longinasus loginasus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pezopetrus</i>	<i>Peltophryne longinasus cajalbanensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pinarensis</i>	<i>Peltophryne longinasus dunnii</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>	<i>Peltophryne longinasus ramsdeni</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus principalis</i>	<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus ricordii</i>	<i>Peltophryne taladai</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus riparius</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I, E)
<i>Eleutherodactylus rivularis</i>	<i>Chelonoidis cubensis</i> (F)
<i>Eleutherodactylus ronaldi</i>	<i>Trachemys decussata decussata</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus simulans</i>	<i>Trachemys decussata angusta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus symingtoni</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti auberti</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus tetajulia</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti abducta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus thomasi thomasi</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti atrothorax</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus thomasi trinidadensis</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti cacuminis</i>

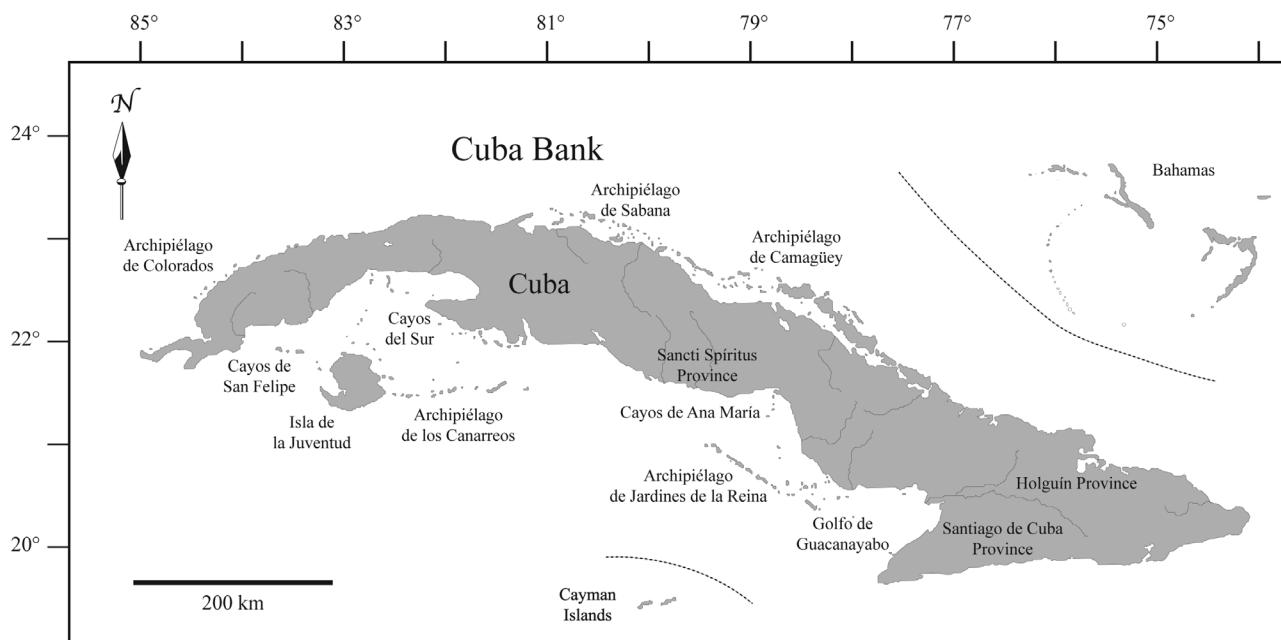


Figure 5. Map of Cuba and surrounding islands.

<i>Ameiva auberi citra</i>	<i>Anolis guazuma</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi denticola</i>	<i>Anolis homolechis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi garridoi</i>	<i>Anolis imias</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi gomea</i>	<i>Anolis incredulus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi granti</i>	<i>Anolis inexpectatus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi hardyi</i>	<i>Anolis isolepis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi llanensis</i>	<i>Anolis juangundlachi</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi orlandoi</i>	<i>Anolis jubar jubar</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi paulsoni</i>	<i>Anolis jubar albertschwartzii</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi peradusta</i>	<i>Anolis jubar cocoensis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi procer</i>	<i>Anolis jubar cuneus</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi pullata</i>	<i>Anolis jubar gibarensis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi sabulicolor</i>	<i>Anolis jubar maisensis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi schwartzii</i>	<i>Anolis jubar oriens</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi ustulata</i>	<i>Anolis jubar yaguajayensis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>	<i>Anolis litoralis</i>
<i>Amphisbaena barbouri</i>	<i>Anolis loysianus</i>
<i>Amphisbaena carlgansi</i>	<i>Anolis lucius</i>
<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>	<i>Anolis luteogularis luteogularis</i>
<i>Cadea blanoides</i>	<i>Anolis luteogularis calceus</i>
<i>Anolis agueroi</i>	<i>Anolis luteogularis jaumei</i>
<i>Anolis ahli</i>	<i>Anolis luteogularis nivevultus</i>
<i>Anolis alayoni</i>	<i>Anolis macilentus</i>
<i>Anolis alfaroi</i>	<i>Anolis mestrei</i>
<i>Anolis allisoni</i>	<i>Anolis noblei noblei</i>
<i>Anolis allegus</i>	<i>Anolis noblei galeifer</i>
<i>Anolis altitudinalis</i>	<i>Anolis ophiolepis</i>
<i>Anolis alutaceus</i>	<i>Anolis oporinus</i>
<i>Anolis anfiloquioi</i>	<i>Anolis paternus paternus</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Anolis paternus pinarensis</i>
<i>Anolis argenteolus</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Anolis argillaceus</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus aracelyae</i>
<i>Anolis baracoae</i>	<i>Anolis porcus</i>
<i>Anolis barbatus</i>	<i>Anolis pumilus</i>
<i>Anolis bartschi</i>	<i>Anolis quadriocellifer</i>
<i>Anolis birama</i>	<i>Anolis rejectus</i>
<i>Anolis bremeri bremeri</i>	<i>Anolis rubribarbus</i>
<i>Anolis centralis</i>	<i>Anolis ruibali</i>
<i>Anolis chamaeleonides</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis clivicola</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei greyi</i>
<i>Anolis confusus</i>	<i>Anolis smallwoodi smallwoodi</i>
<i>Anolis cupeyalensis</i>	<i>Anolis smallwoodi palardis</i>
<i>Anolis cyanopleurus cyanopleurus</i>	<i>Anolis smallwoodi saxuliceps</i>
<i>Anolis cyanopleurus orientalis</i>	<i>Anolis spectrum</i>
<i>Anolis delafuentei</i>	<i>Anolis terueli</i>
<i>Anolis equestris equestris</i>	<i>Anolis toldo</i>
<i>Anolis equestris buidei</i>	<i>Anolis turquinensis</i>
<i>Anolis equestris juraguensis</i>	<i>Anolis vanidicus</i>
<i>Anolis equestris persparsus</i>	<i>Anolis vermiculatus</i>
<i>Anolis equestris thomasi</i>	<i>Anolis vescus</i>
<i>Anolis equestris verreonensis</i>	<i>Aristelliger reyesi</i>
<i>Anolis fugitivus</i>	<i>Cricosaura typica</i>
<i>Anolis garridoi</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis guafe</i>	<i>Diploglossus delasagra</i>
<i>Anolis guamuhaya</i>	<i>Diploglossus garridoi</i>

- Diploglossus nigropunctatus*
Gonatodes albogularis fuscus
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus haitianus
Hemidactylus frenatus (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Hemidactylus turcicus (I)
Leiocephalus carinatus carinatus
Leiocephalus carinatus aquarius
Leiocephalus carinatus labrossythus
Leiocephalus carinatus mogotensis
Leiocephalus carinatus zayasis
Leiocephalus cubensis cubensis
Leiocephalus macropus macropus
Leiocephalus macropus aegialus
Leiocephalus macropus asbolomus
Leiocephalus macropus felinoi
Leiocephalus macropus hoplites
Leiocephalus macropus hyacinthurus
Leiocephalus macropus immaculatus
Leiocephalus macropus koopmani
Leiocephalus macropus lenticulatus
Leiocephalus macropus phylax
Leiocephalus macropus torrei
Leiocephalus onaneyi
Leiocephalus raviceps raviceps
Leiocephalus raviceps delavarai
Leiocephalus raviceps jaumei
Leiocephalus raviceps klinikowskii
Leiocephalus raviceps uzzelli
Leiocephalus stictigaster stictigaster
Leiocephalus stictigaster celestes
Leiocephalus stictigaster gibarensis
Leiocephalus stictigaster lipomator
Leiocephalus stictigaster lucianus
Leiocephalus stictigaster naranjoi
Leiocephalus stictigaster ophiplacodes
Leiocephalus stictigaster sierrae
Sphaerodactylus argus
Sphaerodactylus armasi
Sphaerodactylus bromeliarum
Sphaerodactylus celicara
Sphaerodactylus cricoderus
Sphaerodactylus dimorphicus
Sphaerodactylus docimus
Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans
Sphaerodactylus intermedius
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus alayoi
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus lissodesmus
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus strategus
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Sphaerodactylus ocujal
Sphaerodactylus oliveri
Sphaerodactylus pimienta
- Sphaerodactylus ramsdeni*
Sphaerodactylus richardi
Sphaerodactylus ruibali
Sphaerodactylus scaber
Sphaerodactylus schwartzi
Sphaerodactylus siboney
Sphaerodactylus storeyae
Sphaerodactylus torrei torrei
Sphaerodactylus torrei spielmani
Tarentola americana americana
Tarentola crombiei
Arrhyton ainictum
Arrhyton dolichura
Arrhyton procerum
Arrhyton redimitum
Arrhyton supernum
Arrhyton taeniatum
Arrhyton tanyplectum
Arrhyton vittatum
Caraiba andreae andreae
Caraiba andreae orientalis
Caraiba andreae peninsulae
Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus
Cubophis cantherigerus adspersus
Cubophis cantherigerus pepei
Cubophis cantherigerus schwartzi
Epicrates angulifer
Nerodia clarkii compressicauda
Tretanorhinus variabilis variabilis
Tretanorhinus variabilis binghami
Tretanorhinus variabilis wagleri
Tropidophis celiae
Tropidophis feicki
Tropidophis fuscus
Tropidophis galacelidus
Tropidophis hardyi
Tropidophis hendersoni
Tropidophis maculatus
Tropidophis melanurus melanurus
Tropidophis melanurus dysodess
Tropidophis morenoi
Tropidophis nigriventris
Tropidophis pardalis
Tropidophis pilsbryi
Tropidophis semicinctus
Tropidophis spiritus
Tropidophis wrighti
Tropidophis xantogaster
Typhlops anchaurus
Typhlops anousius
Typhlops arator
Typhlops contorhinus
Typhlops golyathi
Typhlops lumbricalis
Typhlops notorachius

Typhlops oxyrhinus
Typhlops pachyrhinus
Typhlops perimychus
Typhlops satelles
Typhlops cf. silus
Caiman crocodilus (I)
Crocodylus acutus
Crocodylus rhombifer

KEYS OFF THE NORTHERN COAST OF CUBA

ARCHIPIÉLAGO DE LOS COLORADOS

Cayo Inés de Soto (22.80°/-83.79)
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Levisa (22.87°/-83.54)

Ameiva auberti ssp.
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Caraiba andreae ssp.
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

Cayo la Reina (22.86°/-83.55)

Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei

Unnamed Cay

Epicrates angulifer

ARCHIPIÉLAGO DE SABANA

Cayo Aguado (22.46°/-79.32)
Eleutherodactylus planirostris planirostris
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Anolis lucius
Cyclura nubila
Caraica andreae spp.

Cayo Agustín (22.64°/-79.13)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Bahía de Cádiz (23.22°/-80.47°) (6.37 km²)

Ameiva auberti extraria
Anolis homolechis spp.

Anolis jubar spp.

Cyclura nubila

Diploglossus delasagra

Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus

Cayos Blancos (23.25°/-81.00°) (6.12 km²)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Blanquizaí (23.15°/-80.41°)

Cyclura nubila

Cayo Boca de Sagua (22.95°/-80.02°)

Ameiva auberti spp.

Cayo las Brujas (23.63°/-79.13°) (7.23 km²)

Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Ameiva auberti orlandoi

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis equestris brujensis

Anolis jubar santamariae

Anolis porcatus porcatus

Anolis pumilus

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Diploglossus delasagra

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti

Tarentola americana americana

Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus

Epicrates angulifer

Nerodia clarki compressicauda

Tropidophis melanurus ssp.

Cayo Buba (23.18°/-81.12°)

Ameiva auberti ssp.

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Hemidactylus haitianus

Cayo Caguanes (22.40°/-79.14°)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris planirostris

Eleutherodactylus thomasi

Osteopilus seprntrionalis

Anolis allisoni

Anolis alutaceus

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis lucius

Anolis porcatus porcatus

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Hemidactylus haitianus

Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus ssp.

Sphaerodactylus scaber

Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

Tropidophis maculatus

Typhlops lumbricalis

Cayo Caimán de la Bella (22.58°/-78.85°) (0.28 km²)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Caimán Grande (= Caimán del Faro) (22.69°/-78.89°) (0.23 km²)

Ameiva auberti orlandoi

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti

Sphaerodactylus scaber

Cayos Careneros (22.93°/-79.78°) (0.32 km²)

Ameiva auberti extraria

Cyclura nubila

Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

Cayos Cobos (23.63°/-79.13°) (9.09 km²)

Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila

Cayo Conuco (22.55°/-79.47°) (2.90 km²)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Amphisbaena cubana

Anolis homolechis

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis porcatus porcatus

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti

Sphaerodactylus scaber

Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus

Cayo Cruz del Padre (23.27°/-80.91°)

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Cayo Cueva (22.42°/-79.18°)

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis lucius

Cayo Cupey (in Cárdenas' Bay) (23.07°/-81.13°) (0.96 km²)

Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

Cayos de las Cinco Leguas (23.13°/-80.87°) (37.69 km²)

Ameiva auberi gemmea

Amphisbaena cubana

Anolis equestris cincoleguas

Anolis homolechis homolechis

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

Leiocephalus cubensis ssp.

Leiocephalus stictigaster ssp.

Nerodia clarkii compressicauda

Cayo Diana (23.18°/-81.11°) (0.10 km²)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Ensenachos (22.64°/-79.00°) (1.45 km²)

Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Ameiva auberi orlandoi

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis jubar santamariae

Anolis porcatus porcatus

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Leiocephalus macropus ssp.

Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis

Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans

Sphaerodactylus intermedius

Tarentola americana americana

Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

Epicrates angulifer

Cayo Español Adentro (22.62°/-79.13°)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Tarentola americana americana

Cyclura nubila

Cayo Fábrica (22.41°/-79.19°)

Anolis jubar ssp.

Cayo Felipe (22.63°/-78.63°) (0.05 km²)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Flamenco (22.03°/-81.58°)

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Frágoso (22.75°/-79.50°) (82.41 km²)

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Hemidactylus haitianus

Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans

Sphaerodactylus notatus ssp.

Tarentola americana americana

Caraiba andreae morenoi

Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Francés (22.64°/-79.22°) (6.22 km²)

Osteopilus septentrionalis

Ameiva auberi orlandoi

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis equestris potior

Anolis jubar santamariae

Anolis pigmaesquestris

Anolis porcatus porcatus

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Hemidactylus haetianus

Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis

Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti

Tarentola americana americana

Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus

Cayo Galindo (23.24°/-80.88°)

Cyclura nubila

Cayo Lanzanillo (22.94°/-79.99°) (1.70 km²)

Ameiva auberi extraria

Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cyclura nubila

Leiocephalus raviceps ssp.

Cayo Lucas (22.45°/-79.28°)

Eleutherodactylus planirostris planirostris

Eleutherodactylus thomasi

Anolis jubar ssp.

Anolis lucius

Anolis sagrei sagrei

Leiocephalus stictigaster ssp.

<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Leiocephalus macropus</i> ssp.
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>
Cayo las Tocineras (22.90°/-79.72°) (0.15 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi extraria</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>
Cayo Monos de Jutía (including Cayos Monitos de Jutía) (22.96°/-79.86°) (0.27 km ²)	<i>Caraiba andreae morenoi</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi extraria</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Tretranorhinus variabilis variabilis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>	<i>Tropidophis melanurus melanurus</i>
Cayo Obispo (22.40°/-79.15°)	Cayo Tío Pepe (22.95°/-79.82°) (5.75 km ²)
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi extraria</i>
Cayo Palma (22.39°/-79.10°) (0.27 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis equestris</i> ssp.	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.	Cayuelo de la Vela (22.94°/-79.76°) (0.02 km ²)
<i>Anolis lucius</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi extorris</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	Cayo Verde (23.14°/80.23°)
Cayo Piedra del Obispo (23.10°/-80.20°)	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	ARCHIPIÉLAGO DE CAMAGÜEY
Cayo Punta de Piedra (22.59°/-78.58°) (0.11 km ²)	Cayo Alto (22.30°/-78.31°) (0.97 km ²)
<i>Ameiva auberi extorris</i>	<i>Trachemys decussata decussata</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi</i> ssp.
Cayo Salinas (22.42°/-79.24°) (1.08 km ²)	<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.
<i>Eleutherodactylus thomasi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis lucius</i>	<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster</i> ssp.
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	Cayos los Ballenatos (in Nuevitas' Bay) (22.52°/-77.23°)
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster</i> ssp.	(0.65 km ² for all three cays)
<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>	<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>
Cayo Santa María (22.66°/-79.00°) (21.93 km ²)	<i>Anolis allisoni</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus auriculatus</i>	<i>Anolis jubar balaenarum</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus varleyi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>	<i>Gonatodes albogularis fuscus</i>
<i>Trachemys decussata decussata</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi orlandoi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	Cayo Coco (22.49°/-78.50°) (334.52 km ²)
<i>Anolis centralis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi</i>
<i>Anolis equestris potior</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus feichtingeri</i>
<i>Anolis jubar santamariae</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus riparius</i>
<i>Anolis pigmaequestris</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus thomasi</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis pumilus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Peltophryne empusa</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Peltophryne gundlachi</i>
<i>Diploglossus delasagra</i>	<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>
<i>Gonatodes albogularis fuscus</i>	<i>Trachemys decussata decussata</i>
<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi orlandoi</i>

<i>Anolis allisoni</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>
<i>Anolis pumilus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus scaber</i>
<i>Anolis equestris cyaneus</i>	<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>
<i>Anolis jubar cocoensis</i>	<i>Caraiba andreae</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>
<i>Diploglossus delasagra</i>	<i>Tropidophis pardalis</i>
<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	Cayo Guillermo (22.59°/-78.67°) (15.65 km ²)
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis</i> ssp.	<i>Ameiva auberti orlando</i>
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>	<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>	<i>Anolis centralis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus</i>	<i>Anolis jubar santamariae</i>
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Arrhyton taeniatum</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Caraiba andreae morenoi</i>	<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus schwartzii</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti</i>
<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>	<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>
<i>Tetranorhinus variabilis variabilis</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus schwartzii</i>
<i>Tropidophis melanurus</i> ssp.	<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>
<i>Tropidophis pardalis</i>	<i>Typhlops satelles</i> (?)
<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	Cayo Judas (22.25°/-78.32°)
Cayo Confites (22.19°/-77.66°)	<i>Ameiva auberti</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis equestris</i> ssp.
Cayo Cruz (22.25°/-77.81°) (26.14 km ²)	<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.
<i>Ameiva auberti orlando</i> (?)	<i>Anois sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Caraiba andreae</i> ssp.
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>	Cayo Mégano Grande (22.33°/-77.91°) (7.65 km ²)
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti orlando</i>
Cayo Guajaba (21.85°/-77.54°) (105.05 km ²)	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi</i>	<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	Cayo Paredón de Lado (= Cayo Paredón del Medio) (22.48°/-78.21°) (0.02 km ²)
<i>Peltophryne empusa</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Peltophryne gundlachi</i>	Cayo Paredón Grande (22.47°/-78.16°) (10.71 km ²)
<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi</i>
<i>Trachemys decussata decussata</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Ameiva auberti sublesta</i>	<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>
<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>	<i>Ameiva auberti</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>
<i>Anolis centralis</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Anolis equestris</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis centralis</i>
<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis homolechis homolechis</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster septentrionalis</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>	

Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus ssp.
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Tarentola americana americana
Cubophis cantherigerus schwartzi
Epicrates angulifer
Nerodia clarki compressicauda
Tropidophis melanurus
Tropidophis pardalis
Tropidophis semicinctus
Typhlops lumbricalis

Cayo Rabihorcado (S of Cayo Coco) (22.40°/-78.43°)
(0.12 km²)
Cyclura nubila

Cayo Romano (22.25°/-78.00°) (680.07 km²)
Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi
Osteopilus septentrionalis
Peltophryne empusa
Peltophryne gundlachi
Peltophryne peltcephala
Trachemys decussata decussata
Ameiva auberi ssp.
Amphisbaena cubana
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis centralis
Anolis equestris ssp.
Anolis jubar ssp.
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Hemidactylus haitianus
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.
Leiocephalus stictigaster ssp.
Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Caraiba andreae ssp.
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.
Epicrates angulifer
Tropidophis melanurus ssp.
Tropidophis pardalis
Tropidophis semicinctus
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Sabinal (21.67°/-77.25°) (338.32 km²)
Eleutherodactylus riparius
Eleutherodactylus planirostris
Osteopilus septentrionalis
Peltophryne empusa
Peltophryne gundlachi
Peltophryne peltcephala
Trachemys decussata decussata
Ameiva auberi sublesta
Amphisbaena cubana
Anolis allisoni
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

Anolis centralis
Anolis equestris sabinalensis
Anolis jubar ssp.
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Diploglossus delasagra
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.
Leiocephalus stictigaster ssp.
Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Tarentola americana americana
Arrhyton taeniatum
Caraiba andreae ssp.
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.
Epicrates angulifer
Nerodia clarkii compresicauda
Tretanorhinus variabilis
Tropidophis pardalis
Typhlops lumbricalis
Crocodylus acutus

CAYOS OFF THE NORTHERN COAST OF HOLGUÍN PROVINCE

Cayo Saetía (22.75°/-75.50°)
Eleutherodactylus varleyi
Osteopilus septentrionalis
Peltophryne peltcephala
Trachemys decussata decussata
Ameiva auberi ssp.
Anolis allisoni
Anolis equestris ssp.
Anolis homolechis homolechis
Anolis litoralis
Anolis jubar gibarensis
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis porcus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalius carinatus ssp.
Leiocephalus macropus ssp.
Sphaerodactylus nigropunctatus granti
Cubophis cantherigerus schwartzi
Epicrates angulifer

KEYS OFF THE SOUTHERN COAST OF CUBA

CAYOS DE SAN FELIPE

Cayo Coco (21.95°/-83.39°)
Cyclura nubila

Cayo Juan García (21.98°/-83.62°)
Ameiva auberi sanfelipensis
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila

Leiocephalus cubensis minor
Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Real (21.96°/-83.62°)
Osteopilus septentrionalis
Ameiva auberi sanfelipensis
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis homolechis homolechis
Anolis luteogularis sanfelipensis
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Diploglossus delasagra
Leiocephalus cubensis minor
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus
Tropidophis melanurus
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Sijú (21.95°/-83.50°)
Ameiva auberi ssp.
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus cubensis ssp.
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.
Crocodylus acutus

CAYOS BLANCOS DEL SUR
Cayo Caoba (22.12°/-81.65°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus cubensis ssp.

Cayo Diego Pérez (22.06°/-81.57°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo Ernest Thaelman (22.03°/-81.39°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.
Leiocephalus cubensis ssp.
Leiocephalus stictigaster ssp.
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.
Epicrates angulifer
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo la Esperanza (22.07°/-81.35°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila

Cayo Longino (22.08°/-81.28°)
Anolis sagrei sagrei

Cayo del Macío (22.15°/-81.61°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.
Leiocephalus cubensis ssp.
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Miguel (22.04°/-81.25°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

Cayo Pinga Larga (22.06°/-81.28°)
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus carinatus ssp.

Cayo Punta Arena (22.18°/-81.57°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Crocodylus acutus

Cayo Sibeque (= Cayo los Pájaros) (22.07°/-81.21°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Leiocephalus cubensis cubensis

Cayo del Venado (22.09°/-81.28°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Cubophis cantherigerus ssp.

ARCHIPIÉLAGO DE LOS CANARREOS
Cayo Avalos (21.55°/-82.17°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps
Anolis homolechis homolechis
Anolis porcatus porcatus
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus
Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus
Epicrates angulifer
Crocodylus acutus

Cayos Los Ballenatos (21.57°/-81.67°)
Anolis sagrei sagrei
Cyclura nubila
Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus

Cayo Campo (21.57°/-82.30°)
Ameiva auberi zugi
Anolis angusticeps angusticeps

<i>Anolis homolechis homolechis</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus oliveri</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis pambasileus</i>	<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>	<i>Tretanorhinus variabilis</i> ssp.
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
Cayo Cantiles (21.59°/-82.03°)	Cayo Majá (= Cayo los Majáes) (21.53°/-81.60°)
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>
<i>Trachemys decussata</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis homolechis homolechis</i>	Cayo Matías (21.57°/-82.43°)
<i>Anolis luteogularis coctilis</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus storeyae</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Caraiba andreae melopyrrha</i>	Cayo Matíitas (21.57°/-82.40°)
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>
<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Tropidophis melanurus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
Cayo Estopa (21.65°/-81.80°)	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	Cayo Pasaje (21.70°/-81.95°)
Cayo Farito (22.62°/-81.67°)	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
Cayo Flamenco (22.02°/-81.58°)	Cayo el Rosario (21.60°/-81.94°)
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>
Cayo Hicacos (21.57°/-82.35°)	<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis pambasileus</i>	<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	ISLA DE LA JUVENTUD (= Isla de Pinos) (21.70°/-82.84°) (2,237 km ²)
Cayo Inglés (21.62°/-81.26°)	<i>Eleutherodactylus atkinsi atkinsi</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i> ssp.	<i>Eleutherodactylus auriculatus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus oliveri</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus dimidiatus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus pinarensis</i>
Cayo Largo del Sur (21.36°/-81.48°)	<i>Eleutherodactylus planirostris</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus riparius</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi zugi</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus staurometopon</i>
<i>Anolis lucius</i> (I?)	<i>Eleutherodactylus varleyi</i>
<i>Anolis luteogularis</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (I)
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	

<i>Peltophryne cataulaciceps</i>	CAYOS DE ANA MARÍA
<i>Peltophryne empusa</i>	Cayo Arenas (21.48°/-78.81°)
<i>Peltophryne gundlachi</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Peltophryne peltcephala</i>	Cayo la Cana (21.38°/-78.80°)
<i>Trachemys decussata angusta</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi marcida</i>	ARCHIPIÉLAGO DE LOS JARDINES DE LA REINA
<i>Ameiva auberi nigriventris</i>	Cayo Anclitas (20.78°/-78.91°)
<i>Ameiva auberi secta</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
<i>Amphisbaena cubana</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>
<i>Anolis alutaceus</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Anolis angusticeps angusticeps</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis bremeri insulaepinorum</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Anolis chamaeleonides</i>	<i>Leiocephalus cubensis paraphrus</i>
<i>Anolis homolechis homolechis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>
<i>Anolis loysianus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus</i>
<i>Anolis luteogularis delacruzi</i>	<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>
<i>Anolis luteogularis hassleri</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis luteogularis sectilis</i>	Cayo Boca de Piedra Chica (20.77°/-78.88°)
<i>Anolis ophiolepis</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
<i>Anolis paternus paternus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus</i>
<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus cubensis</i>
<i>Anolis pumilus</i>	Cayo Boca de Piedra Piloto (= Cayo Piedra Piloto) (20.76°/-78.83°)
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
<i>Cadea blanoides</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Cadea palirostrata</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Diploglossus delasagra</i>	<i>Leiocephalus cubensis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus microcyon</i>	Cayo Boca Rica (20.61°/-78.48°)
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis gigas</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi</i> ssp.
<i>Leiocephalus macropus</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster astictus</i>	Cayo Cabahoramas (20.75°/-78.75°)
<i>Leiocephalus stictigaster exotheotus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>	<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.
<i>Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus</i>	Cayo Caballones (20.88°/-79.01°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus storeyae</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Arrhyton taeniatum</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Arrhyton vittatum</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Caraiba andreae nebulatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus cantherigerus</i>	Cayo Cabeza del Este (20.57°/-78.33°)
<i>Epicrates angulifer</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
<i>Tretanorhinus variabilis insulaepinorum</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Tropidophis maculatus</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Tropidophis melanurus ericksoni</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Tropidophis pardalis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>
<i>Typhlops lumbricalis</i>	<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>
<i>Caiman crocodilus</i> (I)	Cayos Cachiboca (including unnamed cay 3 km NW)
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	(20.67°/-78.75°)
<i>Crocodylus rhombifer</i>	<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>
KEYS OFF THE SOUTHERN COAST OF SANCTI SPÍRITUS PROVINCE	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
Cayo Macho de Tierra (= Cayo Macho de Afuera) (21.59°/-79.78°)	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Ameiva auberi atrothorax</i>	<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	

<i>Leiocephalus cubensis paraphrus</i>	Unnamed Cayo (E of Cayo Juan Grín) (20.63°/-78.53°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.	
Cayo Caguamas (= Cayo la Tronconera) (20.58°/-78.38°)	CAYOS DEL GOLFO DE GUACANAYABO
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	Cayo Blanco (20.48°/-77.98°)
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	Cayos de Sevilla (20.62°/-77.44°)
Cayo Campos (21.54°/-78.75°)	<i>Cyclura nubila</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
Cayo Camposanto (20.75°/-78.75°)	KEYS OFF THE SOUTHERN COAST OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA PROVINCE
<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>	Cayo Damas (19.97°/-76.40°)
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	<i>Anolis jubar oriens</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	<i>Leiocephalus macropus immaculatus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus dimorphicus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus elegans elegans</i>	
<i>Cubophis cantherigerus</i> ssp.	
Cayo Juan Grín (20.63°/-78.53°)	
<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>	
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus carinatus cayensis</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis paraphrus</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>	
Cayo las Cruces (22.75°/-78.78°)	
<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>	
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus cubensis paraphrus</i>	
Cayos Levisa (20.53°/-78.09°)	
<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>	
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	
Cayo Miraflores (20.75°/-78.75°)	
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	
Cayo Piedra Grande (22.75°/-78.82°)	
<i>Ameiva auberi galbiceps</i>	
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
<i>Cyclura nubila</i>	
Cayo Puerto Escondido (20.75°/-78.75°)	
<i>Anolis sagrei sagrei</i>	
Cayo Rosquete (20.57°/-78.22°)	
<i>Anolis jubar</i> ssp.	
<i>Tarentola americana americana</i>	

JAMAICA

Byron Wilson¹, Thera Edwards², and Robert Powell

Over 65 species of amphibians and reptiles have been documented on Jamaica and its satellites. Several species are extinct, many are threatened with extinction, and several others are not native to the area, but have become established on islands due to human activity. Besides sources noted in the Introduction, we relied on the overviews of Crombie (1999) and Wilson (2011) and a treatise by Lazell (1996).

Perimeters of cays and offshore islands were derived from tracing land areas, using either Garmin MapSource or Google Earth®. The preferred source was Google Earth®, as it provided a current satellite image of the land mass. Cays and islands that were not visible on Google Earth® were digitized in MapSource using BlueChart Americas v9.5 maps (Chart Gb383730, Chart Us26125 Portland Bight, Chart Us26127 (B) Approaches to Kingston, Morant Cays). In Map Source, the grid was set to UTM and the datum to WGS 84. The outline of the cay/island was traced and saved as a dxf file. CAD2Shape software was used to convert the dxf file to an ESRI ArcMap compatible shapefile. The shapefile was opened in a data frame set to UTM Zone 18N and assigned a UTM projection in ArcMap. The file was then re-projected into the JAD2001 datum. Cays and islands with perimeters traced in Google Earth® were saved as kml files. A JAD2001 data frame set at decimal degrees and metric units was opened and the kml files and JAD2001 files were added. All individual shapefiles were merged into one shapefile. The XTools extension was used to calculate the area of each island/cay in hectares in the final merged shapefile. The central point of each island/cay was calculated using the “convert features to spherical centroids” tool in the Graphics and Shapes extension. Since the data frame was set to decimal degrees the centroid’s X and Y coordinates were returned as longitude and

latitude in decimal degrees. The attribute table was exported to Excel and the data converted to return results to two decimal places, and change hectares to square kilometres. The calculated areas were verified by selecting two random cays/islands and comparing those results to measures generated using the online Google Planimeter.

JAMAICA BANK

JAMAICA (18.15°/-77.30°) (10,829 km²)

- Eleutherodactylus alticola*
- Eleutherodactylus andrewsi*
- Eleutherodactylus cavernicola*
- Eleutherodactylus cundalli*
- Eleutherodactylus fuscus*
- Eleutherodactylus glaucoreius*
- Eleutherodactylus gossei gossei*
- Eleutherodactylus gossei oligaulax*
- Eleutherodactylus grabhami*
- Eleutherodactylus grishus*
- Eleutherodactylus jamaicensis*
- Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)
- Eleutherodactylus junori*
- Eleutherodactylus luteolus*
- Eleutherodactylus nubicola*
- Eleutherodactylus orcutti*
- Eleutherodactylus pantoni amiantus*
- Eleutherodactylus pantoni pantoni*
- Eleutherodactylus pentasyringos*
- Eleutherodactylus planirostris* (I)
- Eleutherodactylus sisypodemus*
- Leptodactylus fallax* (I, E)
- Lithobates catesbeianus* (I)
- Osteopilus crucialis*
- Osteopilus marianae*
- Osteopilus ocellatus*
- Osteopilus* sp.
- Osteopilus wilderi*
- Rhinella marina* (I)
- Trachemys terrapen*
- Ameiva dorsalis*
- Anolis garmani*
- Anolis grahami aquarum*
- Anolis grahami grahami*
- Anolis lineatopus ahenobarbus*

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<i>Anolis lineatopus lineatopus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus goniorhynchus</i>
<i>Anolis lineatopus merope</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus oxyrhinus</i>
<i>Anolis lineatopus neckeri</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus parkeri</i>
<i>Anolis opalinus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus richardsoni gossei</i>
<i>Anolis reconditus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus richardsoni richardsoni</i>
<i>Anolis sagrei</i> ssp. (I?)	<i>Sphaerodactylus semasiops</i>
<i>Anolis valencienni</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus</i> sp.
<i>Aristelliger praesignis praesignis</i>	<i>Spondylurus fulgidus</i>
<i>Aristelliger titan</i> (F)	<i>Tarentola albertschwartzii</i> (PE)
<i>Celestus barbouri</i>	<i>Epicrates subflavus</i>
<i>Celestus crusculus crusculus</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus ater</i> (PE)
<i>Celestus crusculus cundalli</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus callilaemus</i>
<i>Celestus duquesneyi</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus funererus</i>
<i>Celestus fowleri</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus polylepis</i>
<i>Celestus hewardii</i>	<i>Tropidophis jamaicensis</i>
<i>Celestus microblepharis</i> (PE)	<i>Tropidophis stejnegeri</i>
<i>Celestus molesworthi</i> (PE)	<i>Tropidophis stullae</i>
<i>Celestus occiduus</i> (PE)	<i>Typhlops jamaicensis</i>
<i>Cyclura collei</i>	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>
<i>Gonatodes albogularis notatus</i> (I?)	Big Halfmoon Cay (17.74° - 77.09°) (0.04 km^2)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Ameiva dorsalis</i>
<i>Leiocephalus jamaicensis</i> (F)	Big Pelican Cay (17.80° - 77.02°) (0.03 km^2)
<i>Sphaerodactylus argus</i>	<i>Ameiva dorsalis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus dacnicolor</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus gilvitorques</i> (PE)	

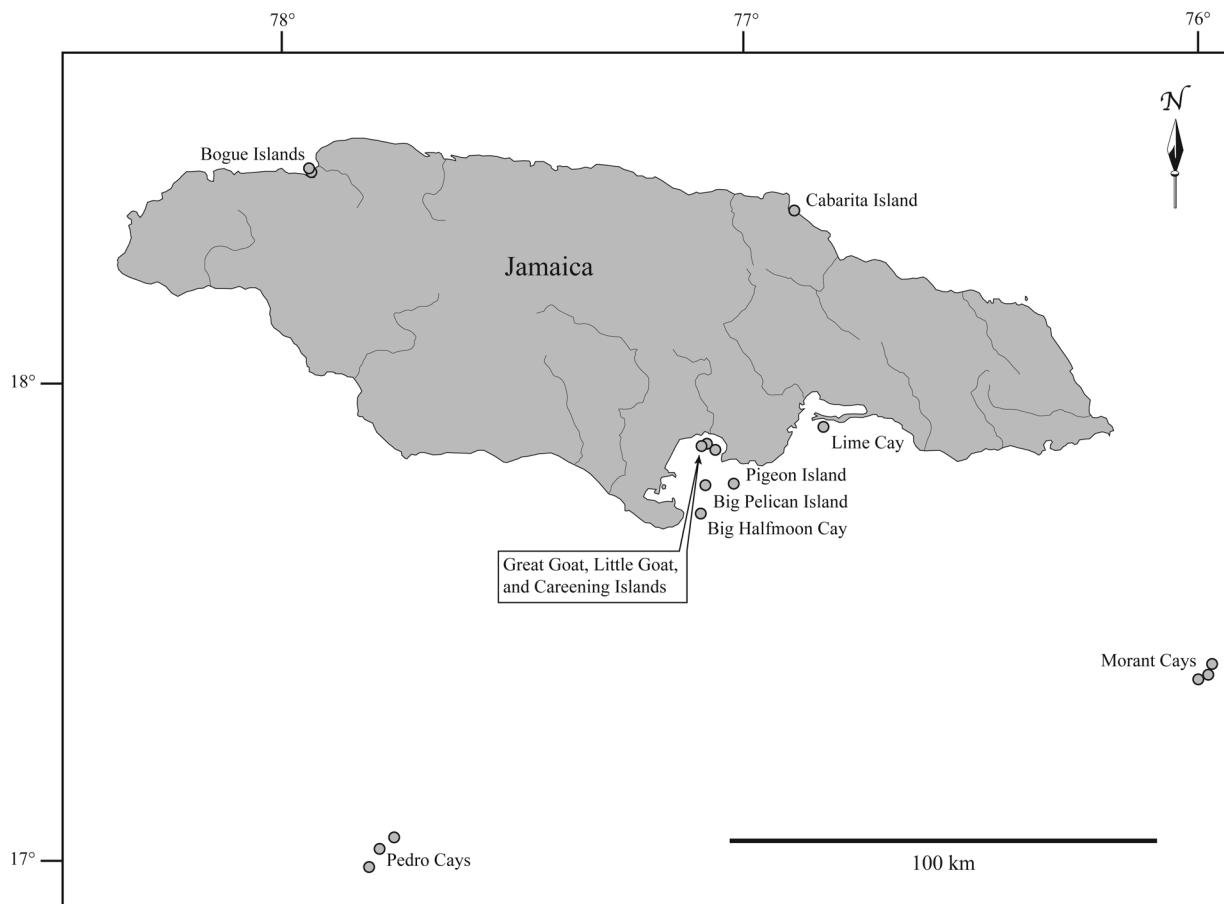


Figure 6. Map of Jamaica and surrounding small islands and cays.

Bogue Islands (18.45° /- 77.94°) (0.16 km^2 for three cays combined)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

Cabarita Island (18.37° /- 76.88°) (0.02 km^2)

Anolis grahami grahami

Anolis lineatopus merope

Sphaerodactylus goniorhynchus

Careening Island (= Crane Island) (17.88° /- 77.08°) (0.21 km^2)

Anolis grahami grahami

Anolis lineatopus lineatopus

Goat Island (= Great Goat Island) (17.87° /- 77.05°) (2.20 km^2)

Anolis grahami grahami

Anolis lineatopus lineatopus

Anolis opalinus

Cyclura collei (PE)

Sphaerodactylus argus

Epicrates subflavus (?)

Lime Cay (17.92° /- 76.82°) (0.02 km^2)

Ameiva dorsalis

Little Goat Island (17.89° /- 77.07°) (1.04 km^2)

Anolis grahami grahami

Anolis lineatopus lineatopus

Anolis opalinus

Cyclura collei (PE)

Sphaerodactylus argus

NE Morant Cay (17.42° /- 75.97°) (0.07 km^2)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

Sphaerodactylus notatus atactus (I?)

NE Pedro Cay (= Top Cay) (17.05° /- 77.75°) (0.04 km^2)

Sphaerodactylus argus

Pigeon Island (17.80° /- 77.07°) (0.18 km^2)

Ameiva dorsalis

SE Morant Cay (17.39° /- 75.98°) (0.09 km^2)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

SW Morant Cay (= Rocky Morant Cay) (17.39° /- 76.00
(0.02 km^2))

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

SW Pedro Cay (= Bird Cay) (16.99° /- 77.81°) (0.17 km^2)

Aristelliger praesignis praesignis

HISPANIOLA AND NAVASSA

Robert Powell¹

Well over 200 species of amphibians and reptiles have been documented on Hispaniola and its satellites, and an additional nine species occur or are thought to have occurred on Navassa. Several species are extinct, many are threatened with extinction, and several others are not native to the area, but have become established on islands due to human activity.

Besides sources noted in the Introduction, I relied on the overviews of Powell et al. (1999) and Powell and Incháustegui (2011), various reports of my own fieldwork (including a trip to Navassa; Powell 1999), and personal communications with Sixto J. Incháustegui. I gleaned latitude and longitude from the online gazetteer (www.tageo.com) and gazetteers prepared by the Defense Mapping Agency Topographic Center (1973). For areas of the Cayos Siete Hermanos and Cayo Pisaje, I consulted Burns et al. (1992) and Yeska et al. (2000), respectively.

NAVASSA BANK

NAVASSA ISLAND (18.40°/-75.01°) (5.2 km²)
Chelonoidis sp. (F)
Anolis longiceps
Aristelliger cochranae
Celestus badius
Cyclura onchiopsis (PE)
Leiocephalus eremitus (PE)
Sphaerodactylus becki
Tropidophis bucculentus (PE)
Typhlops sulcatus (PX)

HISPANIOLA BANK

HISPANIOLA (18.95°/-71.26°) (73,929 km²)
Eleutherodactylus abbotti
Eleutherodactylus alcoae
Eleutherodactylus amadeus
Eleutherodactylus aporostegus
Eleutherodactylus apostates
Eleutherodactylus armstrongi
Eleutherodactylus audanti audanti
Eleutherodactylus auriculatoides
Eleutherodactylus bakeri
Eleutherodactylus bothroboans

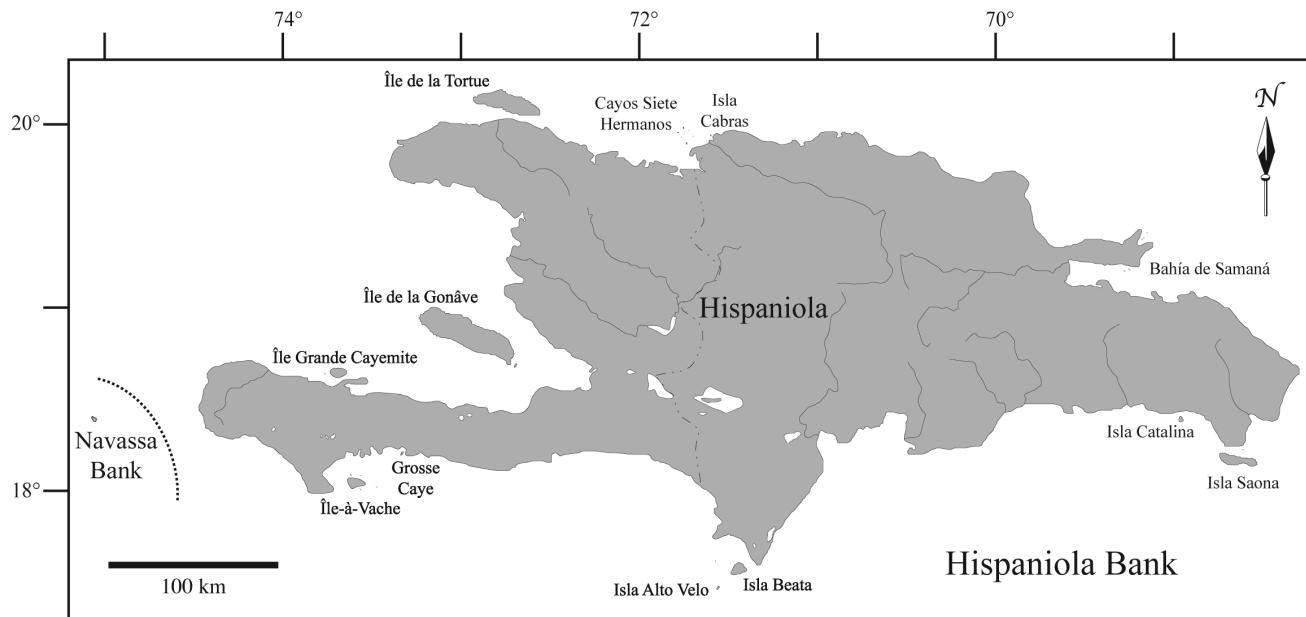


Figure 7. Map of the Hispaniola and Navassa banks.

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<i>Eleutherodactylus brevirostris</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus warreni</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus caribe</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus weinlandi weinlandi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus chlorophenax</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus weinlandi chersonesodes</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus corona</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus wetmorei wetmorei</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (W?)	<i>Eleutherodactylus wetmorei ceraemerus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus counouspeus</i>	<i>Hypsiboas heilprini</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus darlingtoni</i>	<i>Leptodactylus albilabris</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus diplasius</i>	<i>Osteopilus dominicensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus dolomedes</i>	<i>Osteopilus pulchrilineatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus eunaster</i>	<i>Osteopilus vastus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus flavescens</i>	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus fowleri</i>	<i>Peltophryne fluviatrica</i> (PE)
<i>Eleutherodactylus furcyensis</i>	<i>Peltophryne fracta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus glandulifer</i>	<i>Peltophryne guentheri</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus glanduliferooides</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus glaphycompus</i>	<i>Chelonoidis</i> sp. (F)
<i>Eleutherodactylus grahami</i>	<i>Trachemys decorata</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus haitianus</i>	<i>Trachemys scripta elegans</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus heminota</i>	<i>Trachemys stejnegeri vicina</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus hypostenor</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema chrysolaema</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus inoptatus</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema alacris</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus jugans</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema boekeri</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus lamprotes</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema defensor</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus leonci</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema evulsa</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus limbensis</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema ficta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus lucioi</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema jacta</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus melatrigonum</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema parvoris</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus minutus</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema procax</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus montanus</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema quadrijugis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus nortoni</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus notidodes</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema umbratilis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus oxyrhyncus</i>	<i>Ameiva lineolata lineolata</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus parabates</i>	<i>Ameiva lineolata meracula</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus paralius</i>	<i>Ameiva lineolata perpllicata</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus parapelates</i>	<i>Ameiva lineolata privigna</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus patriciae</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura azuae</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus paulsoni</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura barbouri</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pictissimus pictissimus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura ignobilis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pictissimus apantheatus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura meyerabichi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pictissimus eremus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura regnatrix</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus pituinus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura taeniura</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus poolei</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura tofacea</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus probolaeus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura vafra</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rhodesi</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura varica</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rucillensis</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura vulcanalis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus rufifemoralis</i>	<i>Anolis aliniger</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus ruthae</i>	<i>Anolis altavelensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus schmidti</i>	<i>Anolis alumina</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus sciagraphus</i>	<i>Anolis armouri</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus semipalmatus</i>	<i>Anolis bahorucoensis bahorucoensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus sommeri</i>	<i>Anolis bahorucoensis southerlandi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus</i> sp. (F)	<i>Anolis baleatus altager</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus thorectes</i>	<i>Anolis baleatus baleatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus tychathrous</i>	<i>Anolis baleatus caeruleolatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus ventrilineatus</i>	<i>Anolis baleatus fraudator</i>

<i>Anolis baleatus litorisilva</i>	<i>Anolis olssoni olssoni</i>
<i>Anolis baleatus multistruppus</i>	<i>Anolis olssoni palloris</i>
<i>Anolis baleatus samanae</i>	<i>Anolis placidus</i>
<i>Anolis baleatus scelestus</i>	<i>Anolis porcatus porcatus</i> (I)
<i>Anolis baleatus sublimis</i>	<i>Anolis ricordii leberi</i>
<i>Anolis barahonae albocellatus</i>	<i>Anolis ricordii ricordii</i>
<i>Anolis barahonae barahonae</i>	<i>Anolis ricordii subsolanus</i>
<i>Anolis barahonae ininquinatus</i>	<i>Anolis ricordii viculus</i>
<i>Anolis barahonae mulitus</i>	<i>Anolis rimarum</i>
<i>Anolis barbouri</i>	<i>Anolis rupinae</i>
<i>Anolis breslini</i>	<i>Anolis semilineatus</i>
<i>Anolis brevirostris brevirostris</i>	<i>Anolis sheplani</i>
<i>Anolis brevirostris deserticola</i>	<i>Anolis shrevei</i>
<i>Anolis brevirostris wetmorei</i>	<i>Anolis singularis</i>
<i>Anolis caudalis</i>	<i>Anolis strahmi abditus</i>
<i>Anolis chlorocyanus chlorocyanus</i>	<i>Anolis strahmi strahmi</i>
<i>Anolis chlorocyanus cyanostictus</i>	<i>Anolis websteri</i>
<i>Anolis christophei</i>	<i>Anolis whitemani whitemani</i>
<i>Anolis coelestinus coelestinus</i>	<i>Anolis whitemani lapidosus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i> (I)	<i>Aristelliger expectatus</i>
<i>Anolis cybotes cybotes</i>	<i>Aristelliger lar</i>
<i>Anolis cybotes doris</i>	<i>Celestus agasepsoides</i>
<i>Anolis cybotes ravifaux</i>	<i>Celestus anelpistus</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis darlingtoni</i>	<i>Celestus costatus chalcorhabdus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus aurifer</i>	<i>Celestus costatus costatus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus dominicensis</i>	<i>Celestus costatus leionotus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus favillarum</i>	<i>Celestus costatus melanchrous</i>
<i>Anolis distichus ignigularis</i>	<i>Celestus costatus neiba</i>
<i>Anolis distichus properus</i>	<i>Celestus costatus oreistes</i>
<i>Anolis distichus ravitergum</i>	<i>Celestus costatus psychonothes</i>
<i>Anolis distichus suppar</i>	<i>Celestus curtissi aporus</i>
<i>Anolis distichus vinosus</i>	<i>Celestus curtissi curtissi</i>
<i>Anolis dolichocephalus dolichocephalus</i>	<i>Celestus curtissi diastatus</i>
<i>Anolis dolichocephalus portusalus</i>	<i>Celestus curtissi hylonomus</i>
<i>Anolis dolichocephalus sarmenticola</i>	<i>Celestus darlingtoni</i>
<i>Anolis dominicanus</i> (F)	<i>Celestus haetianus haetianus</i>
<i>Anolis etheridgei</i>	<i>Celestus haetianus mylicus</i>
<i>Anolis eugenegrahami</i>	<i>Celestus haetianus surdus</i>
<i>Anolis fowleri</i>	<i>Celestus macrotus</i>
<i>Anolis haetianus</i>	<i>Celestus marcanoi</i>
<i>Anolis hendersoni hendersoni</i>	<i>Celestus sepsoides</i>
<i>Anolis hendersoni ravidormitans</i>	<i>Celestus stenurus alloeoides</i>
<i>Anolis insolitus</i>	<i>Celestus stenurus stenurus</i>
<i>Anolis koopmani</i>	<i>Celestus stenurus rugosus</i>
<i>Anolis longitibialis longitibialis</i>	<i>Celestus stenurus weinlandi</i>
<i>Anolis longitibialis specuum</i>	<i>Celestus warreni</i>
<i>Anolis marcanoi</i>	<i>Cyclura cornuta</i>
<i>Anolis marron</i>	<i>Cyclura ricordii</i>
<i>Anolis monticola monticola</i>	<i>Gonatodes albogularis notatus</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis monticola quadrisartus</i>	<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i> (W?)
<i>Anolis olssoni alienus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>
<i>Anolis olssoni dominicensis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i> (I)
<i>Anolis olssoni extentus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis olssoni ferrugicauda</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (W?)
<i>Anolis olssoni montivagus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus anonymous</i> (F)

- Leiocephalus altavelensis*
Leiocephalus apertosculcus (F)
Leiocephalus barahonensis aureus
Leiocephalus barahonensis barahonensis
Leiocephalus barahonensis oxygaster
Leiocephalus endomychus
Leiocephalus lunatus arenicolor
Leiocephalus lunatus lewisi
Leiocephalus lunatus lunatus
Leiocephalus lunatus thomasi
Leiocephalus melanochlorus hypsistus
Leiocephalus melanochlorus melanochlorus
Leiocephalus personatus personatus
Leiocephalus personatus actites
Leiocephalus personatus agraulus
Leiocephalus personatus budeni
Leiocephalus personatus elattoprosopon
Leiocephalus personatus mentalis
Leiocephalus personatus poikilometes
Leiocephalus personatus pyrrholaemus
Leiocephalus personatus scalaris
Leiocephalus personatus socoensis
Leiocephalus personatus tarachodes
Leiocephalus personatus trujilloensis
Leiocephalus pratensis chimarus
Leiocephalus pratensis pratensis
Leiocephalus rhutidira
Leiocephalus schreibersii schreibersii
Leiocephalus semilineatus
Mabuya hispaniolae (PE)
Phyllodactylus hispaniolae
Phyllodactylus sommeri
Sphaerodactylus altavelensis altavelensis (?)
Sphaerodactylus altavelensis brevirostratus
Sphaerodactylus altavelensis enriquilloensis
Sphaerodactylus altavelensis lucioi
Sphaerodactylus ariasae
Sphaerodactylus armstrongi armstrongi
Sphaerodactylus armstrongi hypsinephes
Sphaerodactylus asterulus
Sphaerodactylus callocricus
Sphaerodactylus cinereus cinereus
Sphaerodactylus cinereus stejnegeri
Sphaerodactylus clenchi apocoptus
Sphaerodactylus clenchi clenchi
Sphaerodactylus cochranae
Sphaerodactylus copei astreptus
Sphaerodactylus copei cataplexis
Sphaerodactylus copei copei
Sphaerodactylus copei enochrus
Sphaerodactylus copei pelates
Sphaerodactylus copei picturatus
Sphaerodactylus copei websteri
Sphaerodactylus cryphius
Sphaerodactylus darlingtoni bobilini
- Sphaerodactylus darlingtoni darlingtoni*
Sphaerodactylus darlingtoni mekistus
Sphaerodactylus darlingtoni noblei
Sphaerodactylus difficilis difficilis
Sphaerodactylus difficilis anthracomus
Sphaerodactylus difficilis diolenius
Sphaerodactylus difficilis lycauges
Sphaerodactylus difficilis peratus
Sphaerodactylus difficilis typhlopous
Sphaerodactylus dommeli (F)
Sphaerodactylus elasmorhynchus
Sphaerodactylus elegans punctatissimus
Sphaerodactylus epiurus
Sphaerodactylus ladae
Sphaerodactylus lazelli
Sphaerodactylus leucaster
Sphaerodactylus nycteropus
Sphaerodactylus ocoae
Sphaerodactylus omoglaux
Sphaerodactylus perissodactylus
Sphaerodactylus plummeri
Sphaerodactylus randi methorius
Sphaerodactylus randi randi
Sphaerodactylus randi strahmi
Sphaerodactylus rhabdotus
Sphaerodactylus samanensis
Sphaerodactylus savagei juanilloensis
Sphaerodactylus savagei savagei
Sphaerodactylus schuberti
Sphaerodactylus shrevei
Sphaerodactylus sommeri
Sphaerodactylus streptophorus sphenophanes
Sphaerodactylus streptophorus streptophorus
Sphaerodactylus thompsoni
Sphaerodactylus williamsi
Sphaerodactylus zygaena
Spondylurus haitiae (PE)
Spondylurus lineolatus (PE)
Amphisbaena caudalis
Amphisbaena hyporissor hyporissor
Amphisbaena hyporissor leberi
Amphisbaena innocens
Amphisbaena leali
Amphisbaena manni
Boa constrictor (W)
Epicrates fordii agametus
Epicrates fordii fordii
Epicrates gracilis gracilis
Epicrates gracilis hapalus
Epicrates striatus exagistus
Epicrates striatus striatus
Haitiophis anomalus
Hypsirhynchus ferox ferox
Hypsirhynchus melanichnus (PE)
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons lincolni

<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons niger</i>	Cayo Monte Grande (Siete Hermanos) (19.88° / -71.79°) (0.12 km^2)
<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons paraniger</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>
<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons parvifrons</i>	<i>Anolis cybotes cybotes</i>
<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons protenus</i>	<i>Aristelliger lar</i>
<i>Hypsirhynchus scalaris</i>	<i>Celestus stenurus rugosus</i>
<i>Ialtris agyrtes</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus difficilis typhlopus</i>
<i>Ialtris dorsalis</i>	
<i>Ialtris haetianus haetianus</i>	Cayo Muertos (Siete Hermanos) (19.85° / -71.82°) (0.12 km^2)
<i>Ialtris haetianus perfector</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>
<i>Ialtris haetianus vaticinata</i>	<i>Leiocephalus schreibersii schreibersii</i>
<i>Ialtris parishi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus difficilis typhlopus</i>
<i>Mitophis asbolepis</i>	
<i>Mitophis calypso</i>	Cayo Pascual (Bahía de Samaná) (= Cayo la Farola = Isla Pascal) (19.17° / -69.27°)
<i>Mitophis leptepileptus</i>	<i>Anolis baleatus samanae</i>
<i>Mitophis pyrites</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus difficilis diolenius</i>
<i>Tropidophis haetianus haetianus</i>	
<i>Tropidophis haetianus hemerus</i>	Cayo Pisaje (17.84° / -71.28°) (0.29 km^2)
<i>Tropidophis haetianus tiburonensis</i>	<i>Anolis brevirostris wetmorei</i>
<i>Typhlops agoralionis</i>	<i>Aristelliger expectatus</i>
<i>Typhlops capitulatus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus barahonensis oxygaster</i>
<i>Typhlops eperopeus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus randi strahmi</i>
<i>Typhlops gonavensis</i>	
<i>Typhlops hectus</i>	Cayo Ratas (Siete Hermanos) (19.88° / -71.82°) (0.13 km^2)
<i>Typhlops proancylops</i>	<i>Leiocephalus schreibersii schreibersii</i>
<i>Typhlops pusillus</i>	
<i>Typhlops schwartzi</i>	Cayo Tercero (Siete Hermanos) (19.89° / -71.81°) (0.15 km^2)
<i>Typhlops sulcatus</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>
<i>Typhlops syletor</i>	<i>Anolis distichus dominicensis</i>
<i>Typhlops syntherus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus schreibersii schreibersii</i>
<i>Typhlops tetrathyreus</i>	
<i>Typhlops titanops</i>	Cayo Tororú (Siete Hermanos) (19.83° / -71.80°) (0.12 km^2)
<i>Uromacer catesbyi catesbyi</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>
<i>Uromacer catesbyi hariolatus</i>	<i>Celestus costatus</i> ssp.
<i>Uromacer catesbyi pampineus</i>	<i>Leiocephalus schreibersii schreibersii</i>
<i>Uromacer frenatus frenatus</i>	
<i>Uromacer frenatus chloraugeus</i>	Grosse Caye (18.22° / -73.40°)
<i>Uromacer oxyrhynchus</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema evulsa</i>
<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>	<i>Ameiva taeniura taeniura</i>
	<i>Leiocephalus personatus elattoprosopon</i>
Cayo Arenas (Siete Hermanos) (19.87° / -71.85°) (0.04 km^2)	<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons parvifrons</i>
None	<i>Uromacer frenatus frenatus</i>
Cayo Hondo (Bahía de Samaná) (= Cayo Alcatraz = Cayo del Sur = Cayo Playa Hondo) (19.10° / -69.16°)	
<i>Anolis baleatus samanae</i>	
Cayo Levantado (Bahía de Samaná) (19.10° / -69.17°) (1.5 km^2)	
<i>Aristelliger lar</i>	
Cayo Monte Chico (Siete Hermanos) (19.86° / -71.77°) (0.09 km^2)	
<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>	Île à Cabrit (Baie de Port-au-Prince) (= Caye Carenage) (18.70° / -72.38°)
<i>Anolis distichus dominicensis</i>	<i>Ameiva chrysolaema chrysolaema</i>
<i>Aristelliger lar</i>	<i>Ameiva lineolata lineolata</i>
<i>Leiocephalus personatus scalaris</i>	<i>Anolis brevirostris brevirostris</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus difficilis typhlopus</i>	<i>Anolis caudalis</i>

Île de la Gonâve (18.85°/-73.06°) (692 km²)

Osteopilus dominicensis
Ameiva chrysolaema secessa
Ameiva taeniura barbouri
Anolis caudalis
Anolis chlorocyanus chlorocyanus
Anolis cybotes doris
Anolis olssoni insulanus
Anolis singularis
Anolis strahmi abditus
Anolis strahmi strahmi
Aristelliger expectatus
Celestus curtissi curtissi
Celestus sepsoides
Gonatodes albogularis notatus
Leiocephalus vinculum
Sphaerodactylus copei deuterus
Sphaerodactylus elegans punctatissimus
Amphisbaena gonavensis
Epicrates fordii fordii
Epicrates striatus striatus
Hypsirhynchus ferox paracrousis
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons allenii
Ialtris dorsalis
Tropidophis haetianus haetianus
Typhlops gonavensis
Typhlops pusillus
Typhlops sulcatus
Uromacer catesbyi frondicolor
Uromacer frenatus dorsalis
Crocodylus acutus (PX)

Île Grande Cayemite (18.61°/-73.75°)

Osteopilus dominicensis
Ameiva taeniura pentamerinthus
Anolis coelestinus demissus
Anolis cybotes cybotes
Anolis distichus patruelis
Anolis semilineatus
Celestus sepsoides
Celestus stenurus ssp.
Cyclura cornuta
Sphaerodactylus copei polyommatus
Sphaerodactylus elegans punctatissimus
Amphisbaena caudalis
Amphisbaena cayemite
Amphisbaena innocens
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons parvifrons
Typhlops hectus
Typhlops pusillus
Typhlops sulcatus
Uromacer catesbyi cereolineatus
Uromacer frenatus ssp.

Île Petite Cayemite (18.61°/-73.81°)

Ameiva taeniura taeniura

Anolis distichus patruelis

Cyclura cornuta (PE)
Uromacer catesbyi cereolineatus

Île de la Petite Gonâve (18.70°/-72.80°)

Anolis caudalis
Cyclura cornuta
Amphisbaena gonavensis
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons allenii

Île de la Tortue (20.05°/-72.79°) (188 km²)

Eleutherodactylus inoptatus
Eleutherodactylus warreni
Osteopilus dominicensis
Ameiva chrysolaema woodi
Anolis chlorocyanus chlorocyanus
Anolis cybotes cybotes
Anolis distichus dominicensis
Anolis semilineatus
Aristelliger expectatus
Celestus costatus emys
Celestus curtissi diastatus
Celestus warreni
Cyclura cornuta
Leiocephalus schreibersii nesomorus
Sphaerodactylus difficilis euopter
Amphisbaena manni
Epicrates striatus warreni
Haitiophis anomalus
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons tortuganus
Ialtris dorsalis
Ialtris parishii
Tropidophis haetianus haetianus
Typhlops pusillus
Uromacer oxyrhynchus

Île-à-Vache (18.08°/-73.64°) (48.5 km²)

Eleutherodactylus pictissimus pictissimus
Osteopilus dominicensis
Ameiva taeniura aequorea
Anolis coelestinus pecuarius
Anolis cybotes cybotes
Anolis distichus juliae
Celestus costatus nesobous
Celestus stenurus stenurus
Leiocephalus melanochlorus melanochlorus
Sphaerodactylus copei cataplexis
Epicrates striatus exagistus
Hypsirhynchus parvifrons rosamondae
Ialtris dorsalis
Uromacer catesbyi insulaevaccarum
Uromacer frenatus ssp.
Crocodylus acutus (PE)

Isla Alto Velo (17.48°/-71.64°) (1.4 km²)

Anolis altavelensis
Aristelliger expectatus

<i>Leiocephalus altavelensis</i>	<i>Leiocephalus lunatus louisae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus altavelensis altavelensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus savagei juanilloensis</i>
<i>Typhlops sulcatus</i>	<i>Epicrates fordii fordii</i>
Isla Beata (17.57°/-71.52°) (42.1 km ²)	<i>Epicrates striatus striatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus alcoae</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus ferox exedrus</i>
<i>Ameiva chrysolaema abbotti</i>	<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons stygius</i>
<i>Ameiva lineolata beatensis</i>	<i>Typhlops pusillus</i>
<i>Anolis brevirostris wetmorei</i>	<i>Uromacer catesbyi inchausteguii</i>
<i>Anolis longitibialis longitibialis</i>	<i>Uromacer oxyrhynchus</i>
<i>Aristelliger expectatus</i>	
<i>Cyclura cornuta</i>	
<i>Leiocephalus barahonensis beatanus</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus ariasae</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus thompsoni</i>	
<i>Amphisbaena hyporissor leberi</i>	
<i>Haitiophis anomalus</i>	
<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons lincolni</i>	
<i>Uromacer frenatus wetmorei</i>	
Isla Cabras (Monte Cristi) (19.89°/-71.67°) (0.29 km ²)	
<i>Ameiva chrysolaema regularis</i>	
<i>Ameiva lineolata meracula</i>	
<i>Anolis distichus dominicensis</i>	
<i>Anolis olssoni olssoni</i>	
<i>Anolis whitemani</i> ssp.	
<i>Leiocephalus personatus scalaris</i>	
Isla Catalina (18.36°/-69.01°) (9.2 km ²)	
<i>Ameiva chrysolaema parvoris</i>	
<i>Ameiva lineolata semota</i>	
<i>Anolis cybotes cybotes</i>	
<i>Anolis distichus tostus</i>	
<i>Anolis semilineatus</i>	
<i>Aristelliger lar</i>	
<i>Celestus curtissi</i> ssp.	
<i>Leiocephalus lunatus melaenascelis</i>	
<i>Epicrates fordii fordii</i>	
<i>Hypsirhynchus parvifrons paraniger</i>	
<i>Typhlops pusillus</i>	
<i>Uromacer oxyrhynchus</i>	
Isla Catalinita (18.19°/-68.64°) (0.22 km ²)	
<i>Anolis cybotes</i> ssp.	
<i>Celestus costatus aenetergum</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus savagei</i> ssp.	
Isla Saona (18.15°/-68.67°) (105 km ²)	
<i>Osteopilus dominicensis</i>	
<i>Ameiva chrysolaema richardthomasi</i>	
<i>Ameiva taeniura rosamondae</i>	
<i>Anolis baleatus lineatacerix</i>	
<i>Anolis chlorocyanus chlorocyanus</i>	
<i>Anolis cybotes ravifaux</i>	
<i>Anolis distichus sejunctus</i>	
<i>Celestus costatus saonae</i>	
<i>Celestus curtissi</i> ssp.	
<i>Cyclura cornuta</i>	
<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>	

PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

Gregory C. Mayer¹

"The multitude of other islands in the group will well repay the visit of the zoologist, since the life of this section of the West Indies cannot be said to be known until all the cays and islets have been investigated" (Wetmore 1927).

Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands comprise over 150 islands for which herpetological records exist. These islands are spread over five island banks: the Mona Bank, the Monito Bank, the Desecheo Bank, the Puerto Rico Bank (also known as Greater Puerto Rico: Schmidt 1928), and the St. Croix Bank (Fig. 8). The Puerto Rico Bank extends from the Mona Passage in the west to the Anegada Passage in the east. On the north, it is bordered by the Puerto Rican Trench, and to the south deep water separates it from St. Croix. The islands on this bank are Puerto Rico and adjacent islets, the Passage Islands (Vieques and Culebra and associated islets), the U.S. Virgin Islands (except St. Croix), and the British Virgin Islands. All of these islands were united into a single land mass during the low sea level stands associated with the Pleistocene glacial maxima, when sea level stood approximately 120 m below its present level (Heatwole & MacKenzie 1967, Fairbanks 1989). Because banks set the limits to recent over-land dispersal, they are key entities in herpetogeographic analyses (Barbour & Shreve 1935). The islands of the other banks are separated from the Puerto Rico Bank by water sufficiently deep to have precluded their being joined to Greater Puerto Rico by any glacial sea level drop. The Mona Bank, 60 km west of Puerto Rico, has a single island, Isla Mona. Two kilometers to the northwest, separated by water over 220 m deep, is the Monito Bank, with its single island, Isla Monito. The Desecheo Bank, 20 km west of Puerto Rico, also has but one island, Isla Desecheo. The fauna of these three islands is derived, in whole

or in part, from that of Puerto Rico, to which they belong politically. The St. Croix Bank, 40 km south of St. Thomas (on the Puerto Rico Bank), consists of St. Croix and four small islets. Its fauna shows considerable endemism, but also shares several forms with the Puerto Rico Bank.

About 100 species of reptiles and amphibians have been recorded from the area covered, of which more than 20 have been introduced. The introduced populations of *Cyclura pinguis* are deliberate translocations within the probable former range of this endangered species (Lazell 2005).

The following lists were compiled starting with the distributional checklist in Mayer (1989), to which I added the results of more recent fieldwork, data from the examination of museum specimens, and literature records. In addition to the general works cited in the introduction, the works of Stejneger (1904), Schmidt (1928), Grant (e.g., 1937), Philibosian and Yntema (1976, 1978), Rivero (1978, 1998), Heatwole et al. (1981), MacLean (1982), and Lazell (1983) are fundamental for Puerto Rican/Virgin Island herpetology. More recent works that have made useful compilations are Ovaska et al. (2000), Platenberg (2007), Perry and Gerber (2011), Platenberg and Boulon (2011), and Powell et al. (2011). Distributions within the large island of Puerto Rico are addressed in Rivero (1978, 1998), Schwartz and Henderson (1991), and Hedges (2012).

For areas and locations, the chief sources were McGuire (1925), Lazell (1983), the U.S. Geological Survey Geographic Names Information System (www.geonames.usgs.gov), the Montana State University Environmental Statistics Group (www.esg.montana.edu), and the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (<http://earth-info.nga.mil/gns/html/index.html>), supplemented by Google

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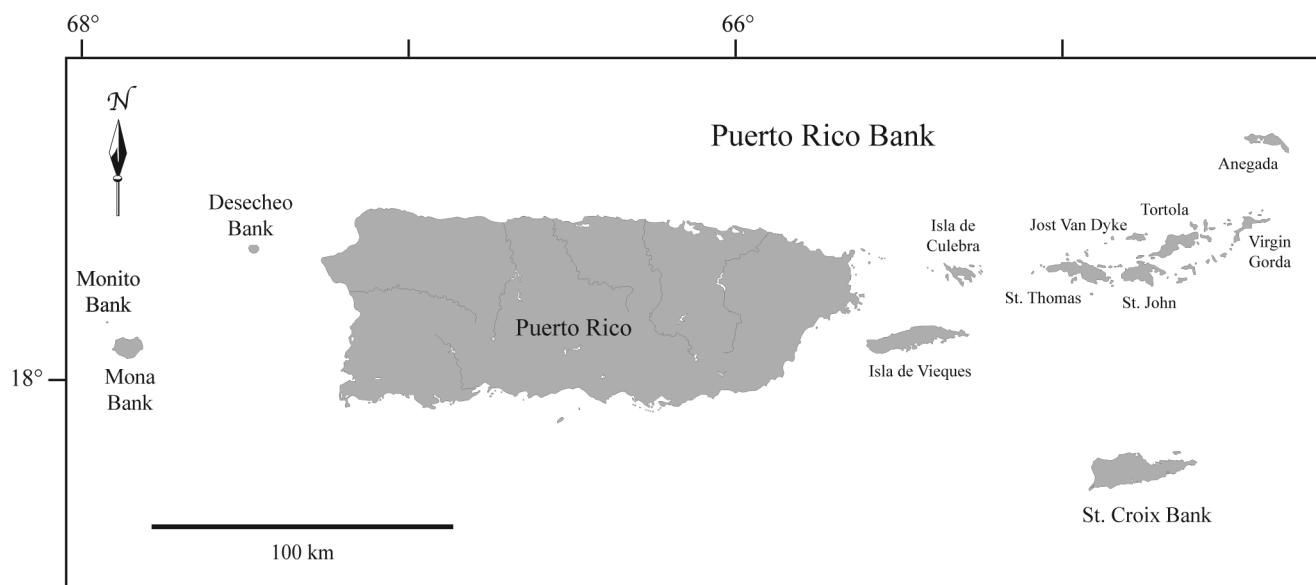


Figure 8. Map of greater Puerto Rico and adjacent island banks, including the Virgin Islands.

Earth® (www.earth.google.com) and Berkeley-Mapper (berkeleymapper.berkeley.edu). Coordinates for the BVI are less precise, as the NGA data are rounded to minutes. Many variant names exist for many of the islands, and in deciding which names to use, I have considered official names, navigational charts, local usage, and usage in herpetological and other scientific literature. I have not followed any one of these exclusively.

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MONA BANK

ISLA MONA (18.08°/-67.89°) (55.81 km²)
Eleutherodactylus monensis
Rhinella marina (I)

Chelonoidis monensis (F)

Ameiva alboguttata

Anolis monensis

Cyclura stejnegeri

Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Sphaerodactylus monensis

Spondylurus monae

Borikenophis variegatus

Epicrates monensis

Typhlops monensis

MONITO BANK

ISLA MONITO (18.16°/-67.95°) (0.16 km²)

Anolis monensis

Sphaerodactylus micropithecus

Spondylurus monitae

DESECHEO BANK

ISLA DESECHEO (18.39°/-67.48°) (1.46 km²)

Ameiva exsul

Anolis desechensis

Sphaerodactylus levinsi

Spondylurus nitidus

Borikenophis portoricensis ssp.

PUERTO RICO BANK

PUERTO RICO (18.25°/-66.50°) (8,674 km²)

Eleutherodactylus antillensis

Eleutherodactylus brittoni

Eleutherodactylus cochranae

Eleutherodactylus gryllus

Eleutherodactylus hedricki

Eleutherodactylus jasperi

Eleutherodactylus juanriveroi

<i>Eleutherodactylus karlschmidti</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus locustus</i>	<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus portoricensis</i>	<i>Boa constrictor</i> ssp. (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus richmondi</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis portoricensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus unicolor</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis prymnus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus wightmanae</i>	<i>Epicrates inornatus</i>
<i>Hyla cinerea</i> (I)	<i>Epicrates granti</i>
<i>Leptodactylus albilabris</i>	<i>Eunectes notaeus</i> (W)
<i>Leptodactylus fallax</i> (W)	<i>Magliophis stahli</i>
<i>Lithobates grylio</i> (I)	<i>Magliophis exiguus subspadix</i>
<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (I)	<i>Python bivittatus</i> (W)
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)	<i>Python regius</i> (W)
<i>Peltophryne lemur</i>	<i>Python reticulatus</i> (W)
<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)	<i>Python sebae</i> (W)
<i>Scinax ruber</i> (I)	<i>Typhlops granti</i>
<i>Trachemys scripta elegans</i> (I)	<i>Typhlops hypomethes</i>
<i>Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri</i>	<i>Typhlops platycephalus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Typhlops rostellatus</i>
<i>Ameiva wetmorei</i>	<i>Caiman crocodilus</i> (I)
<i>Amphisbaena bakeri</i>	CAYS OFF THE NORTHERN COAST OF PUERTO RICO
<i>Amphisbaena caeca</i>	Isla de Cabras (= Leper Island) (18.47°/-66.14°)
<i>Amphisbaena schmidti</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Amphisbaena xera</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Anolis cooki</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	Punta Salinas Island (18.47°/-66.18°)
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i> x <i>A. c. wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Anolis cuvieri</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Anolis evermanni</i>	CAYS OFF THE SOUTHERN COAST OF PUERTO RICO
<i>Anolis gundlachi</i>	Caja de Muertos (17.89°/-66.52°)
<i>Anolis krugi</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis occultus</i>	<i>Ameiva wetmorei</i>
<i>Anolis poncensis</i>	<i>Amphisbaena xera</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Anolis cooki</i>
<i>Anolis stratus</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Cyclura nubila</i> (I)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Cyclura pinguis</i> (F*)	<i>Phyllodactylus wirshingi</i>
<i>Diploglossus pleii</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus roosevelti</i>
<i>Hemidactylus haitianus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis prymnus</i>
<i>Hemidactylus turcicus</i> (W)	<i>Typhlops granti</i>
<i>Iguana delicatissima</i> (W)	<i>Typhlops sp.</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	Cayos de Barca (= Cayos de la Barca) (17.92°/-66.24°)
<i>Leiocephalus etheridgei</i> (F)	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Leiocephalus partitus</i> (F)	Cayo Cardona (17.96°/-66.63°)
<i>Phyllodactylus wirshingi</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Scincella lateralis</i> (I)	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus gaigeae</i>	Cayo Don Luis (17.94°/-66.97°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus klauberi</i>	<i>Anolis cooki</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis ateles</i>	Cayo Punta AgUILA (17.95°/-67.21°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis grandisquamis</i>	<i>Anolis cooki</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis guarionex</i>	Cayos de Ratones (near Jobos) (17.93°/-66.29°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis mimetes</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis phoberus</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis spanius</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus nicholsi</i>	
<i>Sphaerodactylus roosevelti</i>	

Cayo Turredote (17.94°/-67.02°)	Cayo Palominitos (18.34°/-65.57°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus nicholsi</i> (W)	<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i> (W)
Isla Cueva (17.96°/-67.08°)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Isla Magueyes (17.97°/-67.04°)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i> (I, E)
<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i> (W)
<i>Ameiva wetmorei</i>	<i>Typhlops</i> sp.
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	
<i>Anolis poncensis</i>	Cayo Palominos (18.35°/-65.57°)
<i>Cyclura nubila</i> (I)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nicholsi</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
Isla Mata Seca (17.96°/-67.01°)	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	<i>Typhlops hypomethes</i>
Isla Morrillito (= Platillo) (17.88°/-66.53°)	<i>Typhlops platycephalus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	
<i>Ameiva wetmorei</i>	Cayo Piñeritos (18.24°/-65.59°)
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis prymnus</i>	Cayo Santiago (18.16°/-65.73°)
Isla Romero III (17.95°/-66.98°)	<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
Long Island (= Long Key) (17.96°/-66.99°)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>
Spiny Butte (17.96°/-66.99°)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus gaigeae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus nicholsi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis grandisquamis</i>
CAYS OFF THE EASTERN COAST OF PUERTO RICO	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis portoricensis</i>
Cabeza de Perro (= North Cabras Island) (18.25°/-65.58°)	<i>Magliophis stahli</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	Isla Cabras (18.21°/-65.60°)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis grandisquamis</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus</i> ssp.
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis</i> ssp.	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
Cayo Ahogado (18.32°/-65.62°)	Isla Piñeros (18.25°/-65.59°)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i> (W)	<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i> (W)	<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i> (W)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
Cayo Algodones (18.19°/-65.68°)	<i>Amphisbaena caeca</i>
<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i> x <i>A. c. wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus gaigeae</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis stibarus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis grandisquamis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
Cayo Batata (18.12°/-65.77°)	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis</i> ssp.
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Typhlops hypomethes</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i>	
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	Isla de Ramos (18.31°/-65.61°)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis grandisquamis</i>	<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>
	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
	<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus</i> x <i>A. c. wileyae</i>
	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
	Isleta Marina (= Cayo Zancudo) (18.34°/-65.62°)
	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>

<i>Anolis cristatellus cristatellus x A. c. wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
Levins Rock (18.18°/-65.71°)	VIEQUES (= Bieque = Crab Island) (18.12°/-65.42°) (137.66 km ²)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i> (W)	<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>
CAYOS DE LA CORDILLERA	<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>
La Blanquilla (18.37°/-65.55°)	<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
Booby Hatch Cay (= Booby Rock) (18.37°/-65.55°)	<i>Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Cayo Diablo (= Cayo La Llave) (18.36°/-65.53°)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis roosevelti</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Epicrates granti</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus gaigeae</i>
Cayo Icacos (= Hicacos) (18.39°/-65.59°)	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis inigoi</i>
<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus roosevelti</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis aphantus</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Typhlops hypomethes</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Typhlops platycephalus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Caiman crocodilus</i> (W)
<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i>	Cayo de Afuera (= Cayo Real) (18.09°/-65.47°)
Cayo Lobos (18.38°/-65.57°)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Amphisbaena caeca</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis inigoi</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	Cayo de Tierra (18.09°/-65.47°)
Cayo Ratones (off Fajardo) (18.38°/-65.58°)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis inigoi</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Typhlops</i> sp.
<i>Epicrates granti</i> (I)	Isla Chiva (18.11°/-65.38°)
Grant Rock (18.37°/-65.55°)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	CULEBRA (18.31°/-65.28°) (27.28 km ²)
Konyoki (18.38°/-65.58°)	<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>
MacKenzie Key (18.37°/-65.55°)	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
Pressick Rock (18.38°/-65.57°)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
Surprise Key (18.37°/-65.55°)	<i>Anolis roosevelti</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)

<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Trachemys scripta elegans</i> (I)
<i>Spondylurus culebrae</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i>	<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Anolis leachii</i> (I, E?)
<i>Epicrates granti</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguum</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
Cayo Botella (= Heatwole Island) (18.32°/-65.24°)	<i>Cyclura pinguis</i> (F*)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
Cayo Geniqui East (= Palada Cays) (18.34°/-65.23°)	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
Cayo Luis Peña (= Southwest Key) (18.31°/-65.33°)	<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Spondylurus spilonotus</i> (PE)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i> (PX)
<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i>	<i>Boa constrictor</i> ssp. (W)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i> (PX, I)
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	<i>Epicrates granti</i>
Cayo Norte (18.34°/-65.26°)	<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguum</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (I)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Python regius</i> (W)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Big Flat Cay (18.32°/-64.99°) (0.012 km ²)
<i>Spondylurus nitidus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Cayo Pirata (= Chicken Island) (18.31°/-65.30°)	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	Bovoni Cay (18.31°/-64.87°) (0.20 km ²)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>
Culebrita (18.31°/-65.23°)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Spondylurus culebrae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	Buck Island (western and larger of the Capella Islands) (18.28°/-64.89°) (0.17 km ²)
Isla Pela (= Bare Cactus Island) (18.30°/-65.25°)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>
Pelaita (= Villa del Mar) (18.30°/-65.25°)	<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis nicholsi</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Capella Island (= Eastern Island = unnamed island, eastern and smaller of the Capella Islands) (18.28°/-64.89°) (0.09 km ²)
ST. THOMAS (18.35°/-64.94°) (70.23 km ²)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>	<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (I)	<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus latus</i>	Cas Cay (18.31°/-64.87°) (0.06 km ²)
<i>Eleutherodactylus schwartzi</i> (?)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Leptodactylus albilabris</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>

Cockroach Island (18.40°/-65.06°) (0.08 km ²)	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
Congo Cay (18.37°/-64.80°) (0.10 km ²)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguum</i>
<i>Typhlops richardii</i>	
Current Rock (18.31°/-64.83°) (0.002 km ²)	Inner Brass Island (18.38°/-64.97°) (0.52 km ²)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
Dog Island (18.30°/-64.82°) (0.05 km ²)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i> (?)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis</i> ssp. (?)
Dutchcap Cay (= Dutchman's Cap) (18.38°/-65.06°) (0.13 km ²)	Little Hans Lollik Island (18.41°/-64.91°) (0.41 km ²)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
Fish Cay (18.31°/-64.83°) (0.001 km ²)	Little St. James Island (18.30°/-64.83°) (0.28 km ²)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus</i> sp. (W)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
French Cap Cay (= Frenchman's Cap) (18.23°/-64.85°) (0.04 km ²)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus townsendi</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Grass Cay (18.36°/-64.83°) (0.20 km ²)	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
Great St. James Island (18.31°/-64.83°) (0.63 km ²)	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (W)
<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>	
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	Lovango Cay (18.36°/-64.81°) (0.48 km ²)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Spondylurus</i> sp.	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
Hans Lollik Island (18.40°/-64.91°) (1.98 km ²)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	Mingo Cay (18.36°/-64.82°) (0.20 km ²)
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
Hassel Island (18.33°/-64.94°) (0.56 km ²)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus latus</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)	
	Outer Brass Island (18.39°/-64.97°) (0.44 km ²)
	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>

Patricia Cay (18.31°/-64.87°) (0.14 km ²)	West Cay (18.36°/-65.05°) (0.16 km ²)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	
Rotto Cay (18.31°/-64.86°) (0.008 km ²)	St. JOHN (18.34°/-64.75°) (49.67 km ²)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (I)
Saba Island (= Little Saba Island) (18.31°/-65.00°) (0.12 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus latus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus schwartzi</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Leptodactylus albilabris</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>
Sail Rock (18.29°/-65.10°) (0.007 km ²)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
Salt Cay (18.36°/-65.05°) (0.23 km ²)	<i>Anolis roosevelti</i> (PE)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Spondylurus</i> sp.	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
Savana Island (18.34°/-65.08°) (0.70 km ²)	<i>Spondylurus spilonotus</i> (PE)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i> (PX)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Magliophis exiguis exiguis</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Cinnamon Cay (18.36°/-64.76°) (0.004 km ²)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Shark Island (18.34°/-64.84°) (0.005 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	Cocoloba Cay (18.32°/-64.76°) (0.004 km ²)
Thatch Cay (18.36°/-64.86°) (0.96 km ²)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	Flanagan Island (18.33°/-64.65°) (0.09 km ²)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
Turtledove Cay (18.31°/-65.00) (.02 km ²)	<i>Spondylurus</i> sp.
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Henley Cay (one of the Durloe Cays) (18.35°/-64.79°)
Water Island (18.32°/-64.95°) (1.99 km ²)	(0.05 km ²)
<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	Leduck Island (18.32°/-64.69°) (0.05 km ²)
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i> (PX)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	Ramgoat Cay (18.36°/-64.79°) (0.011 km ²)
	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
	Rata Cay (18.36°/-64.80°) (0.002 km ²)
	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>

Steven Cay (18.33°/-64.81°) (0.008 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis stratulus**Iguana iguana* (I)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Epicrates granti* (I)**Trunk Cay** (18.36°/-64.77°) (0.009 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis stratulus***Waterlemon Cay** (18.37°/-64.72°) (0.003 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***Whistling Cay** (18.37°/-64.75°) (0.08 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis stratulus**Iguana iguana* (I)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***JOST VAN DYKE** (18.47°/-64.75°) (8.40 km²)*Eleutherodactylus antillensis**Eleutherodactylus latus* (I?)*Eleutherodactylus schwartzii**Leptodactylus albilabris**Amphisbaena fenestrata**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis pulchellus**Anolis stratulus**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana* (W?)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Borikenophis portoricensis* ssp. (PX)*Epicrates granti**Magliophis exiguis exiguis**Typhlops richardii***Great Tobago** (18.45°/-64.80°) (0.87 km²)*Ameiva exsul**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***Green Cay** (18.45°/-64.70°) (0.07 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Borikenophis portoricensis* ssp.**Little Jost van Dyke** (18.45°/-64.72°) (0.63 km²)*Ameiva exsul**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis pulchellus**Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Borikenophis portoricensis* ssp.*Typhlops richardii***Little Tobago** (18.43°/-64.85°) (0.22 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Spondylurus sloanii**Borikenophis portoricensis* ssp.**Sandy Cay** (18.43°/-64.72°) (0.06 km²)*Ameiva exsul**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***Sandy Spit** (18.43°/-64.70°) (0.001 km²)*Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***Watson Rock** (= Cable Rock = Shark Rock) (18.44°/-64.83°)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis***TORTOLA** (18.45°/-64.60°) (54.44 km²)*Eleutherodactylus antillensis**Eleutherodactylus cochranae**Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Eleutherodactylus schwartzii**Leptodactylus albilabris**Osteopilus septentrionalis* (I)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Pseudemys nelsoni* (I)*Trachemys scripta elegans* (I)*Ameiva exsul**Ameiva* sp. (I?)*Amphisbaena fenestrata**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis pulchellus**Anolis roosevelti* (PE)*Anolis stratulus**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana* (I)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Sphaerodactylus parthenopion**Spondylurus semitaeniatus**Borikenophis portoricensis richardi**Epicrates granti**Magliophis exiguis exiguis**Pantherophis guttatus* (W?)*Typhlops richardii***Beef Island** (18.45°/-64.52°) (3.72 km²)*Eleutherodactylus antillensis**Eleutherodactylus schwartzii**Leptodactylus albilabris**Osteopilus septentrionalis* (I)*Ameiva exsul**Anolis cristatellus wileyae**Anolis pulchellus**Anolis stratulus**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis**Borikenophis portoricensis anagadae**Magliophis exiguis exiguis**Typhlops richardii*

Bellamy Cay (18.43°/-64.53°) (0.007 km ²)	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Epicrates granti</i> (?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
Buck Island (18.42°/-64.55°) (0.17 km ²)	Little Camanoe (18.45°/-64.53°) (0.16 km ²)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
Frenchman's Cay (18.38°/-64.70°) (0.24 km ²)	Little Thatch Island (18.38°/-64.72°) (0.24 km ²)
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus schwartzi</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus schwartzii</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>	<i>Cyclura pinguis</i> (I)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	Marina Cay (18.45°/-64.52°) (0.010 km ²)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguus</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
Great Camanoe (18.48°/-64.53°) (3.37 km ²)	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	Scrub Island (18.47°/-64.52°) (0.97 km ²)
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae</i>	<i>Spondylurus sp.</i>
<i>Epicrates granti</i>	
<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguus</i>	PETER ISLAND (18.37°/-64.58°) (4.29 km ²)
Great Thatch Island (18.38°/-64.72°) (1.23 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus</i> sp.
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus cochranae</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Anolis stratulus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
Guana Island (18.48°/-64.57°) (2.97 km ²)	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (W)	<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i>
<i>Centrochelys sulcata</i> (I)	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>
<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I)	<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguus</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (W)
<i>Amphisbaena fenestrata</i>	
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	Carrot Rock (18.32°/-64.57°) (0.013 km ²)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Anolis ernestwilliamsi</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Cyclura pinguis</i> (I)	<i>Spondylurus macleani</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Deadman's Chest (= Dead Chest) (18.37°/-64.57°) (0.14 km ²)
<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i>

Norman Island (18.33°/-64.62°) (2.57 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis pulchellus
Anolis stratulus
Cyclura pinguis (I)
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Spondylurus sloanii
Borikenophis portoricensis ssp.
Typhlops richardii

Pelican Island (18.33°/-64.62°) (0.03 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis

Skipper Cay (= Key Cay) (18.34°/-64.60°) (0.011 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae

VIRGIN GORDA (18.50°/-64.40°) (21.30 km²)

Eleutherodactylus antillensis
Eleutherodactylus cochranae
Eleutherodactylus schwartzii
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Peltophryne lemur (PX)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Ameiva exsul
Amphisbaena fenestrata
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis pulchellus
Anolis stratulus
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana (I)
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Sphaerodactylus parthenopion
Spondylurus semitaeniatus
Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae
Magliophis exiguum
Typhlops naugus

Broken Jerusalem (18.40°/-64.45°) (0.009 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae

Cistern Rock (18.38°/-64.50°) (0.001 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae

Cooper Island (18.37°/-64.50°) (1.38 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis stratulus
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Borikenophis portoricensis ssp.

East Seal Dog (18.50°/-64.43°) (0.008 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis

Eustatia Island (18.52°/-64.37°) (0.11 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis

Fallen Jerusalem (18.42°/-64.45°) (0.12 km²)

Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis pulchellus
Anolis stratulus
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Spondylurus semitaeniatus

George Dog (18.5°/-64.45°) (0.15 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis

Ginger Island (18.40°/-64.47°) (1.05 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis stratulus
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Spondylurus semitaeniatus
Borikenophis portoricensis ssp.

Great Dog (18.48°/-64.45°) (0.33 km²)

Eleutherodactylus schwartzii
Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Typhlops sp.

Mosquito Island (= Mosquito Island) (18.50°/-64.38°) (0.50 km²)

Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis stratulus
Cyclura pinguis (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Sphaerodactylus parthenopion
Spondylurus semitaeniatus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae

Necker Island (18.55°/-64.35°) (0.30 km²)

Eleutherodactylus antillensis (I)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (W)
Centrochelys sulcata (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I)
Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae
Anolis pulchellus
Anolis stratulus
Cyclura pinguis (I)
Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis
Spondylurus semitaeniatus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae
Typhlops naugus

Prickly Pear Island (18.50°/-64.37°) (0.70 km²)

Ameiva exsul
Anolis cristatellus wileyae

<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Lithobates catesbeianus</i> (W)
<i>Spondylurus</i> sp.	<i>Lithobates pipiens</i> (W)
<i>Typhlops naugus</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
Round Rock (18.40°/-64.45°) (0.08 km ²)	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Trachemys scripta elegans</i> (I)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Ameiva exsul</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Ameiva polops</i> (PX)
<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>	<i>Anolis acutus</i>
Saba Rock (18.50°/-64.45°) (0.002 km ²)	<i>Capitellum parvicruzae</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
Salt Island (18.38°/-64.52°) (0.78 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus beattyi beattyi</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus beattyi seamani</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	<i>Spondylurus magnacruzae</i> (PE)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Borikenophis portoricensis</i> (W)
<i>Spondylurus semitaeniatus</i>	<i>Borikenophis sancticrucis</i> (PE)
<i>Spondylurus sloanii</i>	<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (W)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis richardi</i>	<i>Ramphotyphlops braminus</i> (I)
South Cockroach (= Big Cockroach = Cockroach Island) (18.48°/-64.45°) (0.004 km ²)	<i>Thamnophis</i> sp. (W)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Typhlops richardii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	Buck Island (17.79°/-64.62°) (0.73 km ²)
West Dog (18.48°/-64.47°) (0.13 km ²)	<i>Ameiva polops</i> (I)
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Anolis acutus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus beattyi beattyi</i>
West Seal Dog (18.50°/-64.43°) (0.02 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	Green Cay (17.77°/-64.67°) (0.05 km ²)
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Ameiva polops</i>
ANEGADA (18.75°/-64.33°) (38.72 km ²)	<i>Anolis acutus</i>
<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus beattyi beattyi</i>
<i>Ameiva exsul</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Anolis cristatellus wileyae</i>	<i>Spondylurus magnacruzae</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis pulchellus</i>	<i>Borikenophis sancticrucis</i> (PE)
<i>Anolis stratulus</i>	Protestant Cay (17.75°/-64.70°) (0.02 km ²)
<i>Cyclura pinguis</i>	<i>Ameiva polops</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Anolis acutus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus macrolepis macrolepis</i>
<i>Spondylurus anegadae</i>	Ruth Island (17.68°/-64.76°) (0.08 km ²)
<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	<i>Ameiva polops</i> (I)
<i>Borikenophis portoricensis anegadae</i>	
<i>Magliophis exiguum exiguum</i>	
<i>Typhlops catapontus</i>	
ST. CROIX BANK	
St. Croix (17.74°/-64.74°) (211.78 km ²)	
<i>Eleutherodactylus antillensis</i> (I?)	
<i>Eleutherodactylus coqui</i> (I)	
<i>Eleutherodactylus latus</i>	
<i>Eleutherodactylus schwartzi</i> (I?)	
<i>Leptodactylus albobilabris</i>	

LESSER ANTILLES

Robert W. Henderson¹ and Michel Breuil²

About 120 species of amphibians and reptiles have been documented on 139 islands in the Lesser Antilles. In addition to the sources noted in the Introduction and our own fieldwork, a useful paper on the herpetofauna of the Windward Islands by Corke (1992) and recent books on the herpetofauna of the Eastern Caribbean (Malhotra & Thorpe 1999), the Guadeloupean Archipelago (Breuil 2002), Anguilla (Hodge et al. 2003), and the Dutch Windward Islands (Powell et al. 2005) were consulted. In addition, a recent collection of papers concerned with the herpetofaunas of Anguilla (Hodge et al. 2011), the French West Indies (Lorvelec et al. 2011), Antigua, Barbuda, and Redonda (Daltry 2011), the Dutch Windward Islands (Powell 2011), Dominica (Malhotra et al. 2011), Guadeloupe and Martinique (Breuil 2011), St. Vincent (Powell & Henderson 2011), the Grenadine Islands (Daudin & de Silva 2011), the Grenada Bank (Henderson & Berg 2011), and Barbados (Fields & Horrocks 2011) have been especially helpful. Information on fossil frogs and lizards was taken from Pregill et al. (1994). Latitude and longitude were gleaned from Google Earth®.

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SOMBRERO BANK

SOMBRERO (18.36°/-63.03°) (0.37 km²)

Chelonoidis sombrerensis (F)

Ameiva corvina

Anolis gingivinus

Sphaerodactylus sp.

ANGUILLA BANK

ANGUILLA (18.23°/-63.03°) (90.7 km²)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)

Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)

Rhinella marina (I)

Chelonoidis carbonaria (F*, I?)

Phrynosoma geoffroyi (W)

Ameiva plei

Anolis carolinensis (I)

Anolis gingivinus

Anolis pogus (PE)

Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Iguana delicatissima

Iguana iguana (I)

Leiocephalus cf. cuneatus (F)

Sphaerodactylus parvus

Sphaerodactylus sputator

Spondylurus powelli

Thecadactylus rapicauda

Alsophis rijgersmaei

Pantherophis guttatus (W)

Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)

Anguilla (18.16°/-63.18°) (0.05 km²)

Anolis gingivinus

Anolis pogus (I, E)

Dog Island (18.28°/-63.25°) (2.06 km²)

Ameiva plei

Anolis gingivinus

Sphaerodactylus parvus

Sphaerodactylus sputator

Spondylurus powelli

Little Scrub (18.30°/-62.96°) (0.05 km²)

Ameiva corax

Sphaerodactylus sputator

Prickly Pear Cay East (18.26°/-63.17°) (0.33 km²)

Ameiva plei

Anolis gingivinus

Prickly Pear Cay West (18.27°/-63.19°) (0.34 km²)

Anolis gingivinus

Scilly Cay (18.26°/-63.00°) (0.007 km²)

Ameiva plei

Anolis gingivinus

Scrub Island (18.29°/-62.95°) (3.45 km²)

Ameiva plei

Anolis gingivinus

Sphaerodactylus parvus

Sphaerodactylus sputator

Alsophis rijgersmaei

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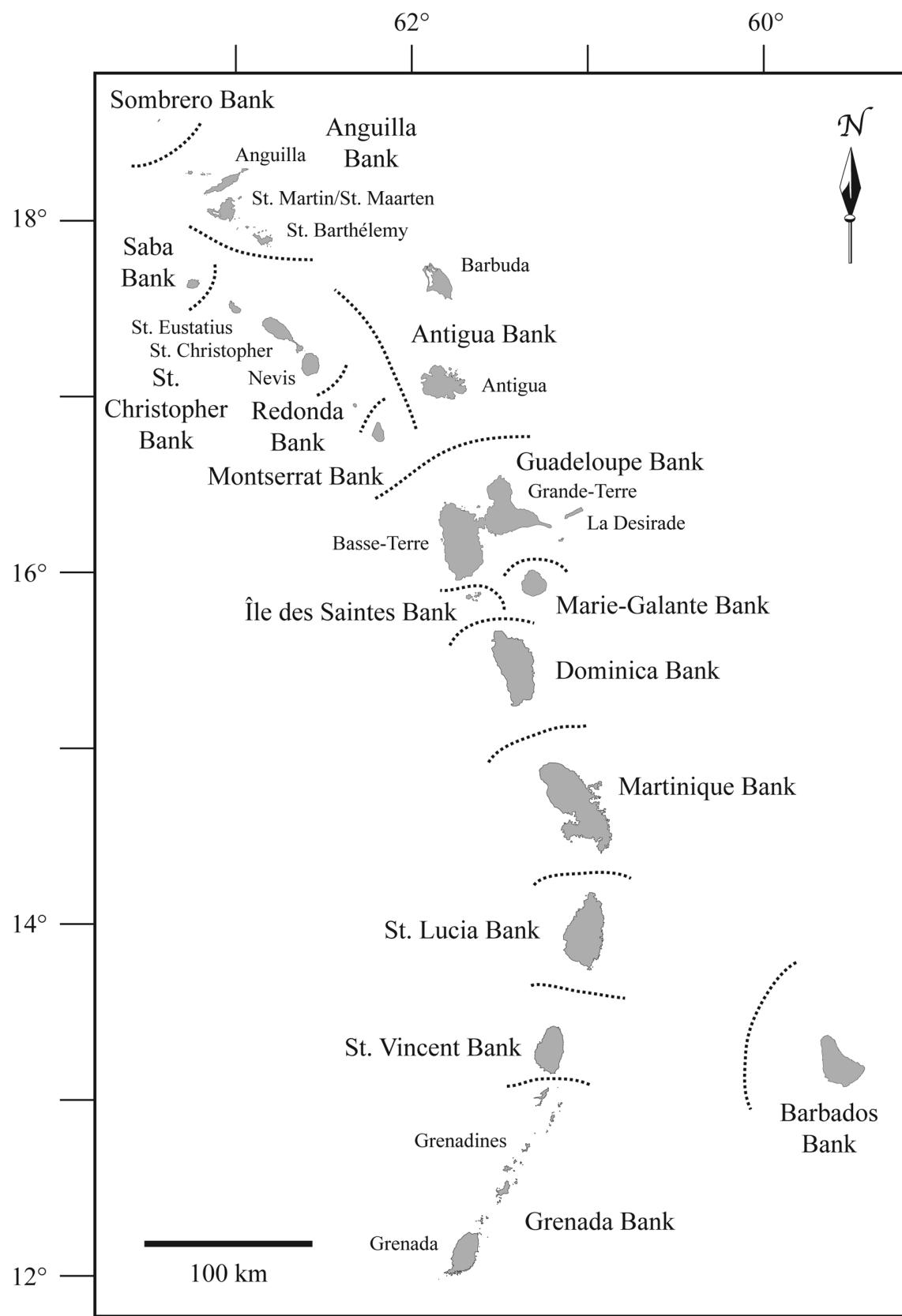


Figure 9. Map of the Lesser Antilles.

West Cay (off Dog Is.) (18.28° /- 63.27°) (0.02 km^2)
Ameiva plei
Saint-BARTHÉLEMY (= ST. BARTS) (17.89° /- 62.83°) (22 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis (I)
Eleutherodactylus sp. (PE)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Pelophylax kl. *esculentus* (I)
Salamandra salamandra (W)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Anolis pogus (PX)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima
Iguana iguana (I)
Iguana iguana x *I. delicatissima*
Sphaerodactylus parvus
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Spondylurus powelli
Thecadactylus oskrobapreinorum (?)
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rijgersmaei
Pantherophis guttatus (W)
Python bivittatus (W)
Python regius (W)
Thamnophis sirtalis ssp. (W)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Typhlops annae
Île Chevreau ou Île Bonhomme (17.93° /- 62.85°) (0.25 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Île Coco (17.87° /- 62.81°) (0.04 km^2)
Anolis gingivinus
Île Fourchue (17.96° /- 62.90°) (0.30 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Iguana delicatissima
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Alsophis rijgersmaei (PX)
Île Frégate (17.94° /- 62.84°) (0.11 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Hemidactylus mabouia (W)
Iguana delicatissima (E, I)
Île Toc Vers (17.94° /- 62.82°) (0.02 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Iguana delicatissima
Îlet Tortue (17.92° /- 62.80°)
Alsophis rijgersmaei

L'Îlet au Vent (17.95° /- 62.88°) (0.01 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Iguana delicatissima (W)
La Petite Islette (17.95° /- 62.90°) (0.01 km^2)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Iguana delicatissima (W)
Saint-Martin/Sint Maarten (18.06° /- 63.05°) (85 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis (I)
Eleutherodactylus sp. (PE)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Trachemys scripta elegans (I)
Ameiva plei analifera
Ameiva plei plei
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Anolis bimaculatus (I, E?)
Anolis cristatellus (I)
Anolis gingivinus
Anolis pogus
Anolis sagrei ssp. (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Iguana iguana (I)
Sphaerodactylus parvus
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Spondylurus martiniae (PE)
Thecadactylus oskrobapreinorum
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rijgersmaei (PX)
Alsophis rufiventris (W)
Boa constrictor ssp. (W)
Epicrates cenchria (W)
Pantherophis guttatus (W)
Python curtus group (W)
Python regius (W)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Guana Cay off Pelikan (18.02° /- 63.02°) (0.02 km^2)
Anolis gingivinus
Pantherophis guttatus (I?)
Îlet Pinel (18.11° /- 63.01°) (0.05 km^2)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (W)
Anolis gingivinus
Sphaerodactylus parvus
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Iguana iguana (I)
Tintamarre (18.12° /- 62.98°) (0.50 km^2)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Ameiva plei plei
Anolis gingivinus
Sphaerodactylus parvus
Iguana iguana (I, from St.-Martin)

SABA BANK

SABA (17.63° /- 63.23°) (13 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (W)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (W)
Anolis sabanus
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana
Sphaerodactylus sabanus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rufiventris

ST. CHRISTOPHER BANK

ST. CHRISTOPHER (= St. Kitts) (17.36° /- 62.78°) (170 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Leptodactylus fallax (PX)
Rhinella marina (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Chelonoidis sp. (I?)
Ameiva erythrocephala
Anolis bimaculatus
Anolis schwartzi
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (F*)
Sphaerodactylus sabanus
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rufiventris (PE)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Typhlops geotomus

NEVIS (17.16° /- 62.59°) (130 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Rhinella marina (I)
Ameiva erythrocephala
Anolis bimaculatus
Anolis schwartzi
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Sphaerodactylus sabanus
Sphaerodactylus sputator
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rufiventris (PE)
Typhlops geotomus

ST. EUSTATIUS (17.49° /- 62.98°) (20 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (W)
Chelonoidis sp. (PE)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Ameiva erythrocephala
Anolis bimaculatus
Anolis schwartzi
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima

Sphaerodactylus sabanus

Sphaerodactylus sputator
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis rufiventris
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)

ANTIGUA BANK

ANTIGUA (17.08° /- 61.80°) (280 km^2)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis (I?)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Rhinella marina (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Ameiva griswoldi
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi wattsi
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Iguana iguana (W)
Leiocephalus cuneus (F)
Sphaerodactylus elegantulus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis antiguae antiguae (PX)
Boa sp. (F)
Pantherophis guttatus (W)
Typhlops geotomus

BARBUDA (17.65° /- 61.81°) (160 km^2)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Ameiva griswoldi
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi foresti
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I?)
Iguana iguana (W)
Leiocephalus cuneus (F)
Sphaerodactylus elegantulus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Hemidactylus mabouia (PX)
Alsophis sp. (F)
Clelia cf. clelia (F)
Typhlops geotomus

Great Bird Island (17.14° /- 61.72°) (0.09 km^2)

Ameiva griswoldi
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi wattsi
Sphaerodactylus elegantulus
Alsophis antiguae sajdaki
Typhlops geotomus

Green Island (17.07° /- 61.67°) (0.43 km^2)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I)
Ameiva griswoldi
Anolis leachii

Anolis wattsi wattsi
Thecadactylus rapicaudus
Alsophis antiguae sajdaki (I)
Guana Island (17.12°/-61.75)
Anolis wattsi wattsi
Long Island (17.15°/-61.75)
Ameiva griswoldi
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi wattsi
Rabbit Island (17.13°/-61.73°) (0.02 km²)
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi wattsi
Alsophis antiguae sajdaki (I)
York (17.03°/-61.67)
Anolis leachii
Anolis wattsi wattsi

REDONDA BANK

REDONDA (16.94°/-62.35)
Ameiva atrata
Anolis nubilis
Copeoglossum redondae (PE)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Sphaerodactylus sp.

MONTSERRAT BANK

MONTSERRAT (16.74°/-62.19°) (100 km²)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Leptodactylus fallax
Rhinella marina (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Ameiva pluvianotata
Anolis lividus
Diploglossus montiserrati
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana
Mabuya montserratae (PE)
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus ligniservulus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis manselli
Typhlops monastus

GUADELOUPE BANK

GUADELOUPE (BASSE-TERRE) (16.18°/-61.68°) (848 km²)
Eleutherodactylus barlagnei
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Eleutherodactylus pinchoni
Eleutherodactylus cf. *planirostris* (W)
Leptodactylus fallax (I, E)
Rhinella marina (I)
Scinax cf. *x-signatus* (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Chelonoidis denticulata (W)

Kinixys erosa (I, E)
Kinixys homeana (I, E)
Pelusios castaneus (W)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (I)
Ameiva cineracea (PE)
Anolis marmoratus marmoratus
Anolis marmoratus alliaceus
Anolis marmoratus girafus
Anolis marmoratus setosus
Anolis marmoratus speciosus
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima
Iguana iguana (I)
Iguana iguana x Iguana delicatissima
Leiocephalus cf. *L. cuneus* (F)
Diploglossus sp. (PX)
Mabuya guadeloupae (PE)
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus fantasticus
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus oreocrius
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis antillensis
Clelia sp. (PE)
Liophis juliae
Morelia amethistina (W)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Typhlops guadeloupensis
GUADELOUPE (GRANDE-TERRE) (16.33°/-61.46°) (590 km²)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Leptodactylus fallax (I, E)
Rhinella marina (I)
Scinax cf. *x-signatus* (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Pelusios castaneus (I)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (I)
Ameiva cineracea (F)
Anolis marmoratus inornatus
Anolis marmoratus speciosus
Gymnophthalmus pleii (?)
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Iguana iguana (I)
Iguana iguana x I. delicatissima
Leiocephalus cf. *L. cuneus* (F)
Lepidodactylus lugubris (I)
Mabuya grandiserrae (PE)
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus karukera
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus tartaropylorus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Geckko gecko (I)
Alsophis antillensis

<i>Liophis juliae</i>	Îlets de Pigeon, Îlet à Goyaves, Sud (= Petit Îlet) (16.66°/-61.789°) (0.01 km²)
<i>Ramphotyphlops braminus</i> (I)	<i>Anolis marmoratus girafus</i>
<i>Typhlops guadeloupensis</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
ISLETS IN THE GRAND CUL DE SAC (BETWEEN GRANDE-TERRE AND BASSE-TERRE, NORTH)	<i>Iguana delicatissima</i> (PX)
Îlet Macou (16.35°/-61.53°) (0.05 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis marmoratus inornatus</i>	LA DÉSIRADE (16.32°/-61.06°) (22 km ²)
Îlet Fajou (16.35°/-61.58°) (1.04 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Anolis marmoratus speciosus</i> x <i>Anolis m. setosus</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Scinax cf. x-signatus</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus</i> ssp.	<i>Ameiva</i> sp. (F)
Îlet à Kahouanne (16.37°/-61.78°) (0.18 km ²)	<i>Anolis marmoratus desiradei</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>	<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i> (I)
<i>Anolis kahouannensis</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Iguana delicatissima</i> and/or <i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Iguana delicatissima</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus</i> ssp.	<i>Leiocephalus</i> sp. (F)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Mabuya</i> <i>desiradae</i>
<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus hippomanes</i>
Tête à l'Anglais (16.39°/-61.77°) (0.02 km ²)	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
<i>Anolis kahouannensis</i>	ÎLES DE LA PETITE TERRE
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	Terre de Bas (16.17°/-61.12)
ISLETS IN THE PETIT CUL DE SAC (BETWEEN GRANDE-TERRE AND BASSE-TERRE, SOUTH)	<i>Eleutherodactylus</i> sp. (W)
Grand Îlet (off Petit-Bourg) (16.18°/-61.58°) (0.005 km ²)	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (W)
<i>Ameiva cineracea</i> (PE)	<i>Ameiva major</i> (PE)
Îlet Boissard (16.22°/-61.55°) (0.05 km ²)	<i>Anolis marmoratus chrysops</i>
<i>Anolis marmoratus</i> ssp.	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Mabuya</i> <i>desiradae</i>
<i>Alsophis</i> or <i>Liophis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus karukera</i>
Îlet Christophe (16.28°/-61.55°) (0.01 km ²)	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
<i>Anolis marmoratus speciosus</i>	<i>Boa nebulosa</i> (W)
Îlet Fortune (16.15°/-61.55°) (0.01 km ²)	Terre de Haut (16.18°/-61.11)
<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus karukera</i> x <i>S. f. orescens</i>	<i>Anolis marmoratus chrysops</i>
Îlet Gosier (16.20°/-61.49°) (0.02 km ²)	<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus karukera</i>
<i>Anolis marmoratus speciosus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus karukera</i>	<i>Iguana delicatissima</i>
Îlet sans nom (16.22°/-61.53°) (0.02 km ²)	ÎLE DES SAINTES BANK
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	TERRE-DE-BAS (15.86°/-61.68°) (9.5 km ²)
Îlet-à-Cochons (16.21°/-61.54°) (0.20 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>
<i>Anolis marmoratus speciosus</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (I?)
<i>Mabuya cochonae</i>	<i>Trachemys scripta elegans</i> (I?)
ISLETS WEST OF BASSE-TERRE	<i>Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri</i> (I)
Îlets de Pigeon, Îlet à Goyaves, Nord (= Grand Îlet) (16.66°/-61.789°) (0.05 km ²)	<i>Anolis terraealtae caryae</i>
<i>Anolis marmoratus girafus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Iguana delicatissima</i> (PX)
<i>Iguana delicatissima</i> (PX)	<i>Iguana iguana</i> x <i>I. delicatissima</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)
<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i> (I)	<i>Sphaerodactylus phyzacinus</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus fantasticus</i> ssp.	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
	<i>Alsophis sanctonum danforthi</i>
	TERRE-DE-HAUT (15.87°/-61.58°) (4.5 km ²)
	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
	<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>

Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (I)
Anolis terraealtae terraealtae
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Iguana iguana (I)
Iguana iguana x *I. delicatissima*
Sphaerodactylus phyzacinus
Alsophis sanctonum
Grande Îlet (= Mare Basse) (15.84°/-61.59°) (0.7 km²)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Pelusios castaneus (W)
Anolis terraealtae terraealtae
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana
Sphaerodactylus phyzacinus
Îlet à Cabrit (15.88°/-61.59°) (0.4 km²)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Anolis terraealtae terraealtae
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana (I)
Sphaerodactylus phyzacinus
Alsophis sanctonum ssp. (probably *sanctonum*)
La Coche (15.84°/-61.61°) (0.04 km²)
Anolis terraealtae terraealtae
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana iguana
Sphaerodactylus phyzacinus

MARIE GALANTE BANK

MARIE GALANTE (15.94°/-61.26°) (160 km²)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Scinax cf. x-signatus (I)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (I)
Anolis ferreus
Capitellum mariagalantae (PE)
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima (PX)
Iguana iguana (I)
Sphaerodactylus fantasticus anidrotus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis antillensis (PX)
Liophis juliae (PX)

DOMINICA BANK

DOMINICA (15.43°/-61.35°) (751 km²)
Eleutherodactylus amplinympha
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I, E?)

Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Leptodactylus fallax
Osteopilus septentrionalis (W)
Rhinella marina (W)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (I, E)
Ameiva fuscata
Anolis bimaculatus (W)
Anolis cristatellus (I)
Anolis oculatus oculatus
Anolis oculatus cabritensis
Anolis oculatus montanus
Anolis oculatus winstoni
Gonatodes vittatus (W)
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Iguana delicatissima
Mabuya dominicana
Sphaerodactylus fantaisticus fuga
Sphaerodactylus microlepis (W)
Sphaerodactylus vincenti monilifer
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Alsophis sibonius
Boa nebulosa
Liophis juliae
Typhlops dominicanus

MARTINIQUE BANK

MARTINIQUE (14.68°/-61.01°) (1,100 km²)
Allobates chalcopis (I?)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Leptodactylus fallax (I, E)
Rhinella marina (I)
Scinax ruber (I)
Scinax cf. x-signatus (I)
Centrochelys sulcata (W)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Graptemys pseudogeographica (W)
Pelusios castaneus (W)
Terrapene carolina (W)
Trachemys scripta elegans (I)
Trachemys stejnegeri stejnegeri (W)
Anolis roquet roquet
Anolis roquet caracoli
Anolis roquet majolgris
Anolis roquet salinei
Anolis roquet summus
Anolis roquet zebribulus
Capitellum metallicum (PE)
Gekko gecko (I)
Gonatodes albogularis (?)
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)

<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti</i>
<i>Iguana delicatissima</i>	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i> (I)	<i>Tetracheilostoma</i> sp.
<i>Leiocephalus herminieri</i> (PE)	Îlet Chevalier (14.43°/-60.83°) (0.2 km ²)
<i>Mabuya mabouya</i> (PE)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti festus</i>	<i>Anolis roquet saline</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti josephinae</i>	<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti pheristus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti psammius</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti psammius</i>
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti ronaldi</i>	<i>Bothrops lanceolatus</i> (PX)
<i>Sphaerodactylus vincenti</i> ssp.	Îlet Frégate (14.61°/-60.86°) (0.01 km ²)
<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Boa</i> sp. (PE)	Îlet Hardy (14.41°/-60.83) (0.026 km ²)
<i>Boa constrictor</i> ssp. (W)	<i>Anolis roquet salinei</i>
<i>Boa orophias</i> (W)	<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>
<i>Bothrops lanceolatus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Bothrops caribbaeus</i> (W)	Îlet Lavigne (= Gros Îlet) (14.63°/-60.89°) (0.05 km ²)
<i>Epicrates cenchria</i> (W)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Liophis cursor</i> (PE)	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
<i>Natrix natrix</i> (W)	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Pantherophis alleghaniensis</i> (W)	<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>
<i>Pantherophis guttatus</i> (W)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Python regius</i> (W)	Îlet Long (14.61°/-60.86°) (0.12 km ²)
<i>Tetracheilostoma bilineatum</i>	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Caiman</i> sp. (W)	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)
Gros Îlet (14.55°/-61.01°) (0.12 km ²)	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.	Îlet Madame (14.67°/-60.88°) (0.03 km ²)
<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
Îlet à Eau (14.69°/-60.91°) (0.02 km ²)	Îlet Métrente (14.62°/-60.86°) (0.06 km ²)
<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
Îlet Aigrettes (14.42°/-60.84°) (0.002 km ²)	<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>
<i>Anolis roquet salinei</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	Îlet Oscar (14.63°/-60.85°) (0.04 km ²)
Îlet aux Rats (14.68°/-60.90°) (0.005 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis roquet salinei</i> x <i>A. r. roquet</i>
Îlet Burgaux (14.41°/-60.84) (0.005 km ²)	<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
Îlet Cabrits (14.39°/-60.87°) (0.04 km ²)	Îlet Percé (14.41°/-60.84°) (0.005 km ²)
<i>Anolis roquet salinei</i>	<i>Anolis roquet salinei</i>
Petit Îlet (14.39°/-60.87°) (0.01 km ²)	Îlet Petite Grenade (14.57°/-60.84°) (0.05 km ²)
<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>	Îlet Petite Martinique (14.69°/-60.91°) (0.05 km ²)
Îlet Chancel (14.69°/-60.89°) (0.8 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Eleutherodactylus martinicensis</i>	Îlet Petit Vincent (14.69°/-60.92°) (0.005 km ²)
<i>Rhinella marina</i> (I)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Anolis roquet</i> roquet	<i>Anolis roquet</i> ssp.
<i>Gymnophthalmus pleii</i>	
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i>	
<i>Iguana delicatissima</i>	

Îlet Poirier (14.41°/-60.84°) (0.021 km²)

Anolis roquet salinei
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Îlet Ragot ou Îlet de la Grotte (14.69°/-60.88°) (0.03 km²)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Anolis roquet ssp.
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Îlet à Ramiers (14.54°/-61.08°) (0.02 km²)

Anolis roquet ssp.
Sphaerodactylus vincenti ssp.
Iguana delicatissima (I)

Îlet Rat (14.68°/-60.90°) (0.01 km²)

Anolis roquet salinei

Îlet Saint-Aubin (14.77°/-60.96°) (0.03 km²)

Anolis roquet majolgris x *A. r. roquet*

Îlet Thierry (14.63°/-60.85°) (0.05 km²)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Anolis roquet ssp.
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)

Loup Garou (14.67°/-60.85°) (0.01 km²)

Anolis roquet ssp.

Rocher du Diamant (14.44°/-61.04°) (0.06 km²)

Anolis roquet ssp.
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Sphaerodactylus vincenti adamas
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Liophis cursor (PE)

ST. LUCIA BANK

St. LUCIA (13.92°/-60.96°) (616 km²)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Eleutherodactylus martinicensis
Leptodactylus fallax (PX)
Osteopilus septentrionalis (I)
Rhinella marina (I)
Scinax ruber (I, E?)
Chelonoidis sp. (I?)
Alinea luciae (PE)
Anolis extremus (I)
Anolis luciae
Anolis wattsi *wattsi* (I)
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Hemidactylus palaichthus
Iguana iguana (I)
Iguana cf. *iguana*
Sphaerodactylus microlepis *microlepis*
Sphaerodactylus vincenti diamesus
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Amphisbaena fuliginosa (W?)

Boa orophias

Bothrops caribbaeus

Clelia errabunda (PE)

Liophis ornatus (PX)

Tetracheilostoma breuili

Dennery Island (13.91°/-60.88°) (0.02 km²)

Anolis luciae
Hemidactylus palaichthus

Maria Island (North) (13.73°/-60.93°) (0.02 km²)

Cnemidophorus vanzoi
Hemidactylus palaichthus
Sphaerodactylus vincenti
Thecadactylus rapicauda

Maria Island (South) (13.72°/-60.93°) (0.09 km²)

Anolis luciae
Cnemidophorus vanzoi
Gymnophthalmus pleii
Hemidactylus palaichthus (I)
Sphaerodactylus vincenti
Thecadactylus rapicauda
Liophis ornatus
Tetracheilostoma breuili

Pigeon Island (14.09°/-60.96°)

Anolis luciae

Praslin Island (13.88°/-60.89°) (0.01 km²)

Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Anolis luciae
Cnemidophorus vanzoi (I)
Gymnophthalmus pleii

Rat Island (14.04°/-60.98°)

Anolis luciae

Scorpion Island (13.77°/-60.92°) (0.02 km²)

Anolis luciae

BARBADOS BANK

BARBADOS (13.14°/-59.56°) (430 km²)
Eleutherodactylus johnstonei (I)
Rhinella marina (I)
Chelonoidis carbonaria (I?)
Chelonoidis sp. (F)
Trachemys scripta elegans (W)
Alinea lanceolata (PE)
Ameiva ameiva (I)
Anolis extremus
Anolis sagrei ssp. (I)
Gymnophthalmus underwoodi (I)
Hemidactylus mabouia (I?)
Kentropyx borckiana
Phyllodactylus pulcher
Liophis perfuscus (PE)
Mastigodryas bruesi (I)
Ramphotyphlops braminus (I)
Tetracheilostoma carlae

ST. VINCENT BANK**ST. VINCENT** (13.26° /- 61.19°) (350 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Pristimantis shrevei**Leptodactylus validus* (I)*Rhinella marina* (I?)*Chelonoidis* sp. (I?)*Ameiva ameiva**Anolis griseus**Anolis sagrei* ssp. (I)*Anolis trinitatis**Copeoglossum aurae* (PX)*Gymnophthalmus underwoodi* (I)*Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Sphaerodactylus vincenti**Thecadactylus rapicauda**Chironius vincenti**Corallus cookii**Mastigodryas bruesi***Chateaubelair** (13.28° /- 61.25°) (0.06 km^2)*Anolis trinitatis**Gymnophthalmus underwoodi* (I)*Iguana iguana***Milligan Cay** (13.12° /- 61.17°) (0.02 km^2)*Iguana iguana***Young Island** (= Young's Island) (13.12° /- 61.20°) (0.04 km^2)*Anolis trinitatis**Iguana iguana**Marisora aurulæ***GRENADE BANK****GRENADA** (12.12° /- 61.68°) (311 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Eleutherodactylus planirostris* (W?)*Leptodactylus fallax* (I, E)*Leptodactylus validus* (I)*Pristimantis euphronides**Rhinella marina* (I?)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus**Anolis richardii**Anolis sagrei* ssp. (I)*Bachia heteropus allenii**Copeoglossum aurae* (PX)*Gymnophthalmus underwoodi* (I)*Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Marisora aurulæ* (PX)*Thecadactylus rapicauda**Amphisbaena fuliginosa* (W?)*Clelia clelia groomei**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi**Tantilla melanocephala* (I)*Typhlops tasymicris**Crocodilus intermedius* (W)**BALICEAUX** (12.94° /- 61.14°) (1.0 km^2)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Anolis aeneus**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi***Baradal** (12.63° /- 61.35°) (0.02 km^2)*Anolis aeneus***Battowia** (12.96° /- 61.13°) (0.7 km^2)*Anolis aeneus**Iguana iguana***BEQUIA** (13.02° /- 61.23°) (18.0 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Leptodactylus validus* (I)*Rhinella marina* (I?)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus**Anolis richardi**Bachia heteropus allenii**Copeoglossum aurae**Gymnophthalmus underwoodi* (I)*Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Sphaerodactylus kirbyi**Thecadactylus rapicauda**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi***CANOUAN** (12.71° /- 61.32°) (7.4 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Rhinella marina* (I?)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus**Anolis carolinensis* or *A. porcatus porcatus* (W)*Anolis sagrei* ssp. (I)*Bachia heteropa allenii**Copeoglossum aurae* or *Marisora aurulæ**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi***CARRIACOU** (12.48° /- 61.45°) (32.0 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Rhinella marina* (I?)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus*

<i>Anolis richardii</i>	MAYREAU (= Mayero) (12.64°/-61.39°) (2.6 km ²)
<i>Copeoglossum aurae</i>	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (?)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
<i>Marisora aurulae</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Sphaerodactylus kirbyi</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	<i>Marisora aurulae</i>
<i>Corallus grenadensis</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus kirbyi</i>
<i>Mastigodryas bruesi</i>	<i>Corallus grenadensis</i>
<i>Tantilla melanocephala</i> (W)	<i>Mastigodryas bruesi</i>
<i>Caiman crocodilus</i> (W)	MUSTIQUE (12.84°/-61.18°) (5.2 km ²)
Catholic Island (12.66°/-61.40°) (0.06 km ²)	<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Osteopilus septentrionalis</i> (I)
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Rhinella marina</i> (?)
Frigate Island (12.41°/-61.48°) (0.07 km ²)	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (?)
<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>	<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
Glover Island (11.99°/-61.79°) (0.04 km ²)	<i>Bachia heteropa alleni</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Copeoglossum aurae</i>
<i>Marisora aurulae</i>	<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i> (I)
Green Island (12.23°/-61.59°) (0.09 km ²)	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Sphaerodactylus kirbyi</i>
<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>	<i>Thecadactylus rapicauda</i>
Hog Island (12.00°/-61.74°) (0.28 km ²)	<i>Corallus grenadensis</i>
<i>Eleutherodactylus johnstonei</i> (I)	<i>Mastigodryas bruesi</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Ramphotyphlops braminus</i> (W)
<i>Gymnophthalmus underwoodi</i>	<i>Tantilla melanocephala</i> (W)
<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)	Palm Island (= Prune Island) (12.59°/-61.40°) (0.35 km ²)
Isle à Caille (12.29°/-61.58°) (0.5 km ²)	<i>Chelonoidis carbonaria</i> (?)
<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>	<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
ISLE À QUARTE (12.96°/- 61.25°) (2.0 km ²)	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	Petit Canouan (12.78°/-61.28°) (0.05 km ²)
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
<i>Corallus grenadensis</i>	Petit Dominique (12.51°/-61.40°) (0.3 km ²)
<i>Mastigodryas bruesi</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
ISLE À RONDE (12.30°/-61.59°) (1.7 km ²)	PETIT MARTINIQUE (12.52°/-61.38°) (0.7 km ²)
<i>Ameiva ameiva tobagana</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
Kick 'em Jenny (= Diamond Island) (12.33°/-61.58°) (0.2 km ²)	<i>Copeoglossum aurae</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Corallus grenadensis</i>
Large Island (12.41°/-61.49°) (0.5 km ²)	<i>Mastigodryas bruesi</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	Petit Mustique (12.84°/-61.19°) (0.45 km ²)
Les Tantes (12.32°/-61.55°) (0.18 km ²)	<i>Ameiva ameiva</i> ssp.
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	<i>Anolis aeneus</i>
Mabouya Island (12.49°/-61.49°) (0.06 km ²)	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
<i>Anolis aeneus</i>	Petit Nevis (12.97°/-61.24°) (0.2 km ²)
<i>Anolis richardi</i>	<i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> (I?)
<i>Iguana iguana</i>	<i>Iguana iguana</i>
	<i>Sphaerodactylus kirbyi</i>

Petite St. Vincent (12.54° /- 61.38°) (0.35 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Anolis aeneus**Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi**Ramphotyphlops braminus* (W)**Sandy Island** (12.22° /- 61.59°) (0.07 km^2)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus***Savan Island** (12.81° /- 61.21°) (0.08 km^2)*Anolis aeneus**Iguana iguana***Sugar Loaf** (= Levera Island) (12.23° /- 61.61°) (0.07 km^2)*Anolis aeneus**Anolis richardi***The Sisters** (12.30° /- 61.60°) (0.02 km^2)*Anolis aeneus***TOBAGO CAYS****Jamesby** (12.63° /- 61.36°) (0.01 km^2)*Anolis aeneus***Petit Bateau** (12.63° /- 61.36°) (0.05 km^2)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus**Marisora aurulæ***Petit Rameau** (12.64° /- 61.36°) (0.06 km^2)*Anolis aeneus***UNION** (12.60° /- 61.44°) (8.1 km^2)*Eleutherodactylus johnstonei* (I)*Eleutherodactylus* sp. (I)*Rhinella marina* (W)*Chelonoidis carbonaria* (I?)*Ameiva ameiva tobagana**Anolis aeneus**Bachia heteropa alleni**Copeoglossum aurae**Gonatodes daudini**Gymophthalmus underwoodi* (I)*Hemidactylus mabouia* (I?)*Iguana iguana**Sphaerodactylus kirbyi**Corallus grenadensis**Mastigodryas bruesi**Tantilla melanocephala* (W)*Typhlops tasymicris*

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